

# **Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası Anonim Şirketi**

## **Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes for The Period Ended 1 January-31 March 2022 with Independent Auditor's Review Report**

*(Convenience translation of consolidated financial statements and independent auditor's audit report originally issued in Turkish)*

*(Convenience translation of the auditor's report originally issued in Turkish - See Note I of Section Three)*

## **REVIEW REPORT ON CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

**To the Board of Directors of Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş.**

### ***Introduction***

We have reviewed the consolidated statement of financial position of Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. (the "Bank") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred as the "Group") at March 31, 2022 and the related consolidated income statement, consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity, consolidated statement of cash flows and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes to the consolidated financial statements for the three-month-period then ended. The Group Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated of interim financial information in accordance with the "Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents" published in the Official Gazette no.26333 dated 1 November 2006, and other regulations on accounting records of Banks published by Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency("BRSA") and circulars and interpretations published by Banking Regulation and Supervision Authority (together referred as BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation) and Turkish Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" principles for those matters not regulated by BRSA Legislation; together referred as "BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation". Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this consolidated interim financial information based on our review.

### ***Scope of Review***

We conducted our review in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements (SRE) 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial reporting process, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review of interim financial information is substantially less in scope than an independent audit performed in accordance with the Independent Auditing Standards of Turkey and the objective of which is to express an opinion on the financial statements. Consequently, a review of the interim financial information does not provide assurance that the audit firm will be aware of all significant matters which would have been identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion.

### ***Conclusion***

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated financial statements do not give a true view of the consolidated financial position of the Group at March 31, 2022, and the results of its operations and its consolidated cash flows for the three-month-period then ended in all material aspects in accordance with the BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation.

***Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements***

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the financial information provided in the accompanying interim activity report in Section VIII, are not consistent, in all material respects, with the reviewed consolidated financial statements and disclosures.

***Additional paragraph for convenience translation to English***

As explained in detail in Note I of Section Three, the effects of differences between accounting principles and standards set out by regulations in conformity with “BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation” and the accounting principles generally accepted in countries in which the accompanying consolidated financial statements are to be distributed and International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) have not been quantified in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position, results of operations and changes in financial position and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in such countries and IFRS.

Güney Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik Anonim Şirketi  
*A Member Firm of Ernst&Young Global Limited*

Emre Çelik, SMMM  
Partner

11 May 2022  
İstanbul, Turkey

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**THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL REPORT OF KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI A.Ş.  
FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED 31 MARCH 2022**

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The consolidated interim financial report for the three-month period prepared in accordance with the Communiqué of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks as regulated by Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency, is comprised of the following sections:

- General Information About The Parent Bank
- Consolidated Financial Statements of The Parent Bank
- Explanations on Accounting Policies Applied in The Period
- Information on Financial Structure of the Group Which Is Under Consolidation
- Disclosures and Explanations on Consolidated Financial Statements
- Other Explanations
- Independent Auditors' Limited Review Report
- Consolidated Interim Activity Report

The subsidiaries, associates and jointly-controlled partners which are consolidated within the framework of this financial report are as follows:

	<b>Subsidiaries</b>	<b>Associates</b>	<b>Jointly-Controlled Partners</b>	<b>Mutual Funds</b>
1.	KT Sukuk Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.		Katılım Emeklilik ve Hayat A.Ş.	Kt Portföy Kuveyt Türk Yabancı Katılım Serbest Özel Fon
2.	KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.			Kt Portföy Birinci Katılım Serbest Fon
3.	Körfez Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş.			Kt Portföy Birinci Katılım Serbest (Döviz-Avro) Özel Fon
4.	KT Bank AG.			Kt Portföy NEOVA Katılım Serbest Özel Fon
5.	KT Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş.			
6.	Neova Katılım Sigorta A.Ş.			

The consolidated financial statements for the three-month period and related disclosures and footnotes that are subject to independent review, are prepared in accordance with the Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents, Turkish Accounting Standards, Turkish Financial Reporting Standards and the related statements and guidance, and in compliance with the financial records of our Bank and, unless stated otherwise, presented in thousands of Turkish Lira.

<hr/> <b>Hamad Abdulmohsen AL-MARZOUQ</b> Chairman of the Board of Directors	<hr/> <b>Shadi Ahmed Yacoub ZAHRAN</b> Chairman of the Audit Committee	<hr/> <b>Nadir ALPASLAN</b> Member of the Audit Committee	
<hr/> <b>Mohamed Hedi MEJAI</b> Member of the Audit Committee	<hr/> <b>Ufuk UYAN</b> General Manager	<hr/> <b>Ahmet KARACA</b> Chief Financial Officer	<hr/> <b>Mehmed Tahir KAPLAN</b> Budget and Reporting Group Manager

Contact information of the personnel in charge of the addressing of questions about this financial report:

Name-Surname/Position: Cemil AKBEBEK / Official and International Reporting Manager  
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**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2022**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**SECTION ONE**  
**GENERAL INFORMATION**

**1. History of the Parent Bank including its incorporation date, initial legal status and amendments to legal status:**

Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. (“The Bank”) was incorporated with the approval of the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey (CBRT) on 28 February 1989 and commenced its operations on 31 March 1989, with the name of Kuveyt Türk Evkaf Finans Kurumu A.Ş. To comply with the Banking Act 5411, the title of the Bank has been changed to Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. with a change in the Articles of Association which was approved in the annual general meeting dated 26 April 2006. Main field of operation is, in addition to the Bank’s equity, to collect funds from domestic and foreign customers through “Current Accounts” and “Profit/ Loss Sharing Accounts” and allocate such funds to the economy, to perform all kinds of financing activities in accordance with the regulations, to encourage the investments of all individuals and legal entities operating in agricultural, industrial, trading and service industries, participating into the operations of these entities or individuals and to form joint business partnerships and to perform all these activities in a non-interest environment.

The Parent Bank and its consolidated financial subsidiaries are named together as “Group”.

**2. Shareholding structure, shareholders jointly or individually having direct or indirect control over the management and supervision of the Parent Bank and the disclosures on any related changes in the current period, if any, and information about the Group that the Parent Bank belongs to:**

As of 31 March 2022, 62.24% of the Parent Bank’s shares are owned by Kuwait Finance House located in Kuwait, 18.72% by Vakıflar Genel Müdürlüğü Mazbut Vakıfları, 9.00% by Wafra International Investment Company in Kuwait and 9.00% by Islamic Development Bank whereas the remaining 1.04% of the shares are owned by other real persons and legal entities.

**3. Explanations regarding the chairman and the members of board of directors, audit committee members, general manager and assistant general managers and their shares in the Parent bank:**

Name	Title	Date of Assignment	Date of Audit Committee Assignments	Audit Committee End Date	Educational Degree	Ownership Percentage
Hamad Abdulmohsen AL MARZOUQ	Head of the BOD	25/06/2014			Master	-
Shadi Ahmed Yacoub ZAHKAN	Member of BOD and chairman of the audit committee	25/09/2020	04/11/2020		Master	-
Nadir ALPASLAN	Vice President of BOD and member of Audit Committee	15/04/2011	24/12/2019		Bachelor	-
Salah A E AL MUDHAF	Member of BOD	07/10/2019			Bachelor	-
Burhan ERSOY	Member of BOD	18/06/2020			Bachelor	-
Mohamad Hedi MEJAL	Member of BOD and Audit Committee	25/03/2021	04/05/2021		Master	-
Ahmad S A A AL KHARJİ	Member of BOD	26/03/2014	24/09/2014	09/09/2020	Master	-
Gehad Mohamed Elbendary ANANY	Member of BOD	25/09/2020	09/09/2020	04/11/2020	Bachelor	-
Ufuk UYAN	Member of BOD and General Manager	10/05/1999			Master	0.057%
Ahmet KARACA	Assistant General Manager, Financial Control.	12/07/2006			Master	0.001%
Ahmet Süleyman KARAKAYA	Assistant General Manager, Corporate and Commercial Banking	14/01/2003			Bachelor	-
Bilal SAYIN	Assistant General Manager, Lending	20/08/2003			Bachelor	0.004%
İrfan YILMAZ	Assistant General Manager, Banking Services	27/10/2005			Bachelor	0.017%
Dr. Ruşen Ahmet ALBAYRAK	Assistant General Manager, Treasury and International Banking.	05/05/2005			Doctorate	0.008%
Nurettin KOLAÇ	Assistant General Manager, Legal and Risk Follow Up	20/04/2010			Bachelor	0.001%
Aslan DEMİR	Assistant General Manager, Strategy	08/10/2012			Bachelor	0.006%
Mehmet ORAL	Assistant General Manager, Retail Banking	01/10/2012			Bachelor	0.005%
Abdurrahman DELİPOYRAZ	Assistant General Manager, SME Banking	09/01/2015			Bachelor	0.005%
Hüseyin Cevdet YILMAZ	Head of the Risk, Control and Compliance Group	16/12/2003			Bachelor	0.001%

Chairman and members of the Board of Directors, members of auditing committee, general manager and assistant general managers own 0.10% of the Parent Bank’s share capital (31 December 2021 – 0.10%).

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2022**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**4. Information on qualified shareholders**

<b>Name / Commercial Name</b>	<b>Share amount (Nominal)</b>	<b>Shareholding percentage</b>	<b>Paid shares (Nominal)</b>	<b>Unpaid shares</b>
Kuwait Finance House	2,863,098	62.24%	2,863,098	-
Vakıflar Genel Müdürlüğü Mazbut Vakıfları	861,086	18.72%	861,086	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,724,184</b>	<b>80.96%</b>	<b>3,724,184</b>	<b>-</b>

As of 31 March 2022, the shares of parent shareholder of Parent Bank, Kuwait Finance House (“KFH”) are 51.95% publicly traded; 24.08% of KFH belongs to Kuwait Investment Authority and 10.48% belongs to Public Authority for Minors Affairs.

**5. Explanations of the Parent Bank’s services and field of operations**

The Parent Bank’s field of operations includes corporate banking, international banking services, and retail banking and credit card services. The Bank’s core business is operating in accordance with the principles of interest-free banking as a participation bank by collecting funds through current and profit/loss sharing accounts and lending such funds to its customers.

As of 31 March 2022, the Group is operating through 449 domestic branches (31 December 2021 – 448) with 6,718 employees (31 December 2021 – 6,760). Summary of some of the Parent Bank’s operations described in the Articles of Association are as follows:

- To collect funds through “Current Accounts” and “Profit/Loss Sharing Accounts” and special fund pools in line with the regulations,
- To allocate funds to the economy and provide all kinds of cash, non-cash loans within the principles of non-interest banking,
- To offer financial and operational leasing,
- To handle all kinds of deposits and payments, including travelers’ checks, credit cards and other payment instruments, provide member business services (POS), consulting, advisory, and safe deposit box services,
- To purchase financial instruments on money and capital markets in cash or installments, sell and mediate the sale and trade on the stock exchange in accordance with legislation and principles of non-interest banking,
- To purchase, acquire and construct any kind of real estate and if necessary, lease or transfer ownership to other persons,
- To act as a representative, deputy or agent for corporations and enterprises (including insurance companies),
- To provide socially purposed assistance within the scope of the legislation within the principles of the The Parent Bank for the order and benefit of the society.

The Parent Bank’s activities are not limited to the list above. If another transaction is decided to be beneficial to the Parent Bank, the transaction must be recommended by the Board of Directors, approved by the General Assembly and authorized by relevant legal authorities after whom it also needs to be approved by the Ministry of Trade since it constitutes an amendment of the Article of Association. Decisions that have been approved through all these channels will be included to the Article of Association. Disclosures on the differences between the Communiqué on the Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks and the consolidation transactions made in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standards and the entities subject to full or proportionate consolidation, deducted from equity or not included in these three methods: According to the Communiqué on the Preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks, only While financial partnerships are included in the scope of consolidation, all financial and non-financial partnerships should be included in the scope of consolidation in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standards and Turkish Financial Reporting Standards.

**6. Current or likely actual legal barriers to immediate transfer of equity or repayment of debts between Parent Bank and its subsidiaries:**

None.

## **SECTION TWO**

### **CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

- I. Consolidated Balance Sheet- Assets (Statement of Financial Position)
- II. Consolidated Statement of Off-Balance Sheet Items
- III. Consolidated Statement of Income Statement (Profit and Loss Statement)
- IV. Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income
- V. Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity
- VI. Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows



**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS OF 30 JUNE 2021**  
*(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)*

**1. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET – ASSETS (STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION)**

ASSETS		Notes	Reviewed Current Period 31.03.2022			Audited Prior Period 31.12.2021		
			TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
<b>I.</b>	<b>FINANCIAL ASSETS (Net)</b>		<b>31,689,673</b>	<b>99,791,332</b>	<b>131,481,005</b>	<b>24,046,232</b>	<b>105,440,047</b>	<b>129,486,279</b>
<b>1.1.</b>	<b>Cash and Cash Equivalents</b>		<b>7,412,785</b>	<b>70,262,096</b>	<b>77,674,881</b>	<b>6,177,294</b>	<b>76,898,338</b>	<b>83,075,632</b>
1.1.1.	Cash and Balances with Central Bank	(5.1.1.)	5,027,056	60,842,513	65,869,569	5,384,058	61,590,221	66,974,279
1.1.2.	Banks	(5.1.3.)	2,264,445	9,420,854	11,685,299	793,894	15,310,474	16,104,368
1.1.3.	Money Markets Placements		121,971	-	121,971	-	-	-
1.1.4.	Expected Credit Loss (-)		687	1,271	1,958	658	2,357	3,015
<b>1.2.</b>	<b>Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss</b>		<b>2,134,897</b>	<b>14,114,029</b>	<b>16,248,926</b>	<b>868,992</b>	<b>12,071,109</b>	<b>12,940,101</b>
1.2.1.	Government Debt Securities		477,848	13,003,978	13,481,826	395,925	10,639,682	11,035,607
1.2.2.	Equity Instruments		5,093	-	5,093	-	-	-
1.2.3.	Other Financial Assets		1,651,956	1,110,051	2,762,007	473,067	1,431,427	1,904,494
<b>1.3.</b>	<b>Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income</b>	(5.1.4.)	<b>20,947,327</b>	<b>14,857,900</b>	<b>35,805,227</b>	<b>16,194,017</b>	<b>15,877,745</b>	<b>32,071,762</b>
1.3.1.	Government Debt Securities		20,765,861	14,577,487	35,343,348	16,083,932	15,622,265	31,706,197
1.3.2.	Equity Instruments		24,592	84,929	109,521	8,789	75,285	84,074
1.3.3.	Other Financial Assets		156,874	195,484	352,358	101,296	180,195	281,491
<b>1.4.</b>	<b>Derivative Financial Assets</b>		<b>1,194,664</b>	<b>557,307</b>	<b>1,751,971</b>	<b>805,929</b>	<b>592,855</b>	<b>1,398,784</b>
1.4.1.	Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	(5.1.2.)	1,194,664	557,307	1,751,971	805,929	592,855	1,398,784
1.4.2.	Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	(5.1.11.)	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>II.</b>	<b>FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED WITH AMORTISED COSTS (Net)</b>	(5.1.5.)	<b>71,126,544</b>	<b>87,965,262</b>	<b>159,091,806</b>	<b>57,911,732</b>	<b>71,143,704</b>	<b>129,055,436</b>
<b>2.1.</b>	<b>Loans</b>		<b>72,334,461</b>	<b>72,943,741</b>	<b>145,278,202</b>	<b>59,228,283</b>	<b>60,573,031</b>	<b>119,801,314</b>
<b>2.2.</b>	<b>Leasing Receivables</b>	(5.1.10.)	<b>4,206,517</b>	<b>10,944,318</b>	<b>15,150,835</b>	<b>3,238,260</b>	<b>8,687,675</b>	<b>11,925,935</b>
<b>2.3.</b>	<b>Financial Assets Measured At Amortized Cost</b>	(5.1.6.)	<b>370,244</b>	<b>8,571,799</b>	<b>8,942,043</b>	<b>361,215</b>	<b>5,574,334</b>	<b>5,935,549</b>
2.3.1.	Government Debt Securities		313,999	8,245,827	8,559,826	286,240	5,094,594	5,380,834
2.3.2.	Other Financial Assets		56,245	325,972	382,217	74,975	479,740	554,715
<b>2.4.</b>	<b>Expected Credit Loss (-)</b>		<b>5,784,678</b>	<b>4,494,596</b>	<b>10,279,274</b>	<b>4,916,026</b>	<b>3,691,336</b>	<b>8,607,362</b>
<b>III.</b>	<b>PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT HELD FOR SALE PURPOSE AND RELATED TO DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS(NET)</b>	(5.1.16.)	<b>209,031</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>209,031</b>	<b>240,891</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>240,891</b>
3.1.	Held For Sale		209,031	-	209,031	240,891	-	240,891
3.2.	Related to Discontinued Operations		-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>IV.</b>	<b>INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES, SUBSIDIARIES AND JOINT VENTURES</b>		<b>121,040</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>121,040</b>	<b>112,938</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>112,938</b>
<b>4.1.</b>	<b>Investments in Associates (Net)</b>	(5.1.7.)	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
4.1.1.	Associates Valued Based on Equity Method		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.1.2.	Unconsolidated Associates		-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>4.2.</b>	<b>Investment in Subsidiaries (Net)</b>	(5.1.8.)	<b>23,680</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>23,680</b>	<b>23,680</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>23,680</b>
4.2.1.	Unconsolidated Financial Subsidiaries		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.2.2.	Unconsolidated Non-Financial Subsidiaries		23,680	-	23,680	23,680	-	23,680
<b>4.3.</b>	<b>Investment in Joint Ventures (Net)</b>	(5.1.9.)	<b>97,360</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>97,360</b>	<b>89,258</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>89,258</b>
4.3.1.	Joint Ventures Valued Based on Equity Method		97,360	-	97,360	89,258	-	89,258
4.3.2.	Unconsolidated Joint Ventures		-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>V.</b>	<b>TANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)</b>	(5.1.12.)	<b>1,094,951</b>	<b>67,020</b>	<b>1,161,971</b>	<b>1,017,685</b>	<b>66,857</b>	<b>1,084,542</b>
<b>VI.</b>	<b>INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)</b>	(5.1.13.)	<b>266,249</b>	<b>115,995</b>	<b>382,244</b>	<b>253,255</b>	<b>108,929</b>	<b>362,184</b>
6.1.	Goodwill		-	-	-	-	-	-
6.2.	Other		266,249	115,995	382,244	253,255	108,929	362,184
<b>VII.</b>	<b>INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Net)</b>	(5.1.14.)	<b>63,600</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>63,600</b>	<b>63,598</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>63,598</b>
<b>VIII.</b>	<b>CURRENT TAX ASSETS</b>		<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>IX.</b>	<b>DEFERRED TAX ASSETS</b>	(5.1.15.)	<b>650,183</b>	<b>122,119</b>	<b>772,302</b>	<b>1,767,547</b>	<b>115,397</b>	<b>1,882,944</b>
<b>X.</b>	<b>OTHER ASSETS</b>	(5.1.17.)	<b>4,213,542</b>	<b>2,602,839</b>	<b>6,816,381</b>	<b>2,640,123</b>	<b>2,365,259</b>	<b>5,005,382</b>
	<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>		<b>109,434,813</b>	<b>190,664,567</b>	<b>300,099,380</b>	<b>88,054,001</b>	<b>179,240,193</b>	<b>267,294,194</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS OF 30 JUNE 2021**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**1. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET – LIABILITIES AND EQUITY (STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION)**

LIABILITIES		Notes	Reviewed Current Period 31.03.2022			Audited Prior Period 31.12.2021		
			TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
<b>I.</b>	<b>FUNDS COLLECTED</b>	(5.2.1.)	77,033,093	177,552,120	254,585,213	57,263,935	164,693,947	221,957,882
<b>II.</b>	<b>FUNDS BORROWED</b>	(5.2.3.)	245,872	3,447,849	3,693,721	204,154	3,419,828	3,623,982
<b>III.</b>	<b>MONEY MARKETS</b>		275,743	-	275,743	6,495,137	-	6,495,137
<b>IV.</b>	<b>SECURITIES ISSUED (Net)</b>	(5.2.4.)	3,125,256	-	3,125,256	3,632,174	-	3,632,174
<b>V.</b>	<b>FINANCIAL LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS</b>		-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>VI.</b>	<b>DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES</b>		97,98	413,514	511,494	192,898	64,866	257,764
6.1.	Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	(5.2.2.)	97,98	413,514	511,494	192,898	64,866	257,764
6.2.	Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	(5.2.7.)	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>VII.</b>	<b>LEASE PAYABLES</b>	(5.2.6.)	399,15	55,172	454,322	354,334	55,119	409,453
<b>VIII.</b>	<b>PROVISIONS</b>	(5.2.8.)	4,680,973	1,089,028	5,770,001	4,186,805	1,020,526	5,207,331
8.1.	Restructuring Provision		-	-	-	-	-	-
8.2.	Reserves For Employee Benefits		602,671	20,751	623,422	595,764	2,651	598,415
8.3.	Insurance For Technical Provision (Net)		2,971,204	-	2,971,204	2,714,630	-	2,714,630
8.4.	Other Provisions		1,107,098	1,068,277	2,175,375	876,411	1,017,875	1,894,286
<b>IX.</b>	<b>CURRENT TAX LIABILITIES</b>	(5.2.9.1.)	71,295	-	71,295	1,282,020	-	1,282,020
<b>X.</b>	<b>DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES</b>		-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>XI.</b>	<b>LIABILITIES FOR PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT HELD FOR SALE AND RELATED TO DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Net)</b>	(5.2.10.)	-	-	-	-	-	-
11.1.	Held For Sale		-	-	-	-	-	-
11.2.	Related to Discontinued Operations		-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>XII.</b>	<b>SUBORDINATED DEBT INSTRUMENTS</b>	(5.2.11.)	-	8,936,474	8,936,474	-	8,100,496	8,100,496
12.1.	Loans		-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2.	Other Debt Instruments		-	8,936,474	8,936,474	-	8,100,496	8,100,496
<b>XIII.</b>	<b>OTHER LIABILITIES</b>	(5.2.5.)	3,953,909	3,885,199	7,839,108	2,232,154	2,606,960	4,839,114
<b>XIV.</b>	<b>SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>	(5.2.12.)	15,051,399	(214,646)	14,836,753	11,666,294	(177,453)	11,488,841
14.1.	Paid-in Capital		4,595,131	-	4,595,131	4,595,131	-	4,595,131
14.2.	Capital Reserves		26,399	-	26,399	26,399	-	26,399
14.2.1.	Share Premiums		24,525	-	24,525	24,525	-	24,525
14.2.2.	Share Cancellation Profits		1,874	-	1,874	1,874	-	1,874
14.2.3.	Other Capital Reserves		-	-	-	-	-	-
14.3.	Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or Loss That Will Not Be Reclassified Through Profit or Loss		(52,112)	-	(52,112)	(52,112)	-	(52,112)
14.4.	Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or Loss That Will Be Reclassified Through Profit or Loss		2,373,051	(114,652)	2,258,399	280,134	(74,654)	205,480
14.5.	Profit Reserves		5,669,045	-	5,669,045	3,411,612	-	3,411,612
14.5.1.	Legal Reserves		552,101	-	552,101	389,701	-	389,701
14.5.2.	Statutory Reserves		-	-	-	-	-	-
14.5.3.	Extraordinary Reserves		4,872,779	-	4,872,779	2,936,850	-	2,936,850
14.5.4.	Other Profit Reserves		244,165	-	244,165	85,061	-	85,061
14.6.	Profit or Loss		2,403,551	(99,994)	2,303,557	3,369,111	(102,799)	3,266,312
14.6.1.	Retained Earnings		851,221	(102,799)	748,422	30,61	(119,790)	(89,180)
14.6.2.	Net Profit for the Period		1,552,330	2,805	1,555,135	3,338,501	16,991	3,355,492
14.7.	Minority Shares	(5.2.13.)	36,334	-	36,334	36,019	-	36,019
	<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>		<b>104,934,670</b>	<b>195,164,710</b>	<b>300,099,380</b>	<b>87,509,905</b>	<b>179,784,289</b>	<b>267,294,194</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS AS OF 31 MARCH 2022**  
*(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)*

**2. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS**

			Reviewed Current Period 31.03.2022			Audited Prior Period 31.12.2021		
		Notes	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
<b>A.</b>	<b>COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (I+II+III)</b>		<b>79,632,292</b>	<b>106,736,471</b>	<b>186,368,763</b>	<b>70,094,888</b>	<b>83,169,750</b>	<b>153,264,638</b>
<b>I.</b>	<b>GUARANTEES AND WARRANTIES</b>	(5.3.1.)	<b>10,549,067</b>	<b>9,817,470</b>	<b>20,366,537</b>	<b>8,913,959</b>	<b>8,471,915</b>	<b>17,385,874</b>
1.1.	Letters of Guarantee		9,424,719	4,124,459	13,549,178	8,057,678	3,781,136	11,838,814
1.1.1.	Guarantees Subject to State Tender Law		267,981	19,254	287,235	267,372	19,827	287,199
1.1.2.	Guarantees Given For Foreign Trade Operations		542,714	52,162	594,876	445,301	49,329	494,630
1.1.3.	Other Letters of Guarantee		8,614,024	4,053,043	12,667,067	7,345,005	3,711,980	11,056,985
1.2.	Bank Loans		5,974	136,407	142,381	1,044	112,639	113,683
1.2.1.	Import Letter of Acceptances		5,974	136,407	142,381	1,044	112,639	113,683
1.2.2.	Other Bank Acceptances		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.3.	Letters of Credit		10,429	5,489,691	5,500,120	13,942	4,507,178	4,521,120
1.3.1.	Documentary Letters of Credit		8,754	2,615,629	2,624,383	-	1,979,005	1,979,005
1.3.2.	Other Letters of Credit		1,675	2,874,062	2,875,737	13,942	2,528,173	2,542,115
1.4.	Guaranteed Refinancing		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.5.	Endorsements		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.5.1.	Endorsements to the Central Bank of Turkey		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.5.2.	Other Endorsements		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.6.	Other Guarantees		1,107,945	66,913	1,174,858	841,295	70,962	912,257
1.7.	Other Warranties		-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>II.</b>	<b>COMMITMENTS</b>	(5.3.1.)	<b>60,042,699</b>	<b>4,498,355</b>	<b>64,541,054</b>	<b>58,403,315</b>	<b>4,865,677</b>	<b>63,268,992</b>
2.1.	Irrevocable Commitments		11,029,166	4,498,355	15,527,521	9,395,375	4,865,677	14,261,052
2.1.1.	Forward Asset Purchase and Sales Commitments		930,042	4,411,736	5,341,778	1,340,772	4,807,250	6,148,022
2.1.2.	Share Capital Commitment to Associates and Subsidiaries		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.3.	Loan Granting Commitments		1,272,822	-	1,272,822	1,007,332	-	1,007,332
2.1.4.	Securities Underwriting Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.5.	Commitments For Reserve Deposits Requirements		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.6.	Payment Commitments For Checks		2,313,540	-	2,313,540	1,750,116	-	1,750,116
2.1.7.	Tax and Fund Liabilities From Export Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.8.	Commitments For Credit Card Expenditure Limits		6,495,005	86,619	6,581,624	5,278,441	58,427	5,336,868
2.1.9.	Commitments For Credit Cards and Banking Services Promotions		-	-	-	957	-	957
2.1.10.	Receivables From Short Sale Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.11.	Payables For Short Sale Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.12.	Other Irrevocable Commitments		17,757	-	17,757	17,757	-	17,757
2.2.	Revocable Commitments		49,013,533	-	49,013,533	49,007,940	-	49,007,940
2.2.1.	Revocable Loan Granting Commitments		49,013,533	-	49,013,533	49,007,940	-	49,007,940
2.2.2.	Other Revocable Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>III.</b>	<b>DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS</b>	(5.3.2.)	<b>9,040,526</b>	<b>92,420,646</b>	<b>101,461,172</b>	<b>2,777,614</b>	<b>69,832,158</b>	<b>72,609,772</b>
3.1.	Derivative Financial Instruments Held For Risk Management		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.1.1.	Fair Value Hedges		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.1.2.	Cash Flow Hedges		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.1.3.	Hedge of Net Investment in Foreign Operations		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2.	Held For Trading Transactions		9,040,526	92,420,646	101,461,172	2,777,614	69,832,158	72,609,772
3.2.1.	Forward Foreign Currency Buy/Sell Transactions		1,433,517	2,975,443	4,408,960	1,732,559	2,929,682	4,662,241
3.2.1.1.	Forward Foreign Currency Buy Transactions		1,288,424	932,344	2,220,768	1,426,726	944,285	2,371,011
3.2.1.2.	Forward Foreign Currency Sell Transactions		145,093	2,043,099	2,188,192	305,833	1,985,397	2,291,230
3.2.2.	Other Forward Buy/Sell Transactions		7,607,009	89,445,203	97,052,212	1,045,055	66,902,476	67,947,531
3.3.	Other		-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>B.</b>	<b>CUSTODY AND PLEDGES SECURITIES (IV+V+VI)</b>		<b>817,776,908</b>	<b>380,322,840</b>	<b>1,198,099,748</b>	<b>667,226,247</b>	<b>348,895,558</b>	<b>1,016,121,805</b>
<b>IV.</b>	<b>ITEMS HELD IN CUSTODY</b>		<b>24,111,963</b>	<b>35,614,109</b>	<b>59,726,072</b>	<b>20,834,179</b>	<b>34,556,759</b>	<b>55,390,938</b>
4.1.	Customers' Securities Held		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.2.	Investment Securities Held in Custody		6,134,654	3,763,803	9,898,457	5,719,656	4,866,680	10,586,336
4.3.	Checks Received for Collection		15,869,325	3,414,994	19,284,319	13,271,444	2,766,870	16,038,314
4.4.	Commercial Notes Received for Collection		2,107,984	646,365	2,754,349	1,843,079	545,230	2,388,309
4.5.	Other Assets Received for Collection		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.6.	Assets Received for Public Offering		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.7.	Other Items Under Custody		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.8.	Custodians		-	27,788,947	27,788,947	-	26,377,979	26,377,979
<b>V.</b>	<b>PLEDGED ITEMS</b>		<b>793,653,306</b>	<b>344,537,083</b>	<b>1,138,190,389</b>	<b>646,380,429</b>	<b>314,183,181</b>	<b>960,563,610</b>
5.1.	Marketable Securities		1,285,151	-	1,285,151	401,159	-	401,159
5.2.	Guarantee Notes		101,097	5,919,595	6,020,692	101,097	5,361,650	5,462,747
5.3.	Commodity		26,852,958	1,058,831	27,911,789	22,137,974	669,993	22,807,967
5.4.	Warranty		-	-	-	-	-	-
5.5.	Properties		190,272,681	7,064,379	197,337,060	165,337,287	6,452,977	171,790,264
5.6.	Other Pledged Items		575,141,419	330,494,278	905,635,697	458,402,912	301,698,561	760,101,473
5.7.	Pledged Items-Depository		-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>VI.</b>	<b>ACCEPTED GUARANTEES AND WARRANTIES</b>		<b>11,639</b>	<b>171,648</b>	<b>183,287</b>	<b>11,639</b>	<b>155,618</b>	<b>167,257</b>
	<b>TOTAL OFF-BALANCE SHEET ACCOUNTS (A+B)</b>		<b>897,409,200</b>	<b>487,059,311</b>	<b>1,384,468,511</b>	<b>737,321,135</b>	<b>432,065,308</b>	<b>1,169,386,443</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**  
**AS OF 31 MARCH 2022**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**3. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS**

			Reviewed Current Period 01.01.2022-31.03.2022	Reviewed Current Period 01.01.2021-31.03.2021
		Notes		
<b>I.</b>	<b>PROFIT SHARE INCOME</b>	<b>(5.4.1.)</b>	<b>6,055,478</b>	<b>2,927,468</b>
1.1.	Profit Share on Loans		3,393,737	1,829,542
1.2.	Profit Share on Reserve Deposits		80,625	28,580
1.3.	Profit Share on Banks		128,642	58,478
1.4.	Profit Share on Money Market Placements		-	-
1.5.	Profit Share on Marketable Securities Portfolio		2,174,051	896,630
1.5.1.	Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		134,136	69,585
1.5.2.	Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income		1,738,376	779,237
1.5.3.	Measured at Amortised Cost		301,539	47,808
1.6.	Finance Lease Income		259,172	106,802
1.7.	Other Profit Share Income		19,251	7,436
<b>II.</b>	<b>PROFIT SHARE EXPENSE</b>		<b>1,918,358</b>	<b>1,068,641</b>
2.1.	Expense on Profit Sharing Accounts	(5.4.4.)	1,484,937	625,054
2.2.	Profit Share Expense on Funds Borrowed	(5.4.2.)	206,500	108,243
2.3.	Profit Share Expense on Money Market Borrowings		64,533	163,202
2.4.	Expense on Securities Issued		140,878	159,622
2.5.	Profit Share Expense on Lease		21,510	12,520
2.6.	Other Profit Share Expense		-	-
<b>III.</b>	<b>NET PROFIT SHARE INCOME (I - II)</b>		<b>4,137,120</b>	<b>1,858,827</b>
<b>IV.</b>	<b>NET FEES AND COMMISSIONS INCOME/EXPENSE</b>		<b>102,918</b>	<b>102,653</b>
4.1.	Fees And Commissions Received		478,600	248,742
4.1.1.	Non-Cash Loans		41,211	33,842
4.1.2.	Other		437,389	214,900
4.2.	Fees And Commissions Paid		375,682	146,089
4.2.1.	Non-Cash Loans		4	3,712
4.2.2.	Other	(5.4.13.)	375,678	142,377
<b>V.</b>	<b>DIVIDEND INCOME</b>	<b>(5.4.3.)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>756</b>
<b>VI.</b>	<b>NET TRADING INCOME / LOSS</b>	<b>(5.4.5.)</b>	<b>1,100,440</b>	<b>139,698</b>
6.1.	Capital Market Transaction Gains/Losses		50,573	33,038
6.2.	Gains/Losses From Derivative Financial Instruments		285,561	1,165,487
6.3.	Foreign Exchange Gains/Losses		764,306	(1,058,827)
<b>VII.</b>	<b>OTHER OPERATING INCOME</b>	<b>(5.4.6.)</b>	<b>904,658</b>	<b>766,554</b>
<b>VIII.</b>	<b>GROSS OPERATING INCOME/LOSS(III+IV+V+VI+VII+ VIII)</b>		<b>6,245,136</b>	<b>2,868,488</b>
<b>IX.</b>	<b>EXPECTED LOSS PROVISIONS (-)</b>	<b>(5.4.7.)</b>	<b>2,005,622</b>	<b>1,051,025</b>
<b>X.</b>	<b>OTHER PROVISIONS (-)</b>	<b>(5.4.7.)</b>	<b>187,974</b>	<b>54,635</b>
<b>XI.</b>	<b>PERSONNEL EXPENSES (-)</b>		<b>737,336</b>	<b>412,346</b>
<b>XII.</b>	<b>OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (-)</b>	<b>(5.4.8.)</b>	<b>1,189,489</b>	<b>627,755</b>
<b>XIII.</b>	<b>NET OPERATING INCOME/(LOSS) (IX-X-XI)</b>		<b>2,124,715</b>	<b>722,727</b>
<b>XIV.</b>	<b>EXCESS AMOUNT RECORDED AS INCOME AFTER MERGER INCOME / (LOSS) FROM INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BASED ON EQUITY METHOD</b>		<b>8,102</b>	<b>6,227</b>
<b>XV.</b>	<b>INCOME / (LOSS) ON NET MONETARY POSITION</b>		<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>XVII.</b>	<b>TAXES (XII+...+XV)</b>	<b>(5.4.9.)</b>	<b>2,132,817</b>	<b>728,954</b>
<b>XVIII.</b>	<b>TAX PROVISION FOR CONTINUED OPERATIONS (±)</b>	<b>(5.4.10)</b>	<b>(500,833)</b>	<b>(147,158)</b>
18.1.	Current Tax Provision		(38,976)	394,906
18.2.	Deferred Tax Expense Effect (+)		845,390	35,502
18.3.	Deferred Tax Income Effect (-)		305,581	283,250
<b>XIX.</b>	<b>CURRENT PERIOD PROFIT/(LOSS) FROM CONTINUED OPERATIONS (XV±XVI)</b>	<b>(5.4.11.)</b>	<b>1,631,984</b>	<b>581,796</b>
<b>XX.</b>	<b>INCOME FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS</b>		<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
20.1.	Income on Non-Current Assets Held For Sale		-	-
20.2.	Income on Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries And Jointly Controlled Entities (Joint Vent.)		-	-
20.3.	Income on Other Discontinued Operations		-	-
<b>XXI.</b>	<b>EXPENSES FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (-)</b>		<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
21.1.	Expenses From Non-Current Assets Held For Sale		-	-
21.2.	Expenses From Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries And Jointly Controlled Entities (Joint Vent.)		-	-
21.3.	Expenses From Other Discontinued Operations		-	-
<b>XXII.</b>	<b>PROFIT / (LOSS) BEFORE TAX FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (XVIII-XIX)</b>		<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>XXIII.</b>	<b>TAX PROVISION FOR DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (±)</b>		<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
23.1.	Current Tax Provision		-	-
23.2.	Deferred Tax Expense Effect (+)		-	-
23.3.	Deferred Tax Income Effect (-)		-	-
<b>XXIV.</b>	<b>CURRENT PERIOD PROFIT/LOSS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (XX±XXI)</b>		<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>XXV.</b>	<b>NET PROFIT/LOSS (XVII+XXII)</b>	<b>(5.4.12.)</b>	<b>1,631,984</b>	<b>581,796</b>
25.1.	Group's Income/Loss		1,555,135	594,091
25.2.	Minority Interest Income/Loss (-)		76,849	(12,295)
	Earnings Per Share Income/Loss		-	-

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**  
**AS OF 31 MARCH 2022**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**4. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**

		Reviewed Current Period 31.03.2022	Reviewed Prior Period 31.03.2021
<b>I.</b>	<b>CURRENT PROFIT/LOSS</b>	<b>1,631,984</b>	<b>581,796</b>
<b>II.</b>	<b>OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME</b>	<b>2,052,919</b>	<b>(245,416)</b>
2.1	<b>Other Comprehensive Income Not Reclassified Through Profit Or Loss</b>	-	-
2.1.1	Property And Equipment Revaluation Increase/Decrease	-	-
2.1.2	Intangible Assets Revaluation Increase/Decrease	-	-
2.1.3	Defined Benefit Pension Plan Remeasurement Gain/Loss	-	-
2.1.4	Other Comprehensive Income Items Not Reclassified Through Profit Or Loss	-	-
2.1.5	Taxes Related to Other Comprehensive Income Items Not Reclassified Through Profit or Loss	-	-
2.2	<b>Other Comprehensive Income Reclassified Through Profit Or Loss</b>	<b>2,052,919</b>	<b>(245,416)</b>
2.2.1	Foreign Currency Translation Difference	146,490	70,715
2.2.2	Valuation And/Or Reclassification Income/Expense of the Financial Assets At Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	2,615,255	(325,330)
2.2.3	Cash Flow Hedge Income/Loss	-	-
2.2.4	Foreign Net Investment Hedge Income/Loss	(139,323)	(69,834)
2.2.5	Other Comprehensive Income Items Reclassified Through Profit or Losses	-	-
2.2.6	Taxes Related Other Comprehensive Income Items Reclassified Through Profit Or Loss	(569,503)	79,033
<b>III.</b>	<b>TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (I+II)</b>	<b>3,684,903</b>	<b>336,380</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY AS OF 31 MARCH 2022**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**5. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY**

	Notes	Paid-in Capital	Share Premiums	Share cancellation profits	Other Capital Reserves	Accumulated Other Income or Loss That Will Not Be Reclassified to Profit or Loss			Accumulated Other Income or Loss That Will Be Reclassified to Profit or Loss			Profit Reserves	Prior Period Profit or (Loss)	Net Profit/Loss for the Period	Total Shareholders' Equity Less Minority Shares	Minority Shares	Total Shareholders' Equity	
						1	2	3	4	5	6							
<b>Prior Period (01/01/2021 – 31/03/2021)</b>																		
<b>I.</b>	<b>Prior Period Ending Balance</b>		4,595,131	24,525	1,874	-	-	(51,258)	-	486,343	(1,305)	(375,780)	1,996,805	(421,663)	1,746,138	8,000,810	30,004	8,030,814
<b>II.</b>	<b>Corrections and Accounting Policy Changes Made According to TAS 8</b>		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1	Effect Of Corrections		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.2	Effect Of Changes In Accounting Policies		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>III.</b>	<b>Adjusted Beginning Balance (I+II)</b>		4,595,131	24,525	1,874	-	-	(51,258)	-	486,343	(1,305)	(375,780)	1,996,805	(421,663)	1,746,138	8,000,810	30,004	8,030,814
<b>IV.</b>	<b>Total Comprehensive Income (Loss)(*)</b>		-	-	-	-	-	-	70,715	(260,264)	(55,867)	-	-	594,091	348,675	335	349,010	
<b>V.</b>	<b>Capital Increase by Cash</b>		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>VI.</b>	<b>Capital Increase by Internal Reserves</b>		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>VII.</b>	<b>Paid in Capital Inflation Adjustment Difference</b>		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>VIII.</b>	<b>Convertible Bonds to Share</b>		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>IX.</b>	<b>Subordinated Debt Instruments</b>		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>X.</b>	<b>Increase / Decrease by Other Changes</b>		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,251)	2	-	(1,249)	7	(1,242)
<b>XI.</b>	<b>Profit Distribution</b>		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,391,149	345,857	(1,746,138)	(9,132)	-	(9,132)
11.1	Dividends Paid		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(9,132)	-	(9,132)
11.2	Transfers To Legal Reserves		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,391,149	(1,391,149)	-	-	-	-
11.3	Other		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,746,138	(1,746,138)	-	-	-
	<b>Balances at end of the period (III+IV+.....+X+XI)</b>	(5.2.12.)	4,595,131	24,525	1,874	-	-	(51,258)	-	557,058	(261,569)	(431,647)	3,386,703	(75,804)	594,091	8,339,104	30,346	8,369,450
<b>Current Period 01/01/2022 – 31/03/2022</b>																		
<b>I.</b>	<b>Prior Period Ending Balance</b>		4,595,131	24,525	1,874	-	-	(52,112)	-	1,123,690	(25,553)	(892,657)	3,411,612	(89,180)	3,355,492	11,452,822	36,019	11,488,841
<b>II.</b>	<b>Corrections and Accounting Policy Changes Made According to TAS 8</b>		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1	Effect Of Corrections		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.2	Effect Of Changes In Accounting Policies		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>III.</b>	<b>Adjusted Beginning Balance (I+II)</b>		4,595,131	24,525	1,874	-	-	(52,112)	-	1,123,690	(25,553)	(892,657)	3,411,612	(89,180)	3,355,492	11,452,822	36,019	11,488,841
<b>IV.</b>	<b>Total Comprehensive Income (Loss)(*)</b>		-	-	-	-	-	-	146,490	2,017,887	(111,458)	-	-	1,555,135	3,608,054	178	3,608,232	
<b>V.</b>	<b>Capital Increase by Cash</b>		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>VI.</b>	<b>Capital Increase by Internal Reserves</b>		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>VII.</b>	<b>Paid in Capital Inflation Adjustment Difference</b>		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>VIII.</b>	<b>Convertible Bonds to Share</b>		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>IX.</b>	<b>Subordinated Debt Instruments</b>		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>X.</b>	<b>Increase / Decrease by Other Changes(**)</b>		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(10,457)	-	-	(10,457)	137	(10,320)
<b>XI.</b>	<b>Profit Distribution</b>		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,267,890	837,602	(3,355,492)	(250,000)	-	(250,000)
11.1	Dividends Paid		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(250,000)	(250,000)	-	-	(250,000)
11.2	Transfers To Legal Reserves		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,267,890	(2,267,890)	-	-	-	-
11.3	Other		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,355,492	(3,355,492)	-	-	-
	<b>Balances at end of the period (III+IV+.....+X+XI)</b>	(5.2.12.)	4,595,131	24,525	1,874	-	-	(52,112)	-	1,270,180	1,992,334	(1,004,115)	5,669,045	748,422	1,555,135	14,800,419	36,334	14,836,753

(\*) Neova Sigorta A.Ş., a subsidiary of the group manages the risk fund formed due to the contributions of the participants separately in accordance with Article 6 of the "regulation on participation insurance and working procedures and principles" published by the Ministry of Treasury and Finance. Accordingly, the profit/(expense) amount of the risk fund, which is due to participant contributions amounting to 76,671 TL for the current period, has been classified under other liabilities in balance sheet. (31 March 2021: TL 12,630).

~Accumulated Revaluation Increase / Decrease of Fixed Assets

~Accumulated Remeasurement Gain / Loss of Defined Benefit Pension Plan

~Other (Shares of Investments Valued by Equity Method in Other Comprehensive Income Not Classified Through Profit or Loss and Other Accumulated Amounts of Other Comprehensive Income Items Not Reclassified Through Other Profit or Loss)

~Foreign Currency Translation Differences

~Accumulated Revaluation and/or Remeasurement Gain/Loss of the Financial Asset at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income

~Other (Cash Flow Hedge Gain/Loss, Shares of Investments Valued by Equity Method in Other Comprehensive Income Classified Through Profit or Loss and Other Accumulated Amounts of Other Comprehensive Income Items Reclassified Through Other Profit or Loss)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS AS OF 31 MARCH 2022**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**6. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

			Reviewed Current Period	Reviewed Prior Period
		Notes	01.01.2022- 31.03.2022	01.01.2021- 31.03.2021
<b>A.</b>	<b>CASH FLOWS FROM BANKING OPERATIONS</b>			
<b>1.1</b>	<b>Operating Profit Before Changes in Assets And Liabilities From Banking Operations</b>		<b>2,679,009</b>	<b>798,743</b>
1.1.1	Profit Share Income Received		3,835,967	2,198,471
1.1.2	Profit Share Expense Paid		(1,461,015)	(1,181,281)
1.1.3	Dividends Received		-	756
1.1.4	Fees And Commissions Received		549,385	243,846
1.1.5	Other Income		2,027,502	313,849
1.1.6	Collections From Previously Written Off Loans		260,033	188,632
1.1.7	Payments to Personnel And Service Suppliers		(705,564)	(340,351)
1.1.8	Taxes Paid		(265,312)	(185,520)
1.1.9	Others		(1,561,987)	(439,659)
<b>1.2</b>	<b>Changes in Assets And Liabilities From Banking Operations</b>		<b>(14,852,521)</b>	<b>2,529,887</b>
1.2.1	Net (Increase) Decrease in Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		(2,869,933)	(498,446)
1.2.2	Net (Increase) Decrease in Due From Banks And Other Financial Institutions		(4,644,887)	(1,779,157)
1.2.3	Net (Increase) Decrease in Loans		(25,128,331)	(8,881,187)
1.2.4	Net (Increase) Decrease in Other Assets		(4,103,084)	5,333,724
1.2.5	Net Increase (Decrease) in Bank Deposits		(14,865)	858,010
1.2.6	Net Increase (Decrease) in Other Deposits		23,906,139	5,249,887
	Net Increase (Decrease) in Financial Liabilities Measured at Financial Assets at Fair Value			
1.2.7	Through Profit or Loss		191	(94)
1.2.8	Net Increase (Decrease) in Funds Borrowed		(508,314)	(895,264)
1.2.9	Net Increase (Decrease) in Due Payables		-	-
1.2.10	Net Increase (Decrease) in Other Liabilities		(1,489,437)	3,142,414
<b>I.</b>	<b>Net Cash Provided From / (Used in) Banking Operations</b>		<b>(12,173,512)</b>	<b>3,328,630</b>
<b>B.</b>	<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>			
<b>II.</b>	<b>Net Cash Provided From / (Used in) Investing Activities</b>		<b>(4,711,734)</b>	<b>92,479</b>
2.1	Cash Paid For Purchase Jointly Controlled Operations, Associates And Subsidiaries		-	-
2.2	Cash Obtained From Sale of Jointly Controlled Operations, Associates And Subsidiaries		-	-
2.3	Fixed Assets Purchases		(148,117)	(32,540)
2.4	Fixed Assets Sales		149,662	26,291
2.5	Cash Paid For Purchase of Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income		(3,255,700)	(3,975,429)
2.6	Cash Obtained From Sale of Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income		1,427,301	742,636
2.7	Cash Paid For Purchase of Investment Securities		(7,405,127)	(93,596)
2.8	Cash Obtained From Sale of Investment Securities		4,557,331	3,403,564
2.9	Other		(37,084)	21,553
<b>C.</b>	<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>		<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>III.</b>	<b>Net Cash Provided From / (Used in) Financing Activities</b>		<b>(767,557)</b>	<b>(73,688)</b>
3.1	Cash Obtained From Funds Borrowed And Securities Issued		3,935,000	5,153,874
3.2	Cash Used for Repayments Funds Borrowed And Securities Issued		(4,435,118)	(2,693,674)
3.3	Equity instruments		-	(2,450,802)
3.4	Dividends Paid		(250,000)	(9,132)
3.5	Payments For Finance Leases		(17,439)	(73,954)
3.6	Other		-	-
<b>IV.</b>	<b>Effect of Change in Foreign Exchange Rate on Cash And Cash Equivalents</b>		<b>3,258,703</b>	<b>731,355</b>
<b>V.</b>	<b>Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash And Cash Equivalents</b>		<b>(14,394,100)</b>	<b>4,078,776</b>
<b>VI.</b>	<b>Cash And Cash Equivalents at The Beginning of The Period</b>		<b>46,793,620</b>	<b>13,995,430</b>
<b>VII.</b>	<b>Cash And Cash Equivalents at The End of The Period</b>		<b>32,399,520</b>	<b>18,074,206</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2022**

*(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)*

**SECTION THREE**

**EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

**1. Explanations on basis of presentation**

**1.1. The preparation of the consolidated financial statements and related notes and explanations in accordance with The Turkish Accounting Standards and Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents:**

The Parent Bank prepares its financial statements in accordance with the “Regulation On The Procedures And Principles For Accounting Practices And Retention Of Documents By Banks” published in the Official Gazette dated 1 November 2006 with numbered 26333, and other regulations on accounting records of banks published by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency (“BRSA”) as well as the circulars and pronouncements published by the BRSA. For matters not regulated by the aforementioned legislations, the Bank prepares its financial statements in accordance with the BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation, which comprises the terms of the Turkish Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority.

**Additional paragraph for convenience translation**

The differences between the standards set out by BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation and the accounting principles generally accepted in countries in which the accompanying financial statements are to be distributed and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) have not been quantified in the accompanying financial statements. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements are not intended to present the financial position, results of operations and changes in financial position and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in such countries and IFRS.

**1.2. Accounting policies and valuation principles applied in the preparation of financial statements:**

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss, and the financial assets and liabilities at fair value through other comprehensive income that are measured at fair values.

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation requires the Bank management to make assumptions and estimates with respect to the assets and liabilities on the balance sheet and contingent issues outstanding as of the balance sheet date. These assumptions and estimates mainly consist of calculations of the fair values of financial instruments and the impairment on assets. The assumptions an estimate is reviewed regularly and, when necessary, appropriate corrections are made and the effects of such corrections are reflected on the income statement.

COVID-19 pandemic, which has recently emerged in China, has spread to various countries in the world, causing potentially fatal respiratory infections, negatively effects both regional and global economic conditions, as well as it causes disruptions in operations, especially countries that are exposed to the epidemic. As a result of the spread of COVID-19 around the world, several measures are still being taken in our country as well as in the world in order to prevent the spread of the virus and measures are still being taken. In addition to the measures, economic measures are also taken to minimize the economic impact of the virus outbreak on individuals and businesses in our country and worldwide.

Since it is aimed to update the most recent financial information in the financial statements prepared as of March 31, 2022, considering the magnitude of the economic changes due to COVID-19, the Bank made certain estimates in the calculation of expected credit losses and disclosed them in third section footnote numbered 1.5 “Explanations on Expected Credit Loss”. In the upcoming periods, the Bank will update its relevant assumptions are necessary and revise the realizations of past estimates.

In the announcement published by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority on January 20, 2022, it is stated that TAS 29 Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies does not apply to the TFRS financial statements as of December 31, 2021, since the cumulative change in the general purchasing power of the last three years according to Consumer Price Index (CPI) is 74.41%. As of March 31, 2022 are not new disclosure has been made by the POA in accordance with TAS 29 and financial statements as of March 31, 2022 are not adjusted for inflation in accordance with TAS 29.

Since January 2022, the tension between Russia and Ukraine has turned into a crisis and a hot conflict. No Bank-owned activities are carried out in the two countries that are the subject of the crisis. Considering the geographies in which the Bank conducts its activities, the economic effects of the crisis are closely monitored by the Bank and are taken into account when preparing its financial statements using the best forecasting method.



**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
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*(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)*

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**1.3. Changes in accounting estimates, errors and classifications**

If changes in accounting estimates are related to only one period, they are applied in the current period in which the change is made, and if they are related to future periods, they are applied both prospectively and in the future periods. Significant accounting errors are applied retrospectively and prior period financial statements are restated. There were no significant changes in the accounting estimates of the Bank in the current year. Comparative information is rearranged when deemed necessary in order to comply with the presentation of the current period financial statements. The Bank has rearranged the prior period's statement of changes in shareholders' equity and statement of cash flow in order to comply with the presentation of the current period financial statements.

**1.4. Preparation of the financial statements as regards to the current purchasing power of money:**

Until 31 December 2004, the consolidated financial statements of the Group were subject to inflation adjustments in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standard No: 29 "Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies" ("TAS 29"). As per the BRSA decision numbered 1623 and dated 21 April 2005 and the BRSA circular dated 28 April 2005 it was stated that the indicators for the application of inflation accounting were no longer applicable. Consequently, as of 1 January 2005, the inflation accounting has not been applied.

**1.5. TFRS 3 Explanations on Business Combinations Standard:**

The acquisition of subsidiaries and businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Business combinations are accounted in accordance with TFRS 3 "Business Combinations" except for the assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with TFRS 5 "Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations" are measured in accordance with that Standard.

The interests of non-controlling shareholders in the acquire is initially measured at the non-controlling's proportion of the fair value of the assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities recognized.

When the consideration transferred by the Group in a business combination includes assets or liabilities resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement, the contingent consideration is measured at its acquisition-date fair value and included as part of the consideration transferred in a business combination. Changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that qualify as measurement period adjustments are adjusted retrospectively, with corresponding adjustments against goodwill. Measurement period adjustments are adjustments that arise from additional information obtained during the 'measurement period' (which cannot exceed one year from the acquisition date) about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date.

- Explanations regarding the accounting policy applied for the acquisition of Neova Katılım Sigorta A.Ş.

Following the necessary legal permissions on May 5, 2020, the Bank finalized the purchase of Neova Katılım Sigorta A.Ş. by completing the share transfer process. The Parent Bank purchased 78,864,212 shares by paying TL 745,860 and increased the partnership share in Neova Katılım Sigorta A.Ş. from 7% to 100% by owning all the shares.

This acquisition has been evaluated as a merger of entities under common control and has been accounted for using the aggregation method (Pooling of interest). According to this method, the assets and liabilities of Neova Katılım Sigorta A.Ş. are included in the financial statements over the book values determined in accordance with TFRS at the merger date, and no goodwill has arisen in the financial statements as a result of the merger.

**1.6. Disclosures regarding TFRS 9 Financial Instruments:**

TFRS 9 "Financial Instruments", which is effective as at 1 January 2018 is published by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA") in the Official Gazette numbered 29953 dated 19 January 2017. As of 1 January 2018, the application of TFRS 9 replaced "TAS 39: Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement." standard.

TFRS 9 also includes new principles for general hedge accounting which aims to harmonize hedge accounting with risk management applications. In the admission of the accounting policies, TFRS 9 presents the option of postponing the adoption of TFRS 9 hedge accounting and continuing to apply the hedge accounting provisions of TAS 39.

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2022**

*(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)*

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All recognized financial assets that are within the scope of TFRS 9 are required to be initially measured at amortized cost or fair value. Specifically, debt investments that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortized cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. Debt instruments that are held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets, and that have contractual terms that give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and profit share on the principal amount outstanding, are generally measured at FVTOCI. All other debt investments and equity investments are measured at their fair value at the end of subsequent accounting periods. In addition, under TFRS 9, entities may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an equity investment in other comprehensive income, with only dividend income generally recognized in profit or loss.

Dividends obtained from such investments are accounted in the financial statements as profit or loss unless they are evidently a part of the recoverable cost of investment.

As a result of the combination of contractual cash flow characteristics and business models, the differences in the classification of financial assets are reflected in the financial statements compared to the current classification in TAS 39.

During the first recognition of a financial asset into the financial statements, business model determined by the Parent Bank management and the nature of contractual cash flows of the financial asset are taken into consideration.

**Classification and measurement of financial instruments:**

According to TFRS 9 requirements, classification and measurement of financial assets will depend on the business model within which financial assets are managed and their contractual cash flow characteristics whether the cash flows represent “solely payments of principal and profit share” (SPPI).

Upon initial recognition each financial asset shall be classified as either fair value through profit or loss (“FVTPL”) amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income (“FVOCI”). As for the classification and measurement of financial liabilities, the application of the existing terms of TAS 39 remain largely unchanged under TFRS 9.

**Explanations on Expected Credit Loss:**

As of 1 January 2018, the Parent Bank will recognize provisions for impairment in accordance with the TFRS 9 requirements according to the “Regulation on the Procedures and Principles for Classification of Loans by Banks and Provisions to be set aside” published in the Official Gazette dated 22 June 2016 numbered 29750. The expected credit loss estimates are required to be unbiased, probability-weighted and should include supportable information about past events, current conditions, and forecasts of future economic conditions.

Modeling studies were carried out on the principal components of the Expected Loan Loss calculation and the default probability (PD) models were developed on various loan portfolios. Credit portfolios are determined according to customer segments that form the basis of banking activities. The cyclical default probabilities generated by these models developed for use in the Internal Rating Based Approach (IDD) are translated into the Instantaneous Default Probabilities and these instantaneous default probabilities are used when calculating the Expected Loan Loss on TFRS 9 Calculation on Default (LGD) calculation reflects the legal deduction rates and the Bank's past collection performance on unsecured loans. Default Amount (EAD) corresponds to the balance used in cash at the reporting date for cash loans, non-cash loans and balance after application of the loan to commitment risks.

Macroeconomic scenarios affect PD values. The expected credit loss amount is calculated by weighting 3 different scenarios as Base, Good and Bad scenarios. The probability of default of the debtors and the loss rates in default vary with each scenario.

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The Group has calculated the possible effects of the COVID-19 outbreak as of 31 March 2022 with the best estimate method, which it obtained on the principle of maximum effort to estimate and reasoning used in the calculation of expected credit losses. In the light of the aforementioned data, during the pandemic, the Group revised its macroeconomic expectations in the calculation of expected credit loss, and the calculation made taking into account the change in PD with the update in the EDF model was reflected in the financial statements. By its nature, the model effects are reflected in the financial statements with a delay due to the occurrence of the events and their effects at different times. For this reason, the Group is establishing additional provisions for the Wholesale and Retail Trade, Build, Construction, Contracting and Tourism sectors, whose PD is more sensitive to the current macroeconomic and geopolitical conjuncture among the sectors that are declining. The Group maintains this approach as of March 31, 2022. When deemed necessary, the future will review these assumptions according to the course of the pandemic.

The expected credit loss estimates are required to be unbiased, probability-weighted and include supportable information about past events, current conditions, and forecast of future economic conditions.

The Group applies a ‘three-stage’ impairment model depending on the gradual increase in credit risk observed since initial recognition

**Stage 1:** Includes financial assets not having significant increase in their credit risk from initial recognition till the following reporting date or financial assets having low credit risk at the reporting date. It is recognized 12-month expected credit losses for such financial assets.

**Stage 2:** Includes financial assets having significant increase in their credit risk subsequent to the initial recognition, but not having objective evidence about impairment. It is recognized lifetime expected credit losses for such financial assets.

In this context, the basic considerations that are taken into account in determining the significant increase in the credit risk of a financial asset and its transfer to Phase 2 are, but are not limited to, the following.

- Delayed by more than 30 days as of the reporting date
- Restructuring
- Close Monitoring
- Evaluation of distortion in Rating Note

The rating of the rating is calculated by using the Bank's rating ratings based on the internal rating of the parent Bank by using the rating of the credit rating. For the loan, the rating calculated on the reporting date exceeds the determined threshold values and is considered as a distortion in the rating.

**Stage 3:** Includes financial assets having objective evidence about impairment at the reporting date. It is recognized lifetime expected credit losses for such financial assets.

The Parent Bank periodically evaluates the provisions of loans and other receivables in accordance with TFRS 9 retrospectively on the basis of their results and, if deemed necessary, revises the basketing rules and the parameters used in the calculation of the related provision balances.

**1.7 Revenue from TFRS 15 disclosures regarding the standard of revenue from customer contracts:**

TFRS 15 Revenue from Customer Contracts provides a single, comprehensive model and guidance on the recognition of revenue and is recorded in accordance with income with TFRS 15 Revenue from Customer Contracts

**1.8 Explanations on TFRS 16 leases standard**

The leasing transactions are presented by the lessors as assets (right-of-use assets) and liabilities from leasing transactions. TFRS 16 Standard eliminates the dual accounting model of leasing transactions on balance sheet and operational leasing transactions as direct expense except balance sheet.

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Within the scope of TFRS 16, the Bank reflects the existence of a lease obligation and a right of use to the financial statements at the date of initial application. The Bank measures the leasing liability on the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted at their present value using the alternative borrowing cost ratio at the date of initial application of the Bank. In addition, the Bank measures the existence of the right to use of such right at an amount equal to the lease obligation, which is reflected in the statement of financial position immediately after the first application date, adjusted for the amount of all prepaid or accrued lease payments.

As of March 31, 2022, the right-of-use assets classified tangible assets gross amounting to TL 670,998 in the balance sheet of The Patner Bank and lease obligations classified in the item of liabilities from leasing transactions amounting to gross TL 633,772 In the three-month period that ended as of the same date, financial expenses amounting to TL 17,638 and depreciation expenses amounting to TL 36,991 were incurred.

On 5 June 2020, Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority (“POA”) has changed to TFRS 16 “Leases” standard by publishing Privileges Granted in Lease Payments -"Amendments to TFRS 16 Leases" concerning Covid-19. With this change, tenants are exempted from whether there has been a change in the rental privileges in lease payments due to Covid-19. This change did not have a significant impact on the financial status or performance of the Bank.

**2. Explanations on strategy of using financial instruments and foreign currency transactions**

The Group follows an asset-liability management strategy that mitigates risk and increases earnings by balancing the funds borrowed and the investments in various financial assets. The main objective of asset-liability management is to limit the Bank’s exposure to liquidity risk, currency risk and credit risk while increasing profitability and strengthening the Bank’s equity. The assets-liabilities committee (ALC) manages the assets and liabilities within the trading limits on the level of exposure placed by the Executive Risk Committee.

Gains and losses arising from foreign currency transactions have been recorded in the period in which the transaction took place. Foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities are valued with the period end exchange rates published by the Central Bank of Turkey converting them into Turkish Lira and valuation differences of foreign currencies have been recognized in the income statement under the net foreign exchange income/expense account.

The foreign currency exchange differences resulting from the translation of debt securities issued and monetary financial instruments into Turkish Lira are included in the income statement. There are no foreign currency differences capitalized by the Bank.

**3. Investments in associates and subsidiaries**

Consolidated and Financial Statements " Turkey Accounting Standard for Consolidated Financial Statements" (TFRS 10) has been prepared in accordance with the provisions.

Titles, locations of the headquarters, main operations and Group’s shares relating the consolidated entities are as follows:

Title	Address (City/Country)	Main Operation	31.03.2022	31.12.2021	Consolidation method
KT Bank AG	Frankfurt/Germany	Banking	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
Neova Katılım Sigorta A.Ş.	İstanbul/Turkey	Financial Institution	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.	İstanbul/Turkey	Financial Institution	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
KT Sukuk Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.	İstanbul/Turkey	Financial Institution	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
KT Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş.	İstanbul/Turkey	Financial Institution	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
Körfez Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş.	İstanbul/Turkey	Financial Institution	75.00%	75.00%	Full consolidation
Katılım Emeklilik ve Hayat A.Ş.	İstanbul/Turkey	Financial Institution	50.00%	50.00%	Accounted with equity pick-up
KT Portföy Kuveyt Türk Yabancı Katılım Serbest Özel Fon	İstanbul/Turkey	Investment Fund	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
Kt Portföy Birinci Katılım Serbest Fon	İstanbul/Turkey	Investment Fund	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
Kt Portföy Birinci Katılım Serbest (Döviz-Avro) Özel Fon	İstanbul/Turkey	Investment Fund	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
Kt Portföy NEOVA Katılım Serbest Özel Fon	İstanbul/Turkey	Investment Fund	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation

Parent Bank and the subsidiaries, the financial tables of which are consolidated along with the Parent Bank, are collectively referred as “the Group.”

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**Consolidation basis of subsidiaries:**

Subsidiaries are entities whose capital and management are directly or indirectly controlled by the Parent Bank. Subsidiaries are consolidated by the full consolidation method, within the framework of significance on the basis of operational outcomes, assets sizes and equity sizes. The financial statements of the relevant subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements as of the date that control is transferred to Parent Bank.

Control denotes any of the following circumstances: the Parent Bank directly or indirectly through subsidiaries has over 50% of the voting rights or, dominance over the voting rights as described afore does not exist but the Parent Bank owns the preferred shares, or; the Parent Bank has voting rights appropriating more than 50% percent of all voting rights due to the agreements signed with other shareholders, or; the Parent Bank has the authority to manage the operational and financial policies of the entity due to certain arrangements or agreements, or; the Parent Bank has the power to influence the majority of the votes within the Board of Directors or any other executive organ vested with similar rights, or; the Parent Bank by any means has the power to appoint or dismiss the majority of the Board of Directors.

In accordance with the full consolidation, all of the assets, liabilities, income, expense and off-balance sheet liabilities of the subsidiaries are consolidated with the assets, liabilities, income, expense and off-balance sheet liabilities of the Parent Bank. The carrying value of the Group's investment in each subsidiary is offset with the cost value of the subsidiary's capital owned by the Group. Balances regarding the transactions between the subsidiaries in the scope of the consolidation and the unrealized gains/losses are reciprocally offset. Minority shares within the net income of the consolidated subsidiaries are determined provided that the net income of the Group shall be calculated, and these minority shares are presented as a separate item in the income statement. Minority shares are presented under the equity in the consolidated balance sheet.

In the case where the accounting policies implemented by the subsidiary are different than the Parent Bank, the accounting policies are reconciled.

**4. Explanations on forward transactions and option contracts and derivative instruments**

The Parent Bank enters into forward agreements to decrease its currency risk and to manage its foreign currency liquidity. Derivative instruments are classified as 'hedging derivative financial asset' and 'derivative financial assets/liabilities at fair value profit/loss'. The Bank's classifies its derivative instruments as "Derivative Financial Instruments Held for Hedging Purposes" and "Derivative Financial Instruments Held for Trading" in accordance with TAS 39. Even though some derivative transactions economically hedge risk, since all necessary conditions for hedge accounting are not met, they are accounted for as "held for trading" within the framework of TAS 39 and are reflected in the "Derivative Financial Assets/liabilities at fair value profit/loss" account in the balance sheet. The Group has no derivative financial assets/liabilities for hedging purposes as of balance sheet date.

The payables and receivables arising from derivative transactions are recorded in off-balance sheet accounts at their notional amounts.

Fair values of foreign currency forward transactions and swaps are calculated by using the discounted cash flow model. Differences resulting from the changes in the fair values of derivatives held for trading are accounted under 'Trading Income/Loss' line in the income statement.

Embedded derivatives are separated from the host contract if the economic characteristics and risks of the embedded derivative are not closely related to the economic characteristics and risks of the host contract, a separate instrument with the same terms as the embedded derivative would meet the definition of a derivative and the hybrid instrument is not measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss. Embedded derivatives are accounted as derivative instruments in-line with TFRS 9. If the embedded derivatives are closely related with the host contract, embedded derivatives are accounted for in-line with the relevant standard applicable for the host contract.

As of March 31, 2022, the Parent Bank's has no cash flow hedging transaction.

Benchmark Rate Reform - Stage 2, which introduces amendments to TFRS 9, TAS 39, TFRS 7, TFRS 4 and TFRS 16, effective from January 2021, was published in December 2020 and early application of the changes is permitted. With the amendments made, certain exceptions are provided in the basis used in determining the contractual cash flows and in the hedge accounting provisions. The changes came into effect from 1 January 2021. Loans given from items indexed to benchmark interest rates in the Bank's financial statements and securities assets; Securities issued, derivative transactions and loans obtained through repo constitute liabilities. These changes do not have a significant impact on the Bank's financial position or performance. As of 31 March 2022, the Bank has no hedging transactions based on the benchmark interest rate.

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**5. Explanations on profit share income and expense**

Profit share income is recognized in the income statement on an accrual basis by using the method of internal rate of return and is accounted under profit share income account in the financial statements. While applying the internal rate of return method, the Bank amortizes the fees included in the account of the effective profit rate over the expected life of the financial instrument. If the financial asset is impaired and classified as a non-performing loan, profit accruals and rediscount calculations for these customers within the scope of TFRS 9 Financial Instruments Standard.

The Group calculates expense accrual in accordance with the unit value calculation method on profit/loss sharing accounts and reflects these amounts in "Funds Collected" account on the balance sheet.

**6. Explanations on fees and commission income and expenses**

Other than fees and commission income and expenses received from certain banking transactions that are recorded as income or expense in the period they are collected, fees and commission income and expenses are recognized in the income statement depending on the duration of the transaction. Except for fees and commissions that are integral part of the effective interest rates of financial instruments measured at amortized costs, the fees and commissions are accounted for in accordance with TFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers.

Except for fees and commissions that are integral part of the effective interest rates of financial instruments measured at amortized costs, the fees and commissions are accounted for in accordance with TFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers. Except for certain fees related with certain banking transactions and recognized when the related service is given, fees and commissions received or paid, and other fees and commissions paid to financial institutions are accounted under accrual basis of accounting throughout the service period. The income derived from agreements or asset purchases from real-person or corporate third parties are recognized as income when realized.

In accordance with the provisions of TAS, commission and fees collected in advance for loans used by the Parent Bank granted are deferred and reflected to the income statement by using the internal rate of return method. Unearned portion of the commission and fees relating to the future periods are recorded to the "Unearned Revenues" account under "Other Liabilities" on the balance sheet.

**7. Explanations on financial assets**

The Group classifies and accounts for its financial assets as 'Fair Value Through Profit/Loss', 'Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income,' or 'Amortized Cost.' Such financial assets are recognized and derecognized as per the terms of "Recognition and Derecognition in Financial Statements" under the section three of the "TFRS 9 Financial Instruments" regarding the classification and measurements of financial instruments, published in the Official Gazette numbered 29953 and dated 19 January 2017 by Public Oversight, Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA"). When financial assets are included in the financial statements for the first time, they are measured at fair value. Transaction costs are initially added to fair value or deducted from fair value at the initial measurement of financial assets other than the "Fair Value at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss".

The Group recognizes a financial asset in the financial statements only when it becomes a party to the contractual terms of a financial instrument. During the initial recognition of a financial asset, the business model determined by Bank management and the nature of contractual cash flows of the financial asset are taken into consideration. When the business model determined by the Bank management is changed, all affected financial assets are reclassified and this reclassification is applied prospectively. In such cases, no adjustments is made to gains, losses or profit shares that were previously recorded in the financial statements.

**7.1 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:**

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets that are managed within a business model other than the business model whose objective is achieved by holding contractual cashflows for collection and the business model whose objective is achieved by collecting and selling contractual cash flows. Also, in case that the contractual terms of financial assets do not give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and profit share on the principal amount, such assets are those that are, obtained with the aim of providing profit from the short-term price or other factor fluctuations in the market or are part of a portfolio aiming to obtain short-term profit, regardless of the reason of acquisition.

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**7.2 Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income:**

A financial asset is classified as at fair value through other comprehensive income when the asset is managed within a business model whose objective is achieved by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial asset, as well as when the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows are solely payments of principal and profit share on the principal amount.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognized by adding transaction cost to acquisition costs that reflect the fair value of the financial asset. After the recognition, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are remeasured at fair value. Profit share income calculated with effective profit share method regarding the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and dividend income from equity securities are recorded to income statement. "Unrealized gains and losses," which is the difference between the amortized cost and the fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, are not reflected in the income statement of the period until the acquisition of the asset, sale of the asset, the disposal of the asset, or the impairment of the asset. "Unrealized gains and losses" are accounted under the "Accumulated other comprehensive income or expense to be reclassified through profit or loss" under shareholders' equity.

Equity securities, which are classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, are carried at fair value, in the case that the securities have a quoted market price in an active market and/or the fair values of the securities can be reliably measured. In contrary case, the securities are carried at cost, less provision for impairment.

During initial recognition an entity can make an irrevocable election regarding the presentation of the subsequent changes in the fair value of the investment in an equity instrument, that is not held for trading purposes, in the other comprehensive income. In the case that the entity elects to present the changes as described, dividends arising from the investment is accounted in the financial statements as profit or loss.

The Parent Bank's financial assets with a difference in fair value reflected in other comprehensive income have government sukuks indexed to consumer prices ("CPI") in their securities portfolios, whose real coupon rates for 6 months remain constant throughout the maturity period. These assets are evaluated and accounted for according to the effective dividend method based on real coupon rates and the index calculated taking into account the reference inflation index and the estimated inflation rate at the date of issuance. The estimated inflation rate used is updated as necessary during the year.

**7.3 Financial assets measured at amortized cost:**

In the case that a financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and that the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise to cash flows on specified dates that are solely payments of principal and profit share on the principal amount, the financial asset is classified as financial asset measured at amortized cost.

Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost; are financial assets, other than loans and receivables, which are held for the purpose of custody until maturity, with conditions necessary for such assets to be held until contractual maturity met, including funding ability; and which have fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities. Financial assets measured at amortized cost are initially recognized at cost and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the internal rate of return method. Profit share income related to Financial Assets measured at amortized cost is reflected in the income statement.

**7.4 Derivative financial assets:**

The major derivative instruments utilized by the Bank are foreign currency swaps, cross currency swaps and currency forwards.

Payables and receivables arising from the derivative instruments are recorded in the off-balance sheet accounts at their contractual values.

Derivative transactions are valued at their fair values subsequent to their acquisition. In accordance with the classification of derivative financial instruments, the fair value amounts are classified as "Derivative Financial Assets Designated at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss." The fair value differences of derivative financial instruments are recognized in the income statement under trading profit/loss line in profit/loss from derivative financial transactions. The fair value of derivative instruments is calculated by taking into account the market value of the derivatives or by using the discounted cash flow model.

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**7.5 Loans:**

Loans are financial assets that have fixed or determinable payments terms and are not quoted in an active market. Loans are initially recognized at acquisition cost plus transaction costs presenting their fair value and thereafter measured at amortized cost using the "Effective Profit Share Rate (internal rate of return) Method".

**8. Explanations on offsetting of financial assets and liabilities**

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet when the Bank has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to collect/pay the related financial assets and liabilities on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

**9. Explanations on sale and repurchase agreements and lending of securities**

Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey ("CBRT") made some changes on orders for open market transactions ("OMT") and prepared an additional frame contract for participation banks in order to present rent certificates to open market operations of CBRT in accordance with the principles of participation banks. According to this agreement, a new type of transaction was formed which enables participation banks to resell or repurchase rent certificates on their portfolio to CBRT when they are in need of funding or in attempt to evaluate the excess liquidity. In this context, OMT were carried out with the CBRT for the first time on 14 June 2013, by subjecting the Treasury Lease Certificates, which were include in assets, to the repurchase transactions. From this date, the Bank performs sale transactions of treasury lease certificates that are recognized in the assets of the balance sheet in return for conditional repurchasing by tendering to purchase auctions held by CBRT with various maturities; and thusly raises funds.

As of 31 March 2022, the Parent Bank has repurchased agreement amounting to TL 154,342 (31 December 2021: 6,495,137 TL).

**10. Explanations on assets held for sale and discontinued operations and related liabilities**

As mandated by the Banking Act 5411 Article 57 "banks cannot participate in commercial real-estate and commodity trade with the exception of real-estate and commodity based agreements within the scope of Capital Markets Act No. 2499, and precious metal trade as seen appropriate by the board, and cannot participate in partnerships with firms whose main business activity is commercial real-estate, with the exception of real-estate investment partnerships and companies that finance mortgaged residential estates. The rules and procedures regarding the sales of real-estate and commodities that were acquired due to receivables and debtors' obligations to the bank are determined by the board."

Assets that meet the criteria for classification as assets held for sale are measured at the lower of the carrying amount of assets and fair value less any costs to be incurred for disposal. Assets held for sale are not amortized and presented in the financial statements separately. In order to classify an asset as held for sale, the sale should be highly probable and the asset (or disposal group) should be available for immediate sale in its present condition. Highly saleable condition requires a plan by the management regarding the sale of the asset (or the disposal group) together with an active program for the determination of buyers as well as for the completion of the plan. Also the asset (or the disposal group) should be actively in the market at a price consistent with its fair value. In addition, the sale is expected to be recognized as a completed sale within one year after the classification date and the necessary transactions and procedures to complete the plan should demonstrate the fact that there is remote possibility of making any significant changes in the plan or cancellation of the plan. Various events and conditions may extend the completion period of the disposal over one year. If such delay arises from any events and conditions beyond the control of the entity and there is sufficient evidence that the entity has an ongoing disposal plan for these assets, such assets (or disposal group) can remain to be classified as assets (or disposal group) held for sale. Extension of the period necessary to complete the sale, does not avoid the classification of the related asset (or disposal group) to be classified as asset held for sale.

A discontinued operation is a component of an entity that either has been disposed of or is classified as held for sale. Discontinued operations are presented separately in the income statement. The Bank has no discontinued operations.



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**11. Explanations on goodwill and other intangible assets:**

Intangible assets are stated at cost adjusted for inflation until 31 December 2004, less provision for impairment, if any, and accumulated amortization and amortized with straight-line method.

The other intangible assets of the Group comprise mainly computer software. The useful lives of such assets acquired prior to 2004 have been determined as 5 years and for the year 2004 and forthcoming years, as 3 years.

The amortization period of the licenses is determined on the basis of the duration of the license agreements.

There is no goodwill related to associates and subsidiaries.

**12. Explanations on tangible assets:**

Fixed assets are stated at cost adjusted for inflation until 31 December 2004, less accumulated depreciation and provision for impairment, if any.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the assets. The annual rates used for amortization are as follows:

Property	2%
Movables, leased assets	6.67% - 20%

Depreciation is calculated on a pro-rata basis for the assets that have been placed in use for less than one year as of the balance sheet date. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the term of the lease agreements by straight-line method.

If the recoverable amount (the higher of value in use and fair value) of a tangible asset is less than its carrying value, impairment loss is provided and the carrying value is written down to its recoverable amount.

Gains or losses resulting from disposals of the fixed assets are recorded in the income statement as the difference between the net proceeds and net book value of the asset.

Expenses for repair costs are capitalized if the expenditure increases economic life of the asset; other repair costs are expensed as incurred.

The capital expenditures made in order to increase the capacity of the tangible asset or to increase its future benefits are capitalized on the cost of the tangible asset. The capital expenditures include the cost components which are used either to increase the useful life or the capacity of the asset or the quality of the product, or to decrease the costs.

Property held for long-term rental yields and/or capital appreciation is classified as investment property. Investment properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment in value. Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the properties.

**13. Explanations on leasing transactions**

For contracts concluded prior to 1 January 2019, the Bank assesses whether the contract has a lease qualification or include a lease transaction.

- (a) The right to obtain almost all of the economic benefits from the use of the leased asset and,
- (b) Whether the leased asset which has the right to manage its use is evaluated

The Group has started implementing the TFRS 16 - Leases standard from 1 January 2019, the first date of the TFRS 16 standard. At the commencement date of the lease, the Bank recognizes lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. Lease payments are discounted by using the Group's alternative borrowing profit rate.

The Bank has recognized the right to lease assets equal to the lease obligation by restating the previously paid or accrued lease payments.

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**The right of the use asset**

The Group reflects the existence of a right of use and a lease obligation to the financial statements at the date the lease is commenced.

The right to use asset is recognized first by cost method and includes the following:

- (a) The first measurement amount of the lease obligation,
- (b) The amount obtained by deducting all rental incentives received from all lease payments made at or before the date of the rental.

When the Bank applying cost method, the existence of the right of use:

- (a) Accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses are deducted and
- (b) Measures the restatement of the lease obligation over the adjusted cost.

The Bank applies the depreciation liabilities in TAS 16 Tangible Fixed Assets while depreciating the right of use asset.

The Group determines whether the right of use has been impaired and recognizes any identified impairment losses in accordance with TAS 36 – Impairment of Assets.

**Lease Obligation**

At the effective date of the lease, the Bank measures the leasing liability at the present value of the lease payments not paid at that time. Lease payments are discounted using the Bank’s alternative borrowing interest rate.

The profit on the lease liability for each period of the lease term is the amount found by applying a fixed periodic profit rate to the remaining balance of the lease liability. Periodic profit rate is the Bank’s borrowing profit rate.

After the beginning of a contract, the Bank remeasures its lease liability to reflect changes in lease payments. The Bank reflects the restatement amount of the lease obligation to the financial statements as revised in the presence of the right of use.

**14. Explanations on provisions and contingent liabilities**

Provisions and contingent liabilities are accounted for in accordance with “Turkish Accounting Standard for Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets” (TAS 37).

Provisions are recognized when the Bank has a present obligation, legal or constructive, as a result of a past event, when it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and when a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

As per the “Matching Principle,” a provision is provided for the liabilities arising as a result of past events in the period they arise, if it is probable that the liability will be settled and a reliable estimate for the liability amount can be made.

When a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made or it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, the obligation is considered as a “Contingent” liability and is disclosed in the related notes to the financial statements.

**15. Explanations on liabilities relating to employee benefits**

**15.1 Defined benefit plans:**

In accordance with existing social legislation, the Bank is required to make severance pay to each employee who has completed over one year of service with the group and who retires or quits the employment to receive old age or disability benefits, to fulfill the compulsory military service, because of the marriage (for females) or because of the other compulsive reasons as defined in the laws and whose employment is terminated due to reasons other than resignation or misconduct.

Liabilities amount which is related to “Turkish Accounting Standard on Employee Benefits” (“TAS 19”) is reflected accompanying financial statements and these liabilities are calculated by an independent actuary firm. Bank is accounted all actuarial profit and loss under Statement of other Comprehensive Income.

The Bank’s employees are not members of any pension fund, foundations, union or other similar entities.

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**15.2 Defined contribution plans:**

The Bank pays defined contribution plans to publicly administered Social Security Funds for its employees as mandated by the Social Security Association. The Bank has no further payment obligations other than this contribution share. The contributions are recognized as employee benefit expense when they are due.

**15.3 Short term benefits to employees:**

In accordance with “TAS 19”, vacation pay liabilities are defined as “Short Term Benefits to Employees” and accrued as earned.

The Bank management calculates bonus accrual if it foresees that the budgeted year-end figures approved by the Board of Directors are attainable.

**16. Explanations on taxation**

***Current Tax***

As per the terms of the provisional article 11 added to the Law No. 5520 by the Article 91 of the Law No. 7316, it was established that the rate of 20%, as disclosed in the first paragraph of the Article 32 of the Corporate Tax Law No. 5520, shall be applied as 23% over the corporation income for the tax period of the years 2022, 20% for the taxation period of 2023. (and for entities that are appointed with special accounting period, for the accounting periods beginning within the relevant year).

In this context, corporate tax will be collected at the rate of 23% for the 2022 period and 20% for the year 2023 for corporate taxpayers. In addition, in the said periods, temporary tax will be paid by the corporate taxpayers at the rate of 23% for 2022 and 20% for 2023, according to the principles specified in the Income Tax Law, to be deducted from the corporate tax of the aforementioned tax periods.

This rate is applied on taxable income which is calculated by adjusting the income before tax for certain disallowable expenses, tax exempt income and other allowances. No further tax is applicable unless the profit is distributed. In accordance with the tax legislation, the temporary tax rate for 2022 will be paid at the rate of 23% for the year 2022 and 20% for the year 2023 over the tax bases formed quarterly, and the temporary taxes paid within the year are deducted from the corporate tax calculated over the annual corporate tax return of that year.

Withholding taxes is not applied to dividends distributed to companies’ resident in Turkey or companies who earn income in Turkey through their resident representatives in Turkey. With the Council of Minister’s decision numbered 2009/14593 and 2009/14594 which are published in official gazette numbered 27130 and dated 3 February 2009, some deduction rates in 15<sup>th</sup> and 30<sup>th</sup> articles of the corporate tax law numbered 5520 were re-determined. In accordance with this, dividends distributed to companies other than companies’ resident in Turkey or companies who earn income in Turkey through their resident representatives in Turkey are subject to 10% withholding taxes. Double tax treaty agreements are also taken into consideration during the application of withholding taxes on dividends distributed to real persons and to foreign-based taxpayers. Addition of profit to share capital is not considered as dividend distributed therefore no withholding taxes is applied.

For the purpose of issuance of certificate of leasing immovables to resource institutions, with the sale of asset leasing companies, the scope of Financial Leasing, Factoring and Financing Companies Law No.6361, dated 21 November 2012 in order to lease it back and in case of taking back at the end of the contract, with the sale of financial leasing companies and asset leasing by asset leasing companies, for profit from the sale of the immovable property inherited from the institution applies this rate as 100% and for the immovable is not compulsory to be in assets at least for a period of two years. But the mentioned immovable’s; except in case of failure to fulfill the obligations arising from the source institution, the lesser or leasing agreement, immovable in question by the asset leasing company, in case of selling a third person or institutions, these immovable’s with the carrying value before its transfer to resource institution or asset leasing in lesser or asset leasing company, in mentioned institutions taking into consideration the total amount of depreciation is taxable for corporation engaged in the sale.

Corporate tax returns are filed by the thirty day of the fourth month following the balance sheet date and taxes is paid in one installment by the end of that month.

Corporate tax losses can be carried forward for a maximum period of five years following the year in which the losses were incurred. However, losses cannot be carried back to offset profits from previous periods. The tax authorities can inspect tax returns and the related accounting records for a retrospective maximum period of five years.

In Turkey, there is no procedure for a final and definite agreement on tax assessments.

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On January 20, 2022, the implementation of inflation accounting with the "Law on The Amendment of the Tax Procedure Law and the Corporate Tax Law" adopted on the agenda of the Turkish Grand National Assembly has been postponed to start from the balance sheet dated December 31, 2023.

***Deferred Tax***

For taxable temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts, as per the provisions of "Turkish Accounting Standard on Income Taxes" ("TAS 12"), the Bank calculates deferred tax asset or liability over all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax asset over taxable temporary differences, apart from the provisions for Expected Credit Losses for 12-Months (Stage 1) and for Lifetime Credit Losses (Stage 2) with significant increase in the credit risk after initial recognition, to the extent that is probable that taxable profit will be available in subsequent periods. Deferred tax asset and liabilities are shown in the accompanying financial statements on a net basis. The tax effect regarding the items directly accounted in equity are also reflected in equity. Updated tax rates in the upcoming periods will be taken into account in the calculation of deferred tax assets and liabilities.

**17. Explanations on additional disclosures on borrowings**

Borrowings other than funds collected are measured at amortized cost using the internal rate of return method after the initial recognition. The Bank does not apply hedging techniques on related borrowings.

The Bank has not issued convertible bonds.

**18. Explanations on share certificates issued**

There is no significant amount of transaction costs on Bank about share certificates.

**19. Explanations on acceptances and availed drafts**

Acceptances and availed drafts are realized simultaneously with the payment dates of the customers and they are presented as commitments in off-balance sheet accounts.

**20. Explanations on government grants**

There are no government grants received by the Bank.

**21. Explanations on segment reporting**

The Retail Banking conducts its activities in three separate segments: Corporate and Commercial Banking, Treasury and International Banking. Each department serves with its own products and the results of the activities are monitored on the basis of these departments.

Segment reporting is disclosed in Section Four, Note 13.

**22. Explanations on other matters**

The Bank has no disclosures on other matters.

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**SECTION FOUR**

**INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE GROUP**

**1. Explanations on consolidated equity items**

Total capital and Capital adequacy ratio have been calculated in accordance with the “Regulation on Equity of Banks” and “Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks”. As of 31 March 2022 Group’s total capital has been calculated as TL 24,333,066 (31 December 2021: 19,958,724 TL), capital adequacy ratio is 22.49% (31 December 2021: 22.34%).

Fluctuations are experienced in the financial markets mainly as a result of the COVID-19 outbreak, in the press statement made by the BRSA on March 23, 2020. Therefore, in accordance with the BRSA's Decision No. 9795 dated 16 September 2021; In the calculation of the amount subject to credit risk in accordance with the Regulation on Measurement and Evaluation of Capital Adequacy; To be able to use the simple arithmetic average of the Central Bank foreign exchange buying rates of the last 252 business days before the calculation date, when calculating the amounts valued in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standards and the relevant special provision amounts for monetary assets and non-monetary assets other than items in foreign currency measured in terms of historical cost, to continue the application until a Board Decision is taken to the contrary,

In addition, in accordance with the BRSA's decision dated 16 April 2020 and numbered 8999; Within the scope of the Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks, it is enabled to apply 0% risk weight in the calculation of the amount subject to credit risk to the receivables of banks from the Central Government of the Republic of Turkey and arranged in FX.

The Bank used these opportunities in its Capital Adequacy calculations as of March 31, 2022.

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**1.1. Information on consolidated equity items**

	Current Period 31/03/2022 Amount	Prior Period 31/12/2021 Amount
<b>COMMON EQUITY TIER I CAPITAL</b>		
Paid-In Capital To Be Entitled For Compensation After All Creditors	4,600,000	4,600,000
Share Premium	24,525	24,525
Reserves	5,669,044	3,411,612
Other Comprehensive Income According to TAS	2,522,696	482,295
Profit	2,303,557	3,266,312
Current Period Profit	1,555,135	3,355,492
Prior Period Profit	748,422	(89,180)
Minority Shares	-	-
Bonus Shares From Associates, Affiliates And Joint-Ventures Not Accounted In Current Period's Profit	36,334	36,019
<b>Common Equity Tier I Capital Before Deductions</b>	<b>15,156,156</b>	<b>11,820,763</b>
<b>Deductions From Common Equity Tier I Capital</b>		-
Valuation Adjustments Calculated As Per The Article 9. (I) Of The Regulation On Bank Capital	-	-
Current And Prior Periods' Losses Not Covered By Reserves, And Losses Accounted Under Equity According To TAS (-)	32,416	16,538
Leasehold Improvements On Operational Leases (-)	80,701	73,968
Goodwill Netted With Deferred Tax Liabilities	-	-
Other Intangible Assets Netted With Deferred Tax Liabilities Except Mortgage Servicing Rights	367,937	347,516
Remaining after deducting from the related deferred tax liability with the deferred tax asset based on future taxable income, except for deferred tax assets based on temporary differences	122,119	115,397
Differences Arise When Assets And Liabilities Not Held At Fair Value, Are Subjected To Cash Flow Hedge Accounting	-	-
Total Credit Losses That Exceed Total Expected Loss Calculated According To The Regulation On Calculation Of Credit Risk By Internal Ratings Based Approach	-	-
Securitization Gains	-	-
Unrealized Gains And Losses From Changes In Bank's Liabilities' Fair Values Due To Changes In Creditworthiness	-	-
Net Amount Of Defined Benefit Plans	52,112	52,112
Direct And Indirect Investments Of The Bank On Its Own Tier I Capital (-)	4,869	4,869
Shares Obtained Against Article 56, Paragraph 4 Of The Banking Law (-)	-	-
Total Of Net Long Positions Of The Investments In Equity Items Of Unconsolidated Banks And Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns 10% Or Less Of The Issued Share Capital Exceeding The 10% Threshold Of Above Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Total Of Net Long Positions Of The Investments In Equity Items Of Unconsolidated Banks And Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns 10% Or More Of The Issued Share Capital Exceeding The 10% Threshold Of Above Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Mortgage Servicing Rights Exceeding The 10% Threshold Of Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Net Deferred Tax Assets Arising From Temporary Differences Exceeding The 10% Threshold Of Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Amount Exceeding The 15% Threshold Of Tier I Capital As Per The Article 2, Clause 2 Of The Regulation On Measurement And Assessment Of Capital Adequacy Of Banks (-)	-	-
The Portion Of Net Long Position Of The Investments In Equity Items Of Unconsolidated Banks And Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns 10% Or More Of The Issued Share Capital Not Deducted From Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Mortgage Servicing Rights Not Deducted (-)	-	-
Excess Amount Arising From Deferred Tax Assets From Temporary Differences (-)	-	-
Other Items To Be Defined By The BRSA (-)	-	-
Deductions From Tier I Capital In Cases Where There Are No Adequate Additional Tier I Or Tier II Capitals (-)	-	-
<b>Total Deductions From Common Equity Tier I Capital</b>	<b>660,154</b>	<b>610,400</b>
<b>Total Common Equity Tier I Capital</b>	<b>14,496,002</b>	<b>11,210,363</b>

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<b>ADDITIONAL TIER I CAPITAL</b>		
Privileged stocks not included in common equity and share premiums	-	-
Debt Instruments and the Related Issuance Premiums Defined by the BRSA	3,663,153	3,317,165
Debt Instruments and the Related Issuance Premiums Defined by the BRSA (Covered by Temporary Article 4)	-	-
<b>Additional Tier I Capital before Deductions</b>	<b>3,663,153</b>	<b>3,317,165</b>
<b>Deductions From Additional Tier I Capital</b>		
Direct And Indirect Investments Of The Bank On Its Own Additional Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Investments In Equity Instruments Issued By Banks Or Financial Institutions Invested In Bank's Additional Tier I Capital And Having Conditions Stated In The Article 7 Of The Regulation	-	-
Total Of Net Long Positions Of The Investments In Equity Items Of Unconsolidated Banks And Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns 10% Or Less Of The Issued Share Capital Exceeding The 10% Threshold Of Above Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
The Total Of Net Long Position Of The Direct Or Indirect Investments In Additional Tier I Capital Of Unconsolidated Banks And Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns More Than 10% Of The Issued Share Capital (-)	-	-
Other Items To Be Defined By The BRSA (-)	-	-
<b>Items To Be Deducted From Tier I Capital During The Transition Period</b>		
Goodwill And Other Intangible Assets And Related Deferred Taxes Not Deducted From Tier I Capital As Per The Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 Of The Regulation On Measurement And Assessment Of Capital Adequacy Of Banks (-)	-	-
Net Deferred Tax Asset/Liability Not Deducted From Tier I Capital As Per The Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 Of The Regulation On Measurement And Assessment Of Capital Adequacy Of Banks (-)	-	-
Deduction From Additional Tier I Capital When There Is Not Enough Tier II Capital (-)	-	-
<b>Total Deductions From Additional Tier I Capital</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Total Additional Tier I Capital</b>	<b>3,663,153</b>	<b>3,317,165</b>
<b>Total Tier I Capital (Tier I Capital= Common Equity Tier I Capital + Additional Tier I Capital)</b>	<b>18,159,155</b>	<b>14,527,528</b>
<b>Tier II Capital</b>		
Debt Instruments And The Related Issuance Premiums Defined By The BRSA(*)	5,128,414	4,644,031
Debt Instruments And The Related Issuance Premiums Defined By The BRSA (Covered By Temporary Article 4)	-	-
Provisions (Amounts Explained In The First Paragraph Of The Article 8 Of The Regulation On Bank Capital)	1,062,247	905,540
<b>Tier II Capital before deductions</b>	<b>6,190,661</b>	<b>5,549,571</b>
<b>Deductions From Tier II Capital</b>		
Direct And Indirect Investments Of The Bank On Its Own Tier II Capital (-)	-	-
Investments In Equity Instruments Issued By Banks And Financial Institutions Invested In Bank's Tier II Capital And Having Conditions Stated In The Article 8 Of The Regulation	-	-
Total Of Net Long Positions Of The Investments In Equity Items Of Unconsolidated Banks And Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns 10% Or Less Of The Issued Share Capital Exceeding The 10% Threshold Of Above Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
The Total Of Net Long Position Of The Direct Or Indirect Investments In Additional Tier I Capital And Tier II Capital Of Unconsolidated Banks And Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns 10% Or More Of The Issued Share Capital Exceeding The 10% Threshold Of Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Other Items To Be Defined By The BRSA (-)	-	-
<b>Total Deductions From Tier II Capital</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Total Tier II Capital</b>	<b>6,190,661</b>	<b>5,549,571</b>
<b>Total Equity (Total Tier I And Tier II Capital)</b>	<b>24,349,816</b>	<b>20,077,099</b>

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<b>Total Tier I Capital And Tier II Capital (Total Equity)</b>		
Loans Granted Against The Articles 50 And 51 Of The Banking Law (-)	-	-
Net Book Values Of Movables And Immovables Exceeding The Limit Defined In The Article 57, Clause 1 Of The Banking Law And The Assets Acquired Against Overdue Receivables And Held For Sale But Retained More Than Five Years (-)	10,230	11,607
Other Items To Be Defined By The BRSA (-)	5,206	106,768
<b>Items To Be Deducted From The Sum Of Tier I And Tier II Capital (Capital) During The Transition Period</b>		
The Portion Of Total Of Net Long Positions Of The Investments In Equity Items Of Unconsolidated Banks And Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns 10% Or Less Of The Issued Share Capital Exceeding The 10% Threshold Of Above Tier I Capital Not Deducted From Tier I Capital, Additional Tier I Capital Or Tier II Capital As Per The Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 Of The Regulation (-)	-	-
The Portion Of Total Of Net Long Positions Of The Investments In Equity Items Of Unconsolidated Banks And Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns More Than 10% Of The Issued Share Capital Exceeding The 10% Threshold Of Above Tier I Capital Not Deducted From Additional Tier I Capital Or Tier II Capital As Per The Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 Of The Regulation (-)	-	-
The Portion Of Net Long Position Of The Investments In Equity Items Of Unconsolidated Banks And Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns 10% Or More Of The Issued Share Capital, Of The Net Deferred Tax Assets Arising From Temporary Differences And Of The Mortgage Servicing Rights Not Deducted From Tier I Capital As Per The Temporary Article 2, Clause 2, Paragraph (1) And (2) And Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 Of The Regulation (-)	-	-
<b>Capital</b>		
Total Capital (Total Of Tier I Capital And Tier II Capital)	24,334,380	19,958,724
Total Risk Weighted Assets	108,219,000	89,353,714
<b>Capital Adequacy Ratios</b>		
CET1 Capital Ratio (%)	13.40	12.55
Tier I Capital Ratio (%)	16.78	16.26
Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	22.49	22.34
<b>Buffers</b>		
Bank-Specific Total CET1 Capital Ratio	2.50	2.50
Capital Conservation Buffer Ratio (%)	2.50	2.50
Systemic Significant Bank Buffer Ratio (%)	-	-
Additional CET1 Capital Over Total Risk Weighted Assets Ratio Calculated According To The Article 4 Of Capital Conservation And Counter-Cyclical Capital Buffers Regulation	8.90	8.05
<b>Amounts Lower Than Excesses As Per Deduction Rules</b>		
Remaining Total Of Net Long Positions Of The Investments In Equity Items Of Unconsolidated Banks And Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns 10% Or Less Of The Issued Share Capital	-	-
Remaining Total Of Net Long Positions Of The Investments In Tier I Capital Of Unconsolidated Banks And Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns More Than 10% Or Less Of The Issued Share Capital	-	-
Remaining Mortgage Servicing Rights	-	-
Net Deferred Tax Assets Arising From Temporary Differences	-	-
<b>Limits For Provisions Used In Tier II Capital Calculation</b>		
General Loan Provisions For Exposures In Standard Approach (Before Limit Of One Hundred And Twenty Five Per Ten Thousand)	4,539,052	6,298,549
General Loan Provisions For Exposures In Standard Approach Limited By 1.25% Of Risk Weighted Assets	1,062,247	905,540
Total Loan Provision That Exceeds Total Expected Loss Calculated According To Communiqué On Calculation Of Credit Risk By Internal Ratings Based Approach	-	-
Total Loan Provision That Exceeds Total Expected Loss Calculated According To Communiqué On Calculation Of Credit Risk By Internal Ratings Based Approach, Limited By 0.6% Risk Weighted Assets	-	-
Debt Instruments Covered By Temporary Article 4 (Effective Between 1.1.2018-1.1.2022)		
Upper Limit For Additional Tier I Capital Items Subject To Temporary Article 4	-	-
Amount Of Additional Tier I Capital Items Subject To Temporary Article 4 That Exceeds Upper Limit	-	-
Upper Limit For Additional Tier II Capital Items Subject To Temporary Article 4	-	-
Amount Of Additional Tier II Capital Items Subject To Temporary Article 4 That Exceeds Upper Limit	-	-



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<b>Information on debt instruments to be included in equity calculation:</b>			
Issuer	KT One Company Limited	KT AT One Company Limited	KT21 T2 Company Limited
Mean Code (CUSIP, ISIN vb.)	XS2028862998	XS2227803819	XS2384355520
Legislation to which the mean is subject	BRSA regulation on Shareholders ' Equity	BRSA regulation on Shareholders ' Equity	BRSA regulation on Shareholders ' Equity
<b>Consideration In Equity Calculation</b>			
Subject to consideration application reduced by 10% from 1/1/2015	Not being subject	Not being subject	Not being subject
Validity on a consolidated or unconsolidated basis or both consolidated and unconsolidated basis	Current on both consolidated and unconsolidated basis	Current on both consolidated and unconsolidated basis	Current on both consolidated and unconsolidated basis
Means Type	Subordinated Sukuk (Additional Tier I Capital)	Subordinated Sukuk (Additional Tier I Capital)	Subordinated Sukuk (Tier II Capital)
Amount taken into account in equity calculation (as of last reporting date-TL million)	2,931	444733	5,128
Nominal value of the mean (TL million))	2,931	444733	5,128
The account in which the mean is followed accounting	3470003	3470003	3470003
Export date of the mean	16/07/2019	29/09/2020	16/09/2021
Maturity structure of the mean (demand/term))	Demand	Demand	10 years and 3 months term
Initial maturity of the mean	5 Years (Due Date : 16/07/2024)	5 Years (Due Date : 28/09/2025)	5 Years and 3 months (Due Date: 16/12/2026)
Whether the issuer has the right to refund subject to BRSA approval	Yes	Yes	Yes
Date of repayment option, contingent repayment options and amount to be paid back	16/07/2024 - Complete	29/09/2025 - Tamamı	16/12/2026 -Tamamı
Subsequent repayment option dates	16/07/2024	29/09/2025	16/12/2026
<b>Dividend payments</b>			
Fixed or variable dividend payments	Fixed dividend payments	Fixed dividend payments	Fixed dividend payments
Dividend ratio and index value for dividend ratio	9.13%	9.95%	6.125%
Whether there are any restrictions that stop paying dividends	None	None	None
The ability to be completely optional, partially optional or mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory
Whether there is an element to encourage repayment, such as a dividend rate hike	None	None	None
Non-accumulative or cumulative property	Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative
<b>Ability to convert to stock</b>			
Trigger events/events that would cause conversion if converted to stock	Cannot be converted into stock	Cannot be converted into stock	Cannot be converted into stock
Fully or partially convert property if it can be converted to stock	Cannot be converted into stock	Cannot be converted into stock	Cannot be converted into stock
If it can be converted to stock, the conversion rate	Cannot be converted into stock	Cannot be converted into stock	Cannot be converted into stock
Forced or optional conversion property, if it can be converted to stock	Cannot be converted into stock	Cannot be converted into stock	Cannot be converted into stock
Types of convertible means, if convertible to stock	Cannot be converted into stock	Cannot be converted into stock	Cannot be converted into stock
Issuer of the debt instrument to be converted, if it can be converted to stock	Cannot be converted into stock	Cannot be converted into stock	Cannot be converted into stock
<b>Value reduction feature</b>			
Trigger events/events to cause reduction if value reduction is enabled	No Value Reduction	No Value Reduction	No Value Reduction
If it has a value reduction feature, it has a total or partial value reduction feature	No Value Reduction	No Value Reduction	No Value Reduction
If the value reduction property is continuous or transient	No Value Reduction	No Value Reduction	No Value Reduction
If the value can be temporarily reduced, the value increment mechanism	No Value Reduction	No Value Reduction	No Value Reduction
In the case of liquidation, which is in the order in respect of the right of receivables (the instrument which is located just above this instrument of borrowing)	Tier - 1	Tier - 1	Tier - 2
Whether or not the provisions of Articles 7 and 8 of the regulation on the shareholders ' equity of the banks are not met	None	None	None
Which of the conditions contained in Articles 7 and 8 of the regulation on the shareholders ' equity of the banks are not met	None	None	None

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**1.2 Approaches applied to assess the adequacy of internal capital requirement in terms of current and future activities:**

Internal evaluation process is established for continuously evaluating and maintaining the types, components and distribution of the adequate level of capital in order to provide for various risks exposed to or to be exposed to. The final purpose of the evaluation process of the internal capital requirement, is to define and evaluate all the risks included or not in the calculations of the legal capital requirements, within the frame of the activities of the bank, and to provide the availability of adequate capital in order to cover these risks and the application of the risk management techniques. The results obtained in this evaluation process by taking into consideration, the Parent Banks' growth strategy, assets-liabilities structure, funding sources, liquidity position, foreign currency position, the effect of the price and market fluctuations on the capital, which are among the variables of the economy, aim to provide the continuity of the mentioned capital adequacy level at the determined level in compliance with the Banks' risk profile and risk appetite.

Within this scope, capital structure is reviewed as based on the frame of the activities and risks exposed to, and the internal capital requirement, probable to occur within the direction of targets and strategies of the Group is evaluated. This evaluation includes interest rate risk, concentration risk, liquidation risk, reputation risk, residual risk, country risk and strategic risk arising of the banking books as well as market, credit and operational risks. Capital requirement internal evaluation is evaluated to be a developing process and the development areas for the future period are determined and plans are prepared.

**2. Explanations on consolidated credit risk:**

It has not been prepared in the interim period in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on Financial Statements to be Publicly Announced by Banks and the Related Explanations and Footnotes.

**3. Explanations on consolidated currency risk**

Foreign currency risk represents the Group's exposure to loss due to the changes in foreign currency exchange rates. All foreign currency assets, liabilities and foreign currency forward transactions are considered in calculation of capital to be employed for foreign currency risk according to standard method. "Standard Method" and "Value at Risk Method" used in legal reporting are used to measure the currency risk that the Group is exposed to. Measurements made under the Standard Method are made on a monthly basis, and measurements made under the Value at Risk Method are made on a daily basis.

The Parent monitors daily the designated limits set by the Board of Directors and additionally observes the possible value changes in foreign currency positions. The limits are determined and followed both for the net foreign currency position and for the cross-exchange rate risk within the position. As a tool of foreign currency risk management, foreign currency forward transactions are used when necessary to mitigate the risk.

As of 31 March 2022, the Group consists of a balance sheet open position of TL 3,131,912 (December 31, 2021 - TL 584,272 closed) and off-balance sheet position of TL 3,428,580 (December 31, 2021 - TL 304,773 open) with a closed position of TL 296,668 (December 31, 2021 - TL 279,449 closed).

The announced current foreign exchange buying rates of the Parent Bank as of 31 March 2022 and the previous five working days are as follows (full TL):

	24/03/2022	25/03/2022	26/03/2022	29/03/2022	30/03/2022	Balance Sheet Valuation Rate
<b>USD</b>	14.83919	14.81644	14.83463	14.71664	14.6593	14.65261
<b>EURO</b>	16.30041	16.31663	16.26759	16.29105	16.32086	16.29667
<b>GBP</b>	19.57174	19.54066	19.48007	19.31593	19.2674	19.24078
<b>CHF</b>	15.92541	15.97877	15.86297	15.76031	15.82306	15.8543
<b>JPY</b>	0.121960	0.121670	0.119730	0.119430	0.120340	0.120360

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The simple arithmetic averages of the major current foreign exchange buying rates of the Parent Bank for the thirty days preceding the balance sheet date are as follows (full TL):

	Monthly average FC purchase rate
<b>USD</b>	14.62032
<b>EURO</b>	16.11016
<b>GBP</b>	19.26287
<b>CHF</b>	15.73239
<b>JPY</b>	0.12341

**Consolidated currency risk of the Group:**

Current Period	Euro	USD	Other FC	Total
<b>Assets</b>				
Cash (cash in vault, effectives, money in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey (***)	22,680,916	25,495,541	12,665,874	60,842,331
Banks (*****)	2,152,101	1,437,858	5,829,806	9,419,765
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	-	1,527,847	12,586,182	14,114,029
Money market placements	-	-	-	-
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	6,731,538	8,126,362	-	14,857,900
Loans and finance lease receivables (*)	39,258,743	42,040,883	31,105	81,330,731
Subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures	-	-	-	-
Financial assets at amortized cost	572,016	7,994,648	-	8,566,664
Derivative financial assets for hedging purposes	-	-	-	-
Tangible assets	65,346	1,674	-	67,020
Intangible assets	115,953	42	-	115,995
Other assets	2,619,755	99,744	4,295	2,723,794
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>74,196,368</b>	<b>86,724,599</b>	<b>31,117,262</b>	<b>192,038,229</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>				
Current account and funds collected from Banks via participation accounts	943,904	432,253	485,156	1,861,313
Current and profit-sharing accounts FC (***)	35,476,864	81,884,304	58,329,639	175,690,807
Money market borrowings	-	-	-	-
Funds provided from other financial institutions	611,755	11,817,351	-	12,429,106
Marketable securities issued	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous payables	1,381,631	1,902,978	44,213	3,328,822
Derivative financial liabilities for hedging purposes	-	-	-	-
Other liabilities (*****)	499,306	1,264,971	95,816	1,860,093
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>38,913,460</b>	<b>97,301,857</b>	<b>58,954,824</b>	<b>195,170,141</b>
Net balance sheet position	35,282,908	(10,577,258)	(27,837,562)	(3,131,912)
Net off-balance sheet position	(35,557,977)	11,094,477	27,892,080	3,428,580
Financial derivative assets	844,006	21,125,875	28,160,600	50,130,481
Financial derivative liabilities	36,401,983	10,031,398	268,520	46,701,901
Non-cash loans (**)	3,457,988	6,120,581	238,901	9,817,470
<b>Prior period</b>				
Total assets	<b>66,317,591</b>	<b>76,648,637</b>	<b>37,688,877</b>	<b>180,655,105</b>
Total liabilities	<b>36,135,292</b>	<b>92,777,624</b>	<b>51,157,917</b>	<b>180,070,833</b>
Net balance sheet position	30,182,299	(16,128,987)	(13,469,040)	584,272
Net off-balance sheet position	(31,148,919)	17,466,057	13,528,864	(153,998)
Financial derivative assets	461,079	22,428,894	14,352,732	37,242,705
Financial derivative liabilities	31,609,998	4,962,837	823,868	37,396,703
Non-cash loans (**)	3,261,176	4,935,753	274,986	8,471,915

(\*) Includes foreign currency indexed loans amounting to TL 1,932,133 (December 31, 2021 - TL 2,009,070) followed in the balance sheet as TL and expected loss provisions amounting to TL 4,494,596.

(\*\*) Does not have any effect to the net off-balance sheet position.

(\*\*\*) Precious metals are included in "Other FC" column.

(\*\*\*\*) Other liabilities at fair value through TL 4,764 in the calculation of profit / loss of securities are not included in the foreign currency risk of impairment provisions. It also includes a provision for foreign currency indexed loans amounting to TL 178,870

(\*\*\*\*\*) Includes provisions for expected losses amounting to TL 1,271 in the balance sheet

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Foreign currency amounts that are not included in the currency risk table due to the legislation related to calculation of foreign currency net position to equity standard ratio, are explained by their gradation in the financial statements below.

- Derivative financial assets held for trading TL 557,307 (31 December 2021 – TL 592,855)
- Prepaid expenses: TL 1,164 (31 December 2021 – 1,303 TL)
- Derivative financial liabilities held for trading: TL 413,514 (31 December 2021 – TL 64,866)
- Marketable securities of FC revaluation reverse: 104,776 (31 December 2021 - TL 65,917)
- Derivative financial liabilities held for hedging: None. (31 December 2021 – None)

Receivables/Payables related to derivative financial instruments include foreign currency purchase/sale transactions that are amounting to;

- Forward foreign currency purchase transactions TL 2,337,617 (31 December 2021 – TL 1,788,778)
- Forward foreign currency sale transactions: TL 2,723,560 (31 December 2021 – TL 3,018,472)
- Precious metals purchase transactions TL 26,310,804 (31 December 2021 – TL 13,177,082)
- Precious metals sale transactions TL 53,906 (31 December 2021 – TL 52,347)

**Sensitivity to exchange rate risk**

The group is largely exposed to exchange rate risk in Euros, US dollars and Gold.

The following table shows the group's sensitivity to a 10% increase in US Dollar, Euro and gold exchange rates.

	Change in exchange rate %	Effect on profit / loss		Effect on equity	
		Current period	Prior period	Current period	Prior period
USD	10%	51,722	123,774	122,437	194,489
EUR	10%	(27,507)	(101,898)	(23,568)	(97,959)
GOLD	10%	17,123	16,064	17,123	16,064

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**4. Explanations on stock position risk arising from banking accounts**

**4.1 Relation of risks with gains accounted under equity and analyzing according to their aims including strategic reasons and the accounting policies applied and general information about valuation techniques with assumptions in this application, the elements that manipulate valuation and important changes:**

The Group's non-quoted securities are accounted for fair value. When the fair value cannot be reliably measured, the cost method is used.

**4.2. Carrying value of share investments, for fair value and quoted securities, comparison with market value if market value is significantly different from fair value:**

<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Comparison</b>		
<b>Equity Securities (shares) investments</b>	<b>Carrying Value</b>	<b>Fair Value</b>	<b>Market Value</b>
<b>Securities at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income</b>	<b>109,521</b>	-	<b>109,521</b>
Quoted Securities	-	-	-
<b>Investments in Associates</b>	-	-	-
Quoted Securities	-	-	-
<b>Investment in Subsidiaries</b>	<b>23,680</b>	-	-
Quoted Securities	-	-	-
<b>Other</b>	<b>97,360</b>	-	-
Quoted Securities	-	-	-

<b>Prior Period</b>	<b>Comparison</b>		
<b>Equity Securities (shares) investments</b>	<b>Carrying Value</b>	<b>Fair Value</b>	<b>Market Value</b>
<b>Securities at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income</b>	<b>84,074</b>	-	<b>84,074</b>
Quoted Securities	-	-	-
<b>Investments in Associates</b>	-	-	-
Quoted Securities	-	-	-
<b>Investment in Subsidiaries</b>	<b>23,680</b>	-	-
Quoted Securities	-	-	-
<b>Other</b>	<b>89,258</b>	-	-
Quoted Securities	-	-	-

**4.3 Realized gains/losses, revaluation surplus, unrealized gains/losses on equity securities and results included in core and supplementary capitals:**

None.

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**5. Consolidated liquidity risk management and liquidity coverage ratio**

The liquidity risk of the Bank is the risk of being unable to fulfill its payment obligations on time due to not having enough cash sources or cash inflows to finance its cash outflows fully and on time due to cash flow instabilities. It has been evaluated in two main categories:

**Funding Liquidity Risk:** It is a kind of risk which does not meet the any unexpected loss and non defaulting debts and liabilities.

**Market Liquidity Risk:** It is a kind of risk which consists of the position that cannot be sold without affecting market price due to insufficient market depth or market conditions' deterioration or that cannot be completed with the position of market price for any reasons.

Liquidity risk is managed by the Asset-Liability Committee (ALC) and related business units within the framework of the Liquidity Risk Policy and risk appetite approved by the Board of Directors. In liquidity risk management, the measures to be taken and the practices to be carried out are determined by taking into account normal economic conditions and stress conditions. The Bank defines liquidity risk, measures risks with liquidity risk measurement methods in accordance with international standards, monitors them and periodically presents them to the interested parties. Liquidity risk stress tests are performed during monthly periods. An emergency funding plan (liquidity contingency plan) has been created to regulate the procedures and principles for the bank to maintain and maintain adequate liquidity levels under stress conditions.

The Bank's liquidity risk ratios are well above the legal limits. The Bank maintains its liquidity buffer at high levels, taking into account periods when liquidity risk may increase. Due to this approach, it is evaluated that the negative effects of the COVID-19 pandemic on the global level do not have a significant impact on the Bank's liquidity needs.

**5.1 Information on risk capacity of the Group, Responsibilities and structure of liquidity risk management, the Bank's internal liquidity risk reporting, communication between the Board of Directors and business lines on liquidity risk strategy, policy and application:**

The applications and responsibilities related to the liquidity risk has been determined according to the Treasury Liquidity and Market Management Policies and Practices approved by Board of Directors. The Groups's liquidity and funding policy is to own sufficient liquidity reserve and funding opportunities to meet its liabilities even in cases of stress, resulting from the market conditions or other conditions specific to the Group.

The Group has a strong capital structure and is supported by its main shareholder is Kuwait Finance House; also its current and participation accounts are spread to the base and are stable, and its sources of foreign borrowing are diversified. Hence, by the virtue of the aforementioned facts, the Group has a high risk capacity. In addition, the Liquidity Coverage Ratio of the Group which insures its cash outflows with the high-quality liquid assets is deemed high. The Bank also has limits available for use at Central Bank of Turkey and other financial institutions.

Indicators regarding the liquidity position are analyzed and liquidity risk is evaluated at the ALC meetings attended by the senior management. Furthermore, the Board of Directors are informed through the Audit Committee.

For the management of liquidity risk, the Risk Management Department follows the funding and liquidity risks, market conditions, in the participating accounts, the distribution of different currencies, maturity, cost and expected future cash flow requirements (particularly with regard to large deposits). Reports on the liquidity gap analysis prepared weekly by Budget and Management Reporting and monitored by the Asset and Liability Committee. These units also estimate the possible liquidity needs of the Group in case of urgent situations and generate action plans based on these estimates. Risk Management Department follows the limits on liquidity risk determined by the Board of Directors. Risk Management Department, in addition to these, is implementing monthly liquidity stress tests to measure the effects of negative scenarios on liquidity position of the Group. The Treasury Group Management manages the liquidity risk and funding risk in order to prevent insufficiencies of funding relating to any time or any source and makes reports related with the liquidity position to Asset and Liability Committee regularly. Official and international Reporting Directorate tracks the liquidity coverage ratio and the results are reported to the BRSA.

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**5.2. Information on the centralization degree of liquidity management and funding strategy and the functioning between the Group and the Group's subsidiaries:**

The Group's liquidity management is performed by the Asset and Liability Management. Depending on the Parent Bank's consolidated subsidiaries are subject to liquidity risk is managed in-house, but the necessary communication and coordination within the Assistant General Manager in charge of Treasury and International Banking are provided.

**5.3 Information on the Group's funding strategy including the policies on funding types and variety of maturities:**

Group's spread to the base of current and participation accounts and that a stable, long-term diversification and aims to be the source of the funds used. Ratio of liquid assets to total assets ratio and risk indicators related to liquidity, credit and the ratio of funds, issues such as the concentration in collected funds are being closely monitored.

**5.4 Information on liquidity management on the basis of currencies constituting a minimum of five percent of the Group's total liabilities:**

Almost all liabilities of the Group are denominated in Turkish Lira, American Dollar, Euro or Gold. The TL denominated liquidity of the Group is managed through the open market transactions implemented by the Central Bank of the Turkish Republic and interbank operations. Liabilities denominated in TL are used in order to fund assets that are denominated in TL, assets denominated in TL are generated through foreign exchange based funds with swap operations if necessary. Foreign currency funds are provided with the foreign sourced credits denominated in foreign currency and sukuk-financial certificates issued. Liquidity denominated in foreign currency is kept at the interbank operations and accounts of the corresponding bonds within the limits. Liabilities denominated in Gold are kept at the required reserve accounts of the Central Bank of the Turkish substantially.

**5.5. Information on liquidity risk mitigation techniques:**

Liquidity risk is mitigated by using techniques such as maintaining high quality liquid asset buffer to cover possible fund outflows, diversification of funding sources so far as possible and inclusion to the base, homogenizing the maturity distribution of repayments as far as possible, obtaining limits from funding institutions to use when necessary and ensuring that a determined portion of funding sources are comprised of deposits. In addition, core deposit analysis is performed and concentration on collected funds are closely monitored.

**5.6. Information on the use of stress tests:**

In order to analyze the source of the possible liquidity insufficiencies and whether conformably move exists on existing off-balance sheet and balance sheet positions relevant with liquidity risk expectation, 3 types liquidity stress tests are applied by Risk Management Directorate. These includes stress test scenarios are special to the Group, related with the overall market or scenarios take in consideration both of the situations. Stress tests related with liquidity risk are repeated at monthly periods. Results are tracked with key risk indicators and monitored by Senior Management.

**5.7. General information on emergency funding plan:**

Necessary strategy and procedures for the management of possible liquidity crisis are determined with the Emergency Funding Plan, which is approved and reviewed every year by the Executive Risk Committee. The actions to be taken favor the benefits of depositors, creditors of the Bank and shareholders. Indicators of Emergency Funding Plan were determined, in case of unexpected progress at the liquidity situation occur or at situations trigger of other indicators, plan is put into use. After Liquidity Contingency Plan is put into use, Liquidity Contingency Management Committee is responsible from the determination of actions to be taken.

**5.8. Presentation of financial liabilities according to contractual maturities**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

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**5.9 Liquidity coverage ratio**

<i>Current Period</i>		Total Unweighted Value (Average) (*)		Total Weighted Value (Average) (*)	
		TL+FC	FC	TL+FC	FC
<b>HIGH-QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS</b>					
1	Total high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)	78,502,952	62,594,491	75,011,937	59,103,476
<b>CASH OUTFLOWS</b>					
2	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:	<b>77,873,930</b>	<b>20,281,578</b>	<b>6,956,603</b>	<b>2,028,158</b>
3	Stable deposits	16,615,790	-	830,789	-
4	Less stable deposits	61,258,140	20,281,578	6,125,814	2,028,158
5	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:	51,050,818	41,296,460	29,785,687	24,544,635
6	Operational deposits	-	-	-	-
7	Non-operational deposits	37,148,837	29,051,861	15,883,706	12,300,036
8	Unsecured funding	13,901,981	12,244,599	13,901,981	12,244,599
9	Secured wholesale funding			-	-
10	Other cash outflows of which:	32,921,937	31,227,679	32,921,937	31,227,679
11	Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements	32,858,544	31,227,679	32,858,544	31,227,679
12	Outflows related to restructured financial Instruments	63,393	-	63,393	-
13	Payment commitments and other off-balance sheet commitments granted for debts to financial markets	-	-	-	-
14	Other revocable off-balance sheet commitments and contractual obligations	-	-	-	-
15	Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable off-balance sheet obligations	26,914,670	9,000,212	2,533,332	573,592
16	<b>TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS</b>	-	-	<b>72,197,559</b>	<b>58,374,064</b>
<b>CASH INFLOWS</b>					
17	Secured receivables	-	-	-	-
18	Unsecured receivables	37,470,215	25,284,235	28,165,283	20,911,790
19	Other cash inflows	33,594,180	31,300,580	33,594,180	31,300,580
20	<b>TOTAL CASH INFLOWS</b>	71,064,395	56,584,815	61,759,463	52,212,370
				<b>Upper Limit Applied Values</b>	
21	<b>TOTAL HQLA STOCK</b>			75,011,937	59,103,476
22	<b>TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS</b>			18,049,390	14,593,516
23	<b>LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)</b>			<b>415.59</b>	<b>405.00</b>

(\*) The average calculated for the last three months of the liquidity coverage ratio calculated by taking the monthly simple arithmetic average.

The lowest, highest and average liquidity coverage ratios calculated in the by weekly periods 1 January-31 March of 2022 are given in the table below.

	Highest	Date	Lowest	Date	Average
<b>TL+FC</b>	473.19	07/02/2022	385.50	14/03/2022	418.26
<b>FC</b>	489.54	07/02/2022	358.24	14/03/2022	407.49

The liquidity coverage rate is calculated by the proportion of high-quality liquid assets held by the bank to its one-month maturity cash outflows. Important balance sheet items that determine the rate; Compulsory provisions held by the CBRT, repo / non-repurchase securities, institutional qualified participation accounts, funds from abroad and receivables from banks. These items have more impact on the liquidity coverage ratio than the liquidity assets and net cash outflows, because they have a high share of the current cointegration, high concentration and variability over time.



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**Liquidity risk management and liquidity coverage ratio (continued)**

<i>Prior Period</i>		Total Unweighted Value (Average) (*)		Total Weighted Value (Average) (*)	
		TL+FC	FC	TL+FC	FC
<b>HIGH-QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS</b>					
1	Total high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)	64,936,772	52,416,818	62,919,223	50,399,269
<b>CASH OUTFLOWS</b>					
2	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:	<b>68,880,158</b>	<b>15,157,013</b>	<b>6,612,422</b>	<b>1,647,541</b>
3	Stable deposits	15,782,818	-	857,744	-
4	Less stable deposits	53,097,340	15,157,013	5,754,678	1,647,541
5	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:	42,839,618	33,599,404	26,050,311	20,955,633
6	Operational deposits	-	-	-	-
7	Non-operational deposits	30,292,008	22,666,483	13,502,701	10,022,712
8	Unsecured funding	12,547,610	10,932,921	12,547,610	10,932,921
9	Secured wholesale funding			-	-
10	Other cash outflows of which:	29,307,494	27,424,727	29,307,494	27,424,727
11	Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements	29,225,451	27,424,727	29,225,451	27,424,727
12	Outflows related to restructured financial Instruments	82,043	-	82,043	-
13	Payment commitments and other off-balance sheet commitments granted for debts to financial markets	-	-	-	-
14	Other revocable off-balance sheet commitments and contractual obligations	-	-	-	-
15	Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable off-balance sheet obligations	20,634,803	6,315,493	2,008,144	371,179
16	<b>TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS</b>	-	-	<b>63,978,371</b>	<b>50,399,080</b>
<b>CASH INFLOWS</b>					
17	Secured receivables	-	-	-	-
18	Unsecured receivables	31,030,251	18,570,377	23,653,369	16,915,639
19	Other cash inflows	30,032,712	26,177,091	30,032,712	26,177,091
20	<b>TOTAL CASH INFLOWS</b>	<b>61,062,963</b>	<b>44,747,468</b>	<b>53,686,081</b>	<b>43,092,730</b>
				<b>Upper Limit Applied Values</b>	
21	<b>TOTAL HQLA STOCK</b>			62,919,223	50,399,269
22	<b>TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS</b>			15,994,593	12,599,770
23	<b>LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)</b>			<b>393.38</b>	<b>400.00</b>

(\*) The average calculated for the last three months of the liquidity coverage ratio calculated by taking the monthly simple arithmetic average.

The lowest, highest and average liquidity coverage ratios calculated in the by weekly periods 1 January-31 March of 2022 are given in the table below.

**Prior Period**

	Highest	Date	Lowest	Date	Average
TL+FC	465.04	07/10/2021	348.31	07/12/2021	398.48
FC	470.80	07/07/2021	292.07	07/09/2021	402.87

The liquidity coverage ratio is calculated by the ratio of the high-quality liquid assets of the Parent Bank to the net cash outflows within the one-month maturity window. Important balance sheet items which are influential over the aforementioned ratio may be specified as required reserves held in the presence of TC Central Bank, securities not subject to repo/assurance, institutional qualified participation accounts, funds of foreign origins and receivables from banks. These items have a higher influence over the liquidity coverage ratio as their amounts have a higher share of liquid assets and net cash outflows, their consideration rate is higher, and they may show variability over time.

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**Presentation of assets and liabilities according to their remaining maturities:**

Current Period End	Demand	Up to 1 months	1-3 months	3-12 months	1-5 Years	Over 5 years	Unallocated (**)	Total
<b>Assets</b>								
Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, Cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey	25,094,073	40,775,295	-	-	-	-	-	65,869,368
Banks (*)	11,452,076	-	231,466	-	-	-	-	11,683,542
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	-	(315,401)	475,595	487,803	15,245,041	-	355,888	16,248,926
Money market placements	-	121,971	-	-	-	-	-	121,971
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	16,977	154,342	4,388,669	458,670	30,553,519	-	233,050	35,805,227
Loans (**)	-	17,459,409	26,809,671	52,412,220	54,269,803	6,343,101	(7,139,306)	150,154,898
Financial assets measured at amortised cost	-	-	-	228,710	8,065,817	647,516	(5,135)	8,936,908
Other assets (***)	3,921,591	1,746,049	11,675	-	772,302	-	4,826,923	11,278,540
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>40,484,717</b>	<b>59,941,665</b>	<b>31,917,076</b>	<b>53,587,403</b>	<b>108,906,482</b>	<b>6,990,617</b>	<b>(1,728,580)</b>	<b>300,099,380</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>								
Current account and funds collected from banks via participation accounts	1,936,136	25	-	-	-	-	-	1,936,161
Current and profit-sharing accounts	144,128,340	70,399,325	19,915,474	16,808,012	1,390,826	7,075	-	252,649,052
Funds provided from other financial institutions	-	30,143	787,419	1,476,542	5,116,781	5,219,310	-	12,630,195
Money market borrowings	-	153,767	121,976	-	-	-	-	275,743
Marketable securities issued	-	2,237,506	887,750	-	-	-	-	3,125,256
Miscellaneous payables	4,735,765	212,419	-	-	-	-	-	4,948,184
Other Liabilities (****)	-	3,104,344	381,091	136,277	218,536	31,806	20,662,735	24,534,789
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>150,800,241</b>	<b>76,137,529</b>	<b>22,093,710</b>	<b>18,420,831</b>	<b>6,726,143</b>	<b>5,258,191</b>	<b>20,662,735</b>	<b>300,099,380</b>
Net liquidity gap	(110,315,524)	(16,195,864)	9,823,366	35,166,572	102,180,339	1,732,426	(22,391,315)	-
<b>Prior period</b>								
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>48,840,471</b>	<b>54,870,969</b>	<b>27,489,286</b>	<b>49,074,437</b>	<b>81,041,959</b>	<b>6,708,099</b>	<b>(731,027)</b>	<b>267,294,194</b>
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>136,461,897</b>	<b>76,303,029</b>	<b>17,439,662</b>	<b>9,540,418</b>	<b>6,161,289</b>	<b>4,690,879</b>	<b>16,697,020</b>	<b>267,294,194</b>
Net liquidity gap	(87,621,426)	(21,432,060)	10,049,624	39,534,019	74,880,670	2,017,220	(17,428,047)	-

(\*) Presented with netting off with the expected credit loss.

(\*\*) Includes receivables from leasing transactions and presented with netting off with the expected credit loss.

(\*\*\*) Certain assets in the balance sheet that are necessary for the banking operations but cannot be readily convertible into cash in the near future, such as tangible assets, investments in associates and subsidiaries, stationary supplies and prepaid expenses are included under unallocated assets.

(\*\*\*\*) The other unallocated liabilities column consists mainly of equity and provision balances.

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**6. Explanations on consolidated leverage ratio**

**6.1 Disclosure of leverage ratio template**

The leverage ratio table prepared in accordance with the communiqué “Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Leverage Ratios of Banks” published in the Official Gazette no. 28812 dated 5 November 2013 is presented below:

<b>On-balance sheet assets (*)</b>		<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Prior Period</b>
1	On-balance sheet items (excluding derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives but including collateral)	281,823,341	242,597,555
2	(Assets amounts deducted in determining Basel III Tier I Capital)	(636,909)	(592,935)
3	Total amount on-balance sheet risks (sum of lines 1 and 2)	281,186,432	242,004,620
<b>Derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives</b>			
4	Replacement cost associated with all derivative instruments and credit derivatives	1,245,542	1,374,232
5	The potential amount of credit risk with derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives	627,018	624,826
6	Total risks of derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives (sum of lines 4 to 5)	1,872,560	1,999,058
<b>Securities or commodity financing transactions (SCFT)</b>			
7	Risks from SCFT assets (excluding on-balance sheet)	1,071,806	2,231,136
8	Risks from brokerage activities related exposures	-	-
9	Total risks related with securities or commodity financing transactions (sum of lines 7 to 8)	1,071,806	2,231,136
<b>Other off-balance sheet transactions</b>			
10	Gross notional amounts of off-balance sheet transactions	84,780,415	80,445,071
11	(Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts)	(44,348,814)	(44,108,586)
12	Total risks of off-balance sheet items (sum of lines 10 and 11)	40,431,601	36,336,485
<b>Capital and total risks</b>			
13	Tier I Capital	16,908,125	13,397,322
14	Total risks (sum of lines 3, 6, 9 and 12)	324,562,399	282,571,299
<b>Leverage ratio</b>			
15	Leverage ratio	5.20	4.76

(\*) Amounts in the table are three-month average amounts.

The leverage ratio calculated on the basis of the arithmetic average of the amounts realized at the end of each month for the past three-month period as of the Group’s consolidated balance sheet date was 5.2% (31 December 2021 - 4.76%). The main reason for the changes from the previous period is that the increase in the items related to the on-balance sheet assets compared to the increase in other items. Accordingly, main capital increased by 26% on profit for the period, while on-balance sheet risk increased by 16% and off-balance sheet increased by 11%. Accordingly, there is a decrease of 44 basis points in the current period leverage ratio compared to the previous period.

**7. Explanations on fair value of consolidated financial assets and liabilities**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

**8. Explanations on the activities carried out on behalf and account of other persons, fiduciary-based transactions**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

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**9. Explanations on consolidated hedge accounting practices**

None (31 December 2021 – None).

**10. Explanations on consolidated risk management**

Risk Management System refers to the Board of Directors, the Audit Committee, the Risk Management Committee, Asset-Liability Committee (“ALC”) and the Risk Management Department (“RMD”) which has been composed in order to manage systemic risks that the Parent Bank is exposed. The Board of Directors is the owner of the Parent Bank’s Risk Management System and ensures the establishment of an effective, sufficient and appropriate risk management system as well as the continuity of the system. The main objective of the Parent Bank’s Risk Management System is to identify, measure, monitor and control the risks that the Parent Bank is exposed to, by determining the policies, limits and procedures to control, to monitor, and if necessary to change the risk-return structure of the Bank’s future cash flows and the level & the quality of related activities.

**10.1.2. GB1 – Bank’s risk management approach:**

		Risk Weighted Amounts		Minimum Capital Requirements
		Current Period 31/03/2022	Prior Period 31/12/2021	Current Period 31/03/2022
1	Credit risk (excluding counterparty credit risk) (CCR)	83,809,249	71,764,319	6,704,740
2	Standardised approach (SA)	84,297,731	71,783,798	6,743,818
3	Internal rating-based (IRB) approach	-	-	-
4	Counterparty credit risk	682,009	659,413	54,561
5	Standardised approach for counterparty credit risk (SA-CCR)	682,009	659,413	54,561
6	Internal model method (IMM)	-	-	-
7	Basic risk weight approach to internal models equity position in the banking account	-	-	-
8	Investments made in collective investment companies – look-through approach	488,482	19,479	39,079
9	Investments made in collective investment companies – mandate-based approach	-	-	-
10	Investments made in collective investment companies – 1250% risk weighting Approach	-	-	-
11	Settlement risk	-	-	-
12	Securitization exposures in banking book	-	-	-
13	IRB ratings-based approach (RBA)	-	-	-
14	IRB supervisory formula approach (SFA)	-	-	-
15	SA/simplified supervisory formula approach (SSFA)	-	-	-
16	Market risk	6,194,713	5,574,076	495,577
17	Standardised approach (SA)	6,194,713	5,574,076	495,577
18	Internal model approaches (IMM)	-	-	-
19	Operational risk	17,044,547	11,336,427	1,363,564
20	Basic indicator approach	17,044,547	11,336,427	1,363,564
21	Standardised approach	-	-	-
22	Advanced measurement approach	-	-	-
23	Amounts below the thresholds for deduction from capital (subject to 250% risk weight)	-	-	-
24	Floor adjustment	-	-	-
25	<b>Total (1+4+7+8+9+10+11+12+16+19+23+24)</b>	<b>108,219,000</b>	<b>89,353,714</b>	<b>8,657,521</b>

**11. Securitization positions**

None.

**12. Qualitative explanations on market risk**

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**13. Explanations on consolidated business segments**

The Parent Bank operates in Retail Banking, Corporate and Commercial Banking, International Banking sectors.

Corporate and Commercial Banking: to meet the financial needs of the customers', unique cash flow and financial solutions are provided to customers through loans, non-cash loans, foreign trade financing services and similar customized products. Domestic and foreign business opportunities are supported by using different corporate banking instruments to serve the sustainability of the production of entities.

Retail and Enterprise Banking includes fund collection, installment commercial loans, business loans, non-cash loans, consumer financing and credit cards. The Bank serves in the range of products areas of profit share accounts creation, banking services, Trade Finance, Checks, POS services, Credit Cards, ATM services, Online Banking and Mobile Banking in these fields.

In International Banking, the relationships with foreign correspondent banks and investment institutes are executed directly or via branches abroad, representative offices and agencies. The firms, which are exceed size limits, are classified "corporate" customers and directed to the Corporate Banking. The products are the same with the Commercial Banking. The aim of international banking is to enable foreign trade financing and develop mutual long-term financing agreements with foreign banks. Besides supplying syndicated loans and issue the Sukuk for the Group, investment banking also supplies syndicated loans in corporate basis for the firms and groups in Turkey. The Treasury in addition to monitoring foreign currency position and liquidity of the Group, also conducts spot and forward transactions in TL or foreign currencies, performs derivative transactions (forward, swap) with banks and customers, trades of gold within the context of membership of Istanbul Gold Exchange, trades share certificates in BIST and international markets and conducts Murabaha transactions with foreign banks.

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**Specific balance sheet and income statement items according to segments:**

<b>Current Period</b> <b>1 January 2022-31 March 2022</b>	<b>Retail</b> <b>Banking</b>	<b>Corporate and</b> <b>Commercial</b> <b>banking</b>	<b>Treasury and</b> <b>international</b> <b>banking</b>	<b>Unallocated</b>	<b>Bank's total</b> <b>operation</b>
Operating income	3,150,185	2,483,531	2,717,486	-	8,351,202
Operating expenses (-)	3,124,187	588,581	731,321	1,782,398	6,226,487
Transfers between segments	1,365,246	(1,231,336)	(133,910)	-	-
<b>Net operating income(loss)</b>	<b>1,391,244</b>	<b>663,614</b>	<b>1,852,255</b>	<b>(1,782,398)</b>	<b>2,124,715</b>
Income from associates	-	-	-	8,102	8,102
<b>Income (loss) before tax</b>	<b>1,391,244</b>	<b>663,614</b>	<b>1,852,255</b>	<b>(1,774,296)</b>	<b>2,132,817</b>
Provision for taxation (-)	-	-	-	500,833	500,833
<b>Net income for the period</b>	<b>1,391,244</b>	<b>663,614</b>	<b>1,852,255</b>	<b>(2,275,129)</b>	<b>1,631,984</b>
<b>Current Period</b>					
<b>31 March 2022</b>					
Segment assets	43,094,578	97,012,133	150,675,131	-	290,781,842
Associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures	-	-	-	121,040	121,040
Undistributed assets	-	-	-	9,196,498	9,196,498
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>43,094,578</b>	<b>97,012,133</b>	<b>150,675,131</b>	<b>9,317,538</b>	<b>300,099,380</b>
Segment liabilities	211,342,845	43,518,111	16,721,267	-	271,582,223
Undistributed liabilities	-	-	-	13,680,404	13,680,404
Shareholders' equity	-	-	-	14,836,753	14,836,753
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>211,342,845</b>	<b>43,518,111</b>	<b>16,721,267</b>	<b>28,517,157</b>	<b>300,099,380</b>
<b>Prior Period</b>					
<b>1 January 2021 – 31 March 2021</b>					
Operating income	1,730,116	1,841,403	457,064	-	4,028,583
Operating expenses (-)	1,478,357	653,787	235,801	937,911	3,305,856
Transfers between segments	846,850	(164,326)	(682,524)	-	-
<b>Net operating income(loss)</b>	<b>1,098,609</b>	<b>1,023,290</b>	<b>(461,261)</b>	<b>(937,911)</b>	<b>722,727</b>
Income from associates	-	-	-	6,227	6,227
<b>Income (loss) before tax</b>	<b>1,098,609</b>	<b>1,023,290</b>	<b>(461,261)</b>	<b>(931,684)</b>	<b>728,954</b>
Provision for taxation (-)	-	-	-	147,158	147,158
<b>Net income for the period</b>	<b>1,098,609</b>	<b>1,023,290</b>	<b>(461,261)</b>	<b>(1,078,842)</b>	<b>581,796</b>
<b>Prior Period</b>					
<b>31 December 2021</b>					
Segment assets	37,357,906	77,548,111	143,876,590	-	258,782,607
Associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures	-	-	-	112,938	112,938
Undistributed assets	-	-	-	8,398,649	8,398,649
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>37,357,906</b>	<b>77,548,111</b>	<b>143,876,590</b>	<b>8,511,587</b>	<b>267,294,194</b>
Segment liabilities	191,641,197	36,811,822	16,023,869	-	244,476,888
Undistributed liabilities	-	-	-	11,328,465	11,328,465
Shareholders' equity	-	-	-	11,488,841	11,488,841
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>191,641,197</b>	<b>36,811,822</b>	<b>16,023,869</b>	<b>22,817,306</b>	<b>267,294,194</b>

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**SECTION FIVE**

**EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES ON THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**1. Explanations and notes related to consolidated assets:**

**1.1. Information regarding the cash assets and the Central Bank of Republic of Turkey:**

**1.1.1 Cash and balances with the Central Bank of Republic of Turkey:**

	Current period		Prior period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Cash/foreign currency	635,889	5,883,881	734,131	6,849,096
The Central Bank of Republic of Turkey	4,181,420	48,861,877	4,620,318	47,690,909
Other (*)	209,747	6,096,755	29,609	7,050,216
<b>Total</b>	<b>5,027,056</b>	<b>60,842,513</b>	<b>5,384,058</b>	<b>61,590,221</b>

(\*) As of 31 March 2022, precious metal account amounting to TL 6,096,755 (31 December 2021 - TL 7,050,216) and money in transit amounting to TL 209,747 (31 December 2021 - TL 29,609) are presented in this line.

**1.1.2 Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey:**

	Current period		Prior period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Unrestricted demand deposit	4,100,795	7,970,840	4,540,821	11,485,380
Unrestricted time deposit	-	-	-	-
Restricted time deposit	80,625	40,891,037	79,497	36,205,529
<b>Total</b>	<b>4,181,420</b>	<b>48,861,877</b>	<b>4,620,318</b>	<b>47,690,909</b>

**1.1.3 Explanations on required reserves:**

The Parent Bank, according to the CBRT's Communiqué on Required Reserves No. 2005/1, banks operating in Turkey; Required reserve ratios for Turkish lira and foreign currency liabilities are determined between 3% and 22% by differentiating according to the maturity of liabilities, and these rates are applied by banks as of the date of the report.

**1.2 Information on financial assets at fair value through profit and loss:**

As of 31 March 2022, there are no financial assets at fair value through profit and loss subject to repurchase transactions, given as a collateral or blocked (31 December 2021 - None).

Positive differences related to marketable derivative financial assets:

	Current period		Prior period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Forward transactions	82,495	11,099	356,312	1,984
Swap transactions	1,112,169	546,208	449,617	590,871
Futures transactions	-	-	-	-
Options	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,194,664</b>	<b>557,307</b>	<b>805,929</b>	<b>592,855</b>

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**1.3 Information on Banks:**

**1.3.1. Information on Banks:**

	Current period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
<b>Banks</b>	<b>2,264,445</b>	<b>9,420,854</b>	<b>793,894</b>	<b>15,310,474</b>
Domestic	2,264,445	2,156,203	793,894	2,723,863
Foreign (*)	-	7,264,651	-	12,586,611
Branches and head office abroad	-	-	-	-
Other Financial Institutions	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,264,445</b>	<b>9,420,854</b>	<b>793,894</b>	<b>15,310,474</b>

(\*) As a result of the changes in the Uniform Chart of Accounts implemented by the BRSA as of January 1, 2021, the foreign currency collaterals given for the derivative transactions made by the Bank with foreign banks, which were monitored in the other assets account in the bank balance sheet in the previous periods, started to be monitored in the banks account as of the current period. As of 31 March 2022, the relevant amount is 376,333 TL.

**1.3.2 Information on foreign banks account:**

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**1.4 Information on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income:**

	Current period	Prior Period
<b>Debt Securities</b>	<b>35,856,557</b>	<b>32,249,966</b>
Quoted on stock exchange	35,856,557	32,249,966
Not quoted on stock exchange	-	-
<b>Share certificates</b>	<b>215,287</b>	<b>130,255</b>
Quoted on stock exchange	26,483	106,190
Not quoted on stock exchange	188,804	24,065
<b>Impairment provision</b>	<b>266,617</b>	<b>308,459</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>35,805,227</b>	<b>32,071,762</b>

**1.4.1. Information on given collateral or blocked financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income**

As of the balance sheet date, there is given collateral financial assets amounting to TL 12,704,756 (31 December 2021: TL 11,410,139) at fair value through other comprehensive income

**1.4.2. Information on subject to repurchase agreement financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income**

As of the balance sheet date, there is a repurchase agreement financial assets amounting to TL 154,342 (31 December 2021: 6,495,137) at fair value through other comprehensive income.



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**1.5 Explanations on financial assets measured at amortized cost:**

**1.5.1 All types of loans and advances given to shareholders and employees of the Group:**

	Current period		Prior period	
	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash
<b>Direct loans granted to shareholders</b>	<b>7,601</b>	<b>19,686</b>	<b>6,955</b>	<b>21,246</b>
Corporate shareholders	-	19,586	-	21,228
Real person shareholders	7,601	100	6,955	18
<b>Indirect loans granted to shareholders</b>	<b>801,669</b>	<b>7,320</b>	<b>64,316</b>	<b>2,297</b>
<b>Loans granted to employees</b>	<b>44,350</b>	<b>1,607</b>	<b>40,564</b>	<b>1,320</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>853,620</b>	<b>28,613</b>	<b>111,835</b>	<b>24,863</b>

**1.5.2 Information on Standart Loans, Loans Underclose Monitoring and Restructured Loans Under Close Monitoring:**

Current Period	Standard Loans and Other Receivables	Loans and other receivables under close monitoring		
		Loans and Receivables Not Subject to Restructuring	Restructured Loans and Receivables	
			Loans and Receivables with Revised Contract Terms	Refinance
<b>Cash Loans</b>				
<b>Loans</b>	<b>131,806,652</b>	<b>6,978,744</b>	<b>3,243,923</b>	<b>-</b>
Export Loans	15,281,921	181,075	-	-
Import Loans	5,972,046	184,875	-	-
Corporation Loans	62,597,119	4,004,508	3,181,688	-
Consumer Loans	14,754,824	333,765	13,395	-
Credit Cards	3,317,827	281,601	18,101	-
Loans given to financial sector	9,305,045	-	-	-
Other	20,577,870	1,992,920	30,739	-
<b>Other Receivables</b>	<b>281</b>	<b>101,238</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>131,806,933</b>	<b>7,079,982</b>	<b>3,243,923</b>	<b>-</b>

Prior Period	Standard Loans and Other Receivables	Loans and other receivables under close monitoring		
		Loans and Receivables Not Subject to Restructuring	Restructured Loans and Receivables	
			Loans and Receivables with Revised Contract Terms	Refinance
<b>Cash Loans</b>				
<b>Loans</b>	<b>107,281,320</b>	<b>6,178,454</b>	<b>3,257,703</b>	<b>-</b>
Export Loans	10,658,321	167,651	-	-
Import Loans	4,064,392	238,568	-	-
Corporation Loans	49,455,992	3,419,753	3,176,331	-
Consumer Loans	14,385,713	356,836	17,082	-
Credit Cards	2,369,729	226,046	21,267	-
Loans given to financial sector	9,179,662	-	-	-
Other	17,167,511	1,769,600	43,023	-
<b>Other Receivables</b>	<b>339</b>	<b>983</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>107,281,659</b>	<b>6,179,437</b>	<b>3,257,703</b>	<b>-</b>

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Information on Standart Loans and Loans Under Close Monitoring and Restructured Loans Under Close Monitoring regarding provision:

	<b>Standard Loans</b>	<b>Loans and other receivables under close monitoring</b>	<b>Standard Loans</b>	<b>Loans and other receivables under close monitoring</b>
	<b>Current Period (*)</b>	<b>Current Period (*)</b>	<b>Prior Period</b>	<b>Prior Period</b>
12 Month Expected Credit Losses (*)	3,536,333	-	2,311,693	-
Significant Increase in Credit Risk	-	3,849,790	-	3,507,288
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,536,333</b>	<b>3,849,790</b>	<b>2,311,693</b>	<b>3,507,288</b>

(\*) Includes expected credit loss of other financial assets measured at amortized cost amounting TL 5,135 (31 December 2021 – TL 621)

**1.5.3 Distribution of cash loans and other receivables according to their maturities:**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

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**1.5.4 Information on consumer loans, retail credit cards, loans given to personnel and personnel credit cards:**

<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Short term</b>	<b>Medium and long term</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Consumer Loans-TL</b>	<b>136,094</b>	<b>12,963,503</b>	<b>13,099,597</b>
Real Estate Loans	35,558	10,534,698	10,570,256
Vehicle Loans	40,900	1,843,763	1,884,663
Consumer Loans	32,677	259,699	292,376
Other	26,959	325,343	352,302
<b>Consumer Loans-FC Indexed</b>	-	-	-
Real Estate Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
<b>Consumer Loans-FC</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>1,963,813</b>	<b>1,963,868</b>
Real Estate Loans	-	1,848,357	1,848,357
Vehicle Loans	55	115,451	115,506
Consumer Loans	-	5	5
Other	-	-	-
<b>Retail Credit Cards-TL</b>	<b>1,205,155</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>1,205,179</b>
With Installment	310,473	24	310,497
Without Installment	894,682	-	894,682
<b>Retail Credit Cards-FC</b>	<b>7,103</b>	-	<b>7,103</b>
With Installment	-	-	-
Without Installment	7,103	-	7,103
<b>Personnel Loans-TL</b>	<b>1,994</b>	<b>36,526</b>	<b>38,520</b>
Real Estate Loans	25	3,169	3,194
Vehicle Loans	913	17,890	18,803
Consumer Loans	1,056	15,467	16,523
Other	-	-	-
<b>Personnel Loans-FC Indexed</b>	-	-	-
Real Estate Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
<b>Personnel Loans-FC</b>	-	-	-
Real Estate Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
<b>Personnel Credit Cards-TL</b>	<b>29,961</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>29,963</b>
With Installment	13,948	2	13,950
Without Installment	16,013	-	16,013
<b>Personnel Credit Cards-FC</b>	-	-	-
Installment based	-	-	-
Without-installment	-	-	-
<b>Overdraft Account-TL (Real Person)</b>	-	-	-
<b>Overdraft Account-FC (Real Person)</b>	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,380,362</b>	<b>14,963,868</b>	<b>16,344,230</b>

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<b>Prior Period</b>	<b>Short term</b>	<b>Medium and long term</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Consumer Loans-TL</b>	<b>132,770</b>	<b>12,927,445</b>	<b>13,060,215</b>
Real Estate Loans	32,641	10,534,935	10,567,576
Vehicle Loans	42,993	1,845,143	1,888,136
Consumer Loans	32,401	235,966	268,367
Other	24,735	311,401	336,136
<b>Consumer Loans-FC Indexed</b>	-	-	-
Real Estate Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
<b>Consumer Loans-FC</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>1,658,257</b>	<b>1,658,345</b>
Real Estate Loans	-	1,563,957	1,563,957
Vehicle Loans	88	93,909	93,997
Consumer Loans	-	391	391
Other	-	-	-
<b>Retail Credit Cards-TL</b>	<b>936,138</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>936,208</b>
With Installment	247,995	70	248,065
Without Installment	688,143	-	688,143
<b>Retail Credit Cards-FC</b>	<b>6,916</b>	-	<b>6,916</b>
With Installment	-	-	-
Without Installment	6,916	-	6,916
<b>Personnel Loans-TL</b>	<b>2,100</b>	<b>38,971</b>	<b>41,071</b>
Real Estate Loans	49	3,730	3,779
Vehicle Loans	724	18,725	19,449
Consumer Loans	1,327	16,516	17,843
Other	-	-	-
<b>Personnel Loans-FC Indexed</b>	-	-	-
Real Estate Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
<b>Personnel Loans-FC</b>	-	-	-
Real Estate Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
<b>Personnel Credit Cards-TL</b>	<b>24,701</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>24,722</b>
With Installment	10,286	21	10,307
Without Installment	14,415	-	14,415
<b>Personnel Credit Cards-FC</b>	-	-	-
Installment based	-	-	-
Without-installment	-	-	-
<b>Overdraft Account-TL (Real Person)</b>	-	-	-
<b>Overdraft Account-FC (Real Person)</b>	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,102,713</b>	<b>14,624,764</b>	<b>15,727,477</b>

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**1.5.5 Information on commercial installment loans and corporate credit cards:**

<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Short term</b>	<b>Medium and long term</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Commercial Installment Loans-TL</b>	<b>1,875,510</b>	<b>14,220,895</b>	<b>16,096,405</b>
Business Loans	35,445	1,841,114	1,876,559
Vehicle Loans	1,543,783	8,405,706	9,949,489
Consumer Loans	296,282	3,974,075	4,270,357
Other	-	-	-
<b>Commercial Installment Loans-FC Indexed</b>	<b>7,837</b>	<b>509,167</b>	<b>517,004</b>
Business Loans	7,837	7,082	14,919
Vehicle Loans	-	287	287
Consumer Loans	-	501,798	501,798
Other	-	-	-
<b>Commercial Installment Loans-FC</b>	<b>2,815,355</b>	<b>7747,429</b>	<b>10,562,784</b>
Business Loans	-	824,476	824,476
Vehicle Loans	3,607	962,485	966,092
Consumer Loans	-	15,204	15,204
Other	2,811,748	5,945,264	8,757,012
<b>Corporate Credit Cards-TL</b>	<b>2,354,032</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>2,354,032</b>
With Installment	1,076,271	-	1,076,271
Without Installment	1,277,761	-	1,277,761
<b>Corporate Credit Cards-FC</b>	<b>21,253</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>21,253</b>
With Installment	-	-	-
Without Installment	21,253	-	21,253
<b>Overdraft Account-TL (Legal Entity)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Overdraft Account-FC (Legal Entity)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>7,073,987</b>	<b>22,477,491</b>	<b>29,551,478</b>
<b>Prior Period</b>	<b>Short term</b>	<b>Medium and long term</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Commercial Installment Loans-TL</b>	<b>994,450</b>	<b>11,754,294</b>	<b>12,748,744</b>
Business Loans	32,149	1,793,796	1,825,945
Vehicle Loans	788,312	6,813,277	7,601,589
Consumer Loans	173,989	3,147,221	3,321,210
Other	-	-	-
<b>Commercial Installment Loans-FC Indexed</b>	<b>8,187</b>	<b>515,770</b>	<b>523,957</b>
Business Loans	8,187	17,567	25,754
Vehicle Loans	-	1,028	1,028
Consumer Loans	-	497,175	497,175
Other	-	-	-
<b>Commercial Installment Loans-FC</b>	<b>1,315,908</b>	<b>6,703,940</b>	<b>8,019,848</b>
Business Loans	-	741,402	741,402
Vehicle Loans	3,602	847,628	851,230
Consumer Loans	-	19,917	19,917
Other	1,312,306	5,094,993	6,407,299
<b>Corporate Credit Cards-TL</b>	<b>1,625,478</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,625,478</b>
With Installment	681,084	-	681,084
Without Installment	944,394	-	944,394
<b>Corporate Credit Cards-FC</b>	<b>23,717</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>23,717</b>
With Installment	-	-	-
Without Installment	23,717	-	23,717
<b>Overdraft Account-TL (Legal Entity)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Overdraft Account-FC (Legal Entity)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,967,740</b>	<b>18,974,004</b>	<b>22,941,744</b>

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**1.5.6 Breakdown of loans by user:**

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**1.5.7 Breakdown of domestic and foreign loans:**

	<b>Current period</b>	<b>Prior period</b>
Domestic loans	128,872,409	106,647,337
Foreign loans	13,258,429	10,071,462
<b>Total</b>	<b>142,130,838</b>	<b>116,718,799</b>

**1.5.8 Loans granted to subsidiaries and associates:**

	<b>Current period</b>	<b>Prior period</b>
Loans granted directly to subsidiaries and associates	118	193
Loans granted indirectly to subsidiaries and associates	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>118</b>	<b>193</b>

**1.5.9 Specific provisions for loans or default (Third Stage) provisions:**

	<b>Current period</b>	<b>Prior period</b>
Loans and receivables with limited collectability	3,702	145,268
Loans and receivables with doubtful collectability	9,615	99,920
Uncollectible loans and receivables	2,879,834	2,543,193
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,893,151</b>	<b>2,788,381</b>

**1.5.10 Information on non-performing loans (Net):**

**1.5.10.1 Information on Loans and Other Receivables Included in Loans under Follow-Up Account, which are Restructured or Rescheduled**

	<b>III. Group</b>	<b>IV. Group</b>	<b>V. Group</b>
	<b>Loans and Receivables with Limited Collectability</b>	<b>Loans and Receivables with Doubtful Collectability</b>	<b>Uncollectible Loans and Receivables</b>
<b>Current Period:</b>			
(Gross Amount Before Specific Provisions)	29,624	124	692,162
Restructured Loans and Receivables	29,624	124	692,162
<b>Prior Period:</b>			
(Gross Amount Before Specific Provisions)	45,215	216	616,947
Restructured Loans and Receivables	45,215	216	616,947

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**1.5.10.2 Information on the movement of total non-performing loans:**

	<b>Group III</b>	<b>Group IV</b>	<b>Group V</b>
	<b>Loans and receivables with limited collectability</b>	<b>Loans and receivables with doubtful collectability</b>	<b>Uncollectible loans and receivables</b>
<b>Ending balance of prior period 31.12.2021</b>	<b>187,858</b>	<b>165,272</b>	<b>2,729,385</b>
Additions in the current period (+)	15,158	3,185	306,552
Transfers from other categories of non-performing loans (+)	-	179,663	329,117
Transfers to other categories of non-performing loans (-)	179,663	329,118	-
Collections in the current period (-)	1,887	4,115	254,031
<b>Write offs (-)</b>	-	-	12
<b>Sold Portfolio (-)</b>	-	-	-
Corporate and commercial loans	-	-	-
Retail loans	-	-	-
Credit Cards	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
<b>Ending balance of the current period</b>	<b>21,466</b>	<b>14,887</b>	<b>3,111,011</b>
Specific provisions (-)	3,702	9,615	2,879,834
<b>Net balances on balance sheet</b>	<b>17,764</b>	<b>5,272</b>	<b>231,177</b>

	<b>Group III</b>	<b>Group IV</b>	<b>Group V</b>
	<b>Loans and receivables with limited collectability</b>	<b>Loans and receivables with doubtful collectability</b>	<b>Uncollectible loans and receivables</b>
<b>Prior Period</b>			
<b>Ending balance of prior period 31.12.2020</b>	<b>550,571</b>	<b>11,192</b>	<b>2,408,491</b>
Additions in the current period (+)	248,891	177,048	950,255
Transfers from other categories of non-performing loans (+)	2	534,984	542,619
Transfers to other categories of non-performing loans (-)	534,984	542,619	2
Collections in the current period (-)	60,392	20,395	775,099
<b>Write offs (-)</b>	-	8,818	399,229
<b>Sold Portfolio (-)(*)</b>	-	-	-
Corporate and commercial loans	-	-	-
Retail loans	-	-	-
Credit Cards	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
<b>Ending balance of the current period</b>	<b>204,088</b>	<b>151,392</b>	<b>2,727,035</b>
Specific provisions (-)	145,267	99,920	2,543,193
<b>Net balance at the balance sheet</b>	<b>58,821</b>	<b>51,472</b>	<b>183,842</b>

(\*) The group has sold a portion of its non-performing loan portfolio which 100% provision is provided and amounting to TL 110,353 to the asset management company at a cost of 50,000.

**1.5.10.3 Information on non-performing loans granted as foreign currency:**

	<b>Group III</b>	<b>Group IV</b>	<b>Group V</b>
<b>Current period:</b>			
Ending balance of the current period	12,017	1,848	613,658
Provision amount (-)	9	368	555,190
<b>Net balance at the balance sheet</b>	<b>12,008</b>	<b>1,480</b>	<b>58,468</b>
<b>Prior period</b>			
Ending balance of the current period	4,131	77,730	486,606
Provision amount (-)	2,711	42,863	444,856
<b>Net balance at the balance sheet</b>	<b>1,420</b>	<b>34,867</b>	<b>41,750</b>

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**1.5.10.4** Gross and net amounts of non-performing loans with respect to user groups:

	<b>Group III</b>	<b>Group IV</b>	<b>Group V</b>
	<b>Loans and receivables with limited collectability</b>	<b>Loans and receivables with doubtful collectability</b>	<b>Uncollectible loans and receivables</b>
<b>Current period (Net)</b>	<b>17,764</b>	<b>5,272</b>	<b>231,177</b>
Loans granted to real persons and legal entities (Gross)	21,466	14,887	3,111,011
Specific provision (-)	3,702	9,615	2,879,834
<b>Loans to real persons and legal entities (Net)</b>	<b>17,764</b>	<b>5,272</b>	<b>231,177</b>
Banks (Gross)	-	-	-
Specific provision (-)	-	-	-
Banks (Net)	-	-	-
Other loans and receivables (Gross)	-	-	-
Specific provision (-)	-	-	-
Other loans and receivables (Net)	-	-	-
<b>Prior period (net) 31.12.2021</b>	<b>58,821</b>	<b>51,472</b>	<b>183,842</b>
Loans to real persons and legal entities (Gross)	204,088	151,392	2,727,035
Specific provision (-)	145,267	99,920	2,543,193
<b>Loans to real persons and legal entities (Net)</b>	<b>58,821</b>	<b>51,472</b>	<b>183,842</b>
Banks (Gross)	-	-	-
Specific provision (-)	-	-	-
Banks (Net)	-	-	-
Other loans and receivables (Gross)	-	-	-
Specific provision (-)	-	-	-
Other loans and receivables (Net)	-	-	-

The Bank has collaterals such as cash, mortgages, pledges, and checks of customer issued for non-performing loans.

**1.5.10.5** Information on aging analysis of overdue but unsasy financial assets in terms of financial instrument classes

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

**1.5.10.6** Information on profit share accruals, rediscounts and valuation differences computed for non-performing loans and their provision:

	<b>III. Group</b>	<b>IV. Group</b>	<b>V. Group</b>
	Loans and Other Receivables with Limited Collectibility	Loans and Other Receivables with Doubtful Collectibility	Uncollectible Loans and Other Receivables
<b>The Parent Bank</b>			
<b>Current Period (Net)</b>	<b>102,602</b>	<b>367,078</b>	<b>24,383,672</b>
Profit share accruals, rediscount and valuation differences	221,193	1,005,713	432,722,147
Provision (-)	118,591	638,635	408,338,475

	<b>III. Group</b>	<b>IV. Group</b>	<b>V. Group</b>
	Loans and Other Receivables with Limited Collectibility	Loans and Other Receivables with Doubtful Collectibility	Uncollectible Loans and Other Receivables
<b>The Parent Bank</b>			
<b>Prior Period (Net)</b>	<b>5,926</b>	<b>5,709</b>	<b>19,648</b>
Profit share accruals, rediscount and valuation differences	42,160	15,327	377,087
Provision (-)	36,234	9,618	357,439



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**1.5.10.7 Main guidelines for liquidation process of uncollectible loans and other receivables:**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

**1.5.10.8 Information on the write-off policy:**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

**1.6 Information on financial assets measured at amortised cost:**

**1.6.1 Information on other financial assets measured at amortized cost:**

	Current Period	Prior Period
<b>Debt Securities</b>	<b>8,942,043</b>	<b>5,935,549</b>
Quoted on a Stock Exchange	8,571,799	5,395,037
Not Quoted	370,244	540,512
<b>Impairment provision (-)</b>	<b>5,135</b>	<b>621</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>8,936,908</b>	<b>5,934,928</b>

**1.6.2 Movements of other financial assets measured at amortized cost during the year:**

	Current Period	Prior Period
<b>Opening Balance</b>	<b>5,935,549</b>	<b>6,499,810</b>
Foreign Exchange Gain/Loss	158,698	2,231,090
Purchases During the Year	7,405,127	979,285
Disposals Through Sales and Redemptions	4,557,331	3,774,636
<b>Impairment provision (-)</b>	<b>5,135</b>	<b>621</b>
<b>Ending Balance</b>	<b>8,936,908</b>	<b>5,934,928</b>

**1.7 Information on investment in associates (Net):**

**1.7.1** The 1.49% ownership of the shares of Kredi Garanti Fonu A.Ş. amounting to TL 7,659 (31 December 2021 – TL 7,659), 1.15% ownership of the shares of Islamic International Rating Agency amounting to TL 306 (31 December 2021 – TL 277), Swift shares amounting to TL 3,869 (31 December 2021 – TL 3,567) and 0.0035% ownership of the shares traded in Borsa İstanbul A.Ş amounting to TL 15 (31 December 2021 – TL 15), 2.86% ownership of the shares of Ulusal Derecelendirme A.Ş. amounting to TL 2,755 (31 December 2021 – TL 2,755), VISA shares amounting to TL 13,864 (December 31, 2021 – TL 12,555) are classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income since the Bank’s ownership in these entities is less than 10% and the Parent Bank does not have a significant influence on these entities.

**1.7.2** Information about investments in unconsolidated associates: None (31 December 2021 – None).

**1.7.3** Information related to consolidated associates: None (31 December 2021 – None).

**1.8 Information on subsidiaries (Net):**

**1.8.1** Although the Bank has control power over the management and capital of its non-financial subsidiaries, Körfez Tatil Beldesi Turistik Tesisler ve Devremülk İşletmeciliği San. Ve Tic. A.Ş and Architech Bilgi Sistemleri ve Pazarlama Tic A.Ş does not confirm to the definition of financial subsidiary in accordance with “Regulation related to the Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements by Banks” published in the Official Gazette No. 26340 dated 8 November 2006; hence this subsidiary has not been consolidated.

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**1.8.2 Information on subsidiaries:**

	Title	Address (City/Country)	Bank's share percentage, if different-voting percentage (%)	Bank's risk group share percentage (%)
1	KT Bank AG (*)	Frankfurt/Germany	100	100
2	Neova Katılım Sigorta A.Ş.	İstanbul/Turkey	100	100
3	KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.	İstanbul/Turkey	100	100
4	KT Sukuk Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.	İstanbul/Turkey	100	100
5	KT Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş.	İstanbul/Turkey	100	100
6	Körfez Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş.	İstanbul/Turkey	75	77.85
7	Architect Bilişim Sistemleri ve Pazarlama Tic A.Ş. (**)	İstanbul/Turkey	100	100
8	Körfez Tatil Beldesi Turistik Tesisler ve Devremülk İşletmeciliği San.ve Tic. A.Ş. (**)	İstanbul/Turkey	99.99	99.99

(\*) As of 31 March 2022, financial figures for this entity in the table above are based on the financial information prepared in accordance with the local regulations of the country in which this entity operates.

(\*\*) These are the amounts in the statutory financial statements dated March 31, 2022 regulated according to the Turkish Commercial Code.

(\*\*\*) KT Sukuk Company Limited was established on July 31, 2015 in the Cayman Islands for the issuance of the Bank's second subordinated loan. It is classified as a subsidiary in accordance with the relevant articles of TFRS 10.

Information on subsidiaries in the order listed above:

	Total assets	Equity	Total fixed assets	Profit share income	Income from marketable securities	Current period profit/loss	Prior period profit /loss	Fair value
1	14,179,396	1,780,881	181,299			2,805	(207)	-
2	4,487,991	700,350	34,269			37,288	71,642	-
3	3,620,173	386				27	36	-
4	726	683				10	12	-
5	46,085	37,343	5,404			5,953	263	-
6	186,774	145,335	64,772			711	1,339	-
7	107,258	92,441	10,278	39	1,905	509,909	9,348	-
8	56,323	51,048	6,027			(2,682)	2,706	-

Movement regarding the subsidiaries

	Current Period	Prior Period
Balance at the beginning of the year	23,680	23,680
Movements during the year	-	-
Purchases	-	-
Transfers from subsidiaries	-	-
Bonus shares	-	-
Dividends from current year income	-	-
Sales	-	-
Revaluation increase	-	-
Impairment	-	-
Capital commitment payments	-	-
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>23,680</b>	<b>23,680</b>
Capital commitments	-	-
Share percentage at the end of the year (%)	-	-

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Sectoral information on consolidated subsidiaries and the related carrying amounts:

	Current period	Prior period
Banks	610,120	610,120
Insurance Companies	751,796	751,796
Factoring Companies	-	-
Leasing Companies	-	-
Finance Companies	-	-
Other Financial Subsidiaries	75,419	75,419
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,437,335</b>	<b>1,437,335</b>

Consolidated subsidiaries listed on the stock exchange:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Quoted in Domestic Stock Exchange	53,418	53,418
Quoted in Foreign Stock Exchange	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>53,418</b>	<b>53,418</b>

**1.8.3 Information on capital adequacies of major subsidiaries:**

The shareholder's equity of KT Parent Bank AG, the bank's subsidiary in Germany, calculated as of March 31, 2022 is EUR 110,416,893,81 and the capital adequacy ratio is 19.7%.

**1.9 Information on joint ventures (business partnerships) (Net)**

	Bank's share percentage	Total assets	Equity	Total fixed assets	Current period profit/loss	Prior period profit /loss
Katılım Emeklilik ve Hayat A.Ş. (*)	50%	7,251,305	190,493	34,993	16,203	12,453

(\*) In accordance with decision of the Bank's Board of Directors on 25 April 2013, Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. and Albaraka Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. decided to establish the Pension Company in line with main shares. Bank decided to establish that pension company with the equal share amounts with Albaraka Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. and that pension company is registered with the trade name "Katılım Emeklilik ve Hayat Anonim Şirketi", 895027 registry numbered dated 17 December 2013 by İstanbul Ticaret Sicil Müdürlüğü.

**1.10 Information on finance lease receivables (Net)**

**1.10.1 Presentation of remaining maturities of net finance leases:**

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	Gross	Net	Gross	Net
Less than 1 year	6,205,560	5,251,718	4,988,502	4,126,747
1 to 4 years	9,123,915	8,571,052	7,038,160	6,705,970
More than 4 years	1,362,941	1,328,065	1,125,718	1,093,218
<b>Total</b>	<b>16,692,416</b>	<b>15,150,835</b>	<b>13,152,380</b>	<b>11,925,935</b>

**1.10.2 Net investments in finance leases:**

	Current Period	Prior Period
Gross receivable from finance leases	16,692,416	13,152,380
Unearned finance lease income (-)	1,541,581	1,226,445
Unearned finance lease income (-)	-	-
<b>Net Leasing Investment</b>	<b>15,150,835</b>	<b>11,925,935</b>

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**1.10.3 Information on finance lease contracts:**

The Parent Bank determines the settlements of the financial lease agreements in accordance with related legislations. Payment terms and amounts may be rearranged with additional agreements upon customers' requests. On the agreements, the Bank gives the customer the option to buy the related property. According to the Financial Lease Law, if a customer does not fulfill its obligations until 60 days, the Bank sends a notice to the customer and the Bank takes legal action against the customer if necessary. Non-performing finance lease receivables amounting to TL 47,915 are included in the non-performing loans in the balance sheet (31 December 2021 – TL 45,706).

**1.11 Information on derivative financial assets for hedging purposes:**

None (31 December 2021 – None).

**1.12 Information on tangible asset**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

**1.13 Explanations on intangible asset**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

**1.14 Explanations on investment properties:**

	<b>Current period</b>	<b>Previous period</b>
Opening Balance	63,598	77,457
Acquisition Are The Ones	2	11,128
Disposals ( - ), Net	-	24,987
Amortization Cost (-)	-	-
<b>Closing Net Book Value</b>	<b>63,600</b>	<b>63,598</b>

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**1.15 Information on deferred tax asset**

As of 31 March 2022, deferred tax is offset as TL 793,375 in the balance sheet. In accordance with the related regulations deferred tax asset calculated as of 31 March 2022 is TL 1,610,976 (31 December 2021 – TL 2,283,664) and deferred tax liability is TL 817,601 (31 December 2021 – TL 400,720 TL).

	<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Previous period</b>
Reserve for employee benefits	82,083	80,393
Retirement pay liability	49,662	46,001
Deferred income	127,866	103,388
Impairment provision for subsidiaries, fixed assets and assets held for sale	1,138	79
Rediscouts for derivative instruments held for trading (net)	12,362	58,624
TFRS 9 Provisions	997,940	781,020
Precious metals valuation difference	-	1,034,507
Transferred financial losses (*)	122,119	115,397
Difference in valuation of securities	36,062	26,545
Other	146,649	37,710
<b>Deferred tax asset</b>	<b>1,575,881</b>	<b>2,283,664</b>
Derivative Transactions Valuation Differences	(270,485)	(298,868)
Precious Metal Valuation Difference	(318,270)	(1,877)
The difference between the registered value of tangible assets and tax value	(14,309)	(16,375)
Revaluation difference of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(121,582)	(55,030)
Other	(78,933)	(28,570)
<b>Deferred tax liability</b>	<b>(803,579)</b>	<b>(400,720)</b>
<b>Deferred tax asset, (net)</b>	<b>772,302</b>	<b>1,882,944</b>

Table of deferred tax asset movement:

	<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Previous period</b>
As of January, 1	1,882,944	835,522
Deferred tax (expense)/income	(539,809)	860,500
Deferred tax accounted under equity	(569,503)	139,675
Other	(1,330)	47,247
<b>Deferred tax asset</b>	<b>772,302</b>	<b>1,882,944</b>

**1.16 Explanations on assets held for sale and discontinued operations:**

	<b>Current period</b>	<b>Prior period</b>
Opening Balance	240,891	519,087
Acquisition Are the Ones	10,128	61,085
Transfers from Property, Plant and Equipment	-	-
Disposals (-), Net	41,988	339,281
Tangible Assets Transfer	-	-
Amortization Cost (-)	-	-
Provision for Impairment (-)	-	-
<b>Closing Net Book Value</b>	<b>209,031</b>	<b>240,891</b>

**1.17 Information on other assets:**

As of balance sheet date, the Group's other assets amount to TL 6,816,381 (31 December 2021 – TL 5,005,382). Other assets balance does not exceed 10% of the total assets on the balance sheet excluding off balance sheet commitments.

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**2. Explanations and Notes Related to Consolidated Liabilities**

**2.1 Information on funds collected**

**2.1.1 Information on maturity structure of funds collected:**

Current Period	Demand	Up to 1 months	Up to 3 months	Up to 6 months	Up to 9 months	Up to 1 year	1 year and over	Accumulated profit sharing accounts	Total
<b>I. Real persons current accounts-TL</b>	18,870,507	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18,870,507
<b>II. Real persons profit sharing accounts TL</b>	-	10,435,862	25,991,257	1,963,073	-	1,417,849	779,242	16,273	40,603,556
<b>III. Other current accounts-TL</b>	9,220,986	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,220,986
Public sector	344,792	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	344,792
Commercial sector	8,726,519	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,726,519
Other institutions	74,852	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	74,852
Commercial and other institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Banks and participation banks</b>	74,823	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	74,823
Central Bank of Republic of Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Domestic banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign banks	74,803	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	74,803
Participation banks	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>IV. Profit sharing accounts-TL</b>	-	748,679	1,846,703	4,655,032	-	863,409	224,202	19	8,338,044
Public sector	-	261	1,085	795	-	39,680	-	-	41,821
Commercial sector	-	620,582	1,643,718	4,578,017	-	804,316	223,746	19	7,870,398
Other institutions	-	127,505	201,875	49,485	-	19,333	456	-	398,654
Commercial and other institutions	-	331	-	26,735	-	80	-	-	27,146
Banks and participation banks	-	-	25	-	-	-	-	-	25
<b>V. Real persons current accounts-FC</b>	50,633,197	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	50,633,197
<b>VI. Real persons profit sharing accounts-FC</b>	-	13,972,413	17,248,520	2,085,105	-	4,105,957	4,567,084	12,711	41,991,790
<b>VII. Other current accounts-FC</b>	24,709,259	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24,709,259
Commercial residents in Turkey	17,951,732	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,951,732
Commercial residents in Abroad	5,325,562	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,325,562
<b>Banks and participation banks</b>	1,431,965	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,431,965
Central Bank of Republic of Turkey	377,616	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	377,616
Domestic banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign banks	1,052,038	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,052,038
Participation banks	2,311	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,311
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>VIII. Profit sharing accounts- FC</b>	-	835,270	2,185,104	327,309	-	399,651	150,585	-	3,897,919
Public sector	-	47	-	-	-	-	-	-	47
Commercial sector	-	737,159	1,662,902	95,622	-	72,519	26,400	-	2,594,602
Other institutions	-	16,688	197,308	231,665	-	327,132	124,185	-	896,978
Commercial and other institutions	-	81,376	324,894	22	-	-	-	-	406,292
Banks and participation banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>IX. Precious metal funds</b>	42,630,527	8,184,465	4,292,252	736,297	-	457,180	18,330	904	56,319,955
<b>X. Profit sharing accounts special funds - TL</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents in Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents Abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>XI. Profit sharing accounts special funds - FC</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents in Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents Abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>146,064,476</b>	<b>34,176,689</b>	<b>51,563,836</b>	<b>9,766,816</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>7,244,046</b>	<b>5,739,443</b>	<b>29,907</b>	<b>254,585,213</b>

There are no 7 days notification accounts of the Group.

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Prior period	Demand	Up to 1 months	Up to 3 months	Up to 6 months	Up to 9 months	Up to 1 year	1 year and over	Accumulated profit sharing accounts	Total
<b>I. Real persons current accounts-TL</b>	<b>20,546,940</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>20,546,940</b>
<b>II. Real persons profit sharing accounts-TL</b>	-	<b>10,745,047</b>	<b>12,876,588</b>	<b>762,988</b>	-	<b>731,611</b>	<b>784,511</b>	<b>19,753</b>	<b>25,920,498</b>
<b>III. Other current accounts-TL</b>	<b>8,099,967</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>8,099,967</b>
Public sector	266,234	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	266,234
Commercial sector	7,705,471	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,705,471
Other institutions	80,279	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	80,279
Commercial and other institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Banks and participation banks</b>	<b>47,983</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>47,983</b>
Central Bank of Republic of Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Domestic banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign banks	47,619	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	47,619
Participation banks	364	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	364
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>IV. Profit sharing accounts-TL</b>	-	<b>789,508</b>	<b>1,142,169</b>	<b>41,733</b>	-	<b>592,682</b>	<b>130,431</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>2,696,530</b>
Public sector	-	213	987	746	-	24,979	-	-	26,925
Commercial sector	-	669,267	941,873	15,144	-	552,592	129,951	7	2,308,834
Other institutions	-	119,807	199,286	25,843	-	14,993	452	-	360,381
Commercial and other institutions	-	221	-	-	-	118	28	-	367
Banks and participation banks	-	-	23	-	-	-	-	-	23
<b>V. Real persons current accounts-FC</b>	<b>46,298,760</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>46,298,760</b>
<b>VI. Real persons profit sharing accounts-FC</b>	-	<b>14,008,297</b>	<b>17,538,758</b>	<b>1,949,138</b>	-	<b>3,496,048</b>	<b>4,379,765</b>	<b>12,095</b>	<b>41,384,101</b>
<b>VII. Other current accounts-FC</b>	<b>22,674,121</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>22,674,121</b>
Commercial residents in Turkey	16,871,245	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,871,245
Commercial residents in Abroad	4,329,204	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,329,204
<b>Banks and participation banks</b>	<b>1,473,672</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>1,473,672</b>
Central Bank of Republic of Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Domestic banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign banks	1,471,529	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,471,529
Participation banks	2,143	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,143
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>VIII. Profit sharing accounts- FC</b>	-	<b>1,398,089</b>	<b>2,698,807</b>	<b>386,232</b>	-	<b>496,198</b>	<b>186,346</b>	-	<b>5,165,672</b>
Public sector	-	54	-	-	-	-	-	-	54
Commercial sector	-	1,295,745	2,182,976	99,152	-	73,526	73,564	-	3,724,963
Other institutions	-	46,632	232,733	287,060	-	422,672	<b>112,782</b>	-	1,101,879
Commercial and other institutions	-	55,658	283,098	20	-	-	-	-	338,776
Banks and participation banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>IX. Precious metal funds</b>	<b>36,383,140</b>	<b>7,765,461</b>	<b>3,919,840</b>	<b>667,511</b>	-	<b>419,769</b>	<b>15,572</b>	-	<b>49,171,293</b>
<b>X. Profit sharing accounts special funds - TL</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents in Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents Abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>XI. Profit sharing accounts special funds - FC</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents in Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents Abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>134,002,928</b>	<b>34,706,402</b>	<b>38,176,162</b>	<b>3,807,602</b>	-	<b>5,736,308</b>	<b>5,496,625</b>	<b>31,855</b>	<b>221,957,882</b>

There are no 7 days notification of the Group.

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**2.1.2** Information's on current and profit share accounts that are in the scope of Saving Deposit/Saving Deposit Insurance Fund:

**2.1.2.1** Current and Participation Accounts Attributable to Real Entities/Persons under the Guarantee of Saving Deposit Insurance Fund Exceeding the Limit of the Deposit Insurance Fund:

	Under the guarantee of saving deposit insurance		Exceeding the limit of saving Deposit	
	Current period	Prior period	Current period	Prior period
Real persons current and profit sharing accounts that are not subject to commercial activities				
TL accounts	30,447,742	24,964,865	29,022,178	21,500,880
FC accounts	49,780,434	39,675,693	90,730,684	86,313,956
Foreign branches' deposits under foreign authorities' insurance	-	-	-	-
Off-shore banking regions' under foreign authorities' insurance	-	-	-	-

Funds collected by Participation Banks (except for foreign branches) through current and profit share accounts which are opened by real persons and denominated in Turkish Lira or foreign currency with a limit of maximum of TL 200.000 (including both capital and profit shares) for each person is under the guarantee of Saving Deposit Insurance Fund in accordance with the Banking Law No. 5411 which issued in official gazette no. 25893 on 1 November 2005.

**2.1.2.2** If the headquarters of the Bank is abroad and the deposit account in its Turkish branch is in the scope of the insurance policy in the country of the headquarter of the Bank is founded, it should be explained:

The headquarters of the Parent Bank is in Turkey.

**2.1.2.3** Current and Profit Share Accounts of the real persons who are not in the scope of Saving Deposits Insurance Fund:

The Parent Bank has no current or profit sharing accounts which are not under the guarantee of the Saving Deposit Insurance Fund except for the current and profit sharing accounts of shareholders, member of Board of Directors, CEO, the Vice Presidents and their first degree relatives.

	Current Period	Prior Period
Foreign branches' profit-sharing accounts and other accounts	-	-
Profit sharing accounts and other accounts of controlling shareholders and profit sharing accounts of their mother, father, spouse, children in care	-	-
Profit sharing account and other accounts of President and Members of Board of Directors, CEO and Vice Presidents and profit-sharing accounts of their mother, father, spouse and children in care	20,870	12,955
Profit sharing account and other accounts in scope of the property holdings derived from crime defined in article 282 of Turkish Criminal Law No:5237 dated 26 September 2004	-	-
Profit sharing accounts in participation banks which are established in Turkey in order to engage in offshore banking activities solely	-	-



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**2.2 Information on derivative financial liabilities held for trading:**

Derivative financial liabilities held for trading:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Forward transactions	76,474	4,981	130,125	2,718
Swap transactions	21,506	408,533	62,773	62,148
Futures transactions	-	-	-	-
Options	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>97,980</b>	<b>413,514</b>	<b>192,898</b>	<b>64,866</b>

**2.3. Information on funds borrowed:**

**2.3.1 Information on banks and other financial institutions:**

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Loans from The Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey	-	-	-	-
From Domestic Banks and Institutions	245,872	108,428	194,154	132,958
From Foreign Banks, Institutions and Funds	-	3,339,421	10,000	3,286,870
<b>Total</b>	<b>245,872</b>	<b>3,447,849</b>	<b>204,154</b>	<b>3,419,828</b>

**2.3.2 Information on maturity structure of borrowings:**

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Short-term	222,667	1,215,008	150,142	1,386,472
Medium and Long-Term	23,205	2,232,841	54,012	2,033,356
<b>Total</b>	<b>245,872</b>	<b>3,447,849</b>	<b>204,154</b>	<b>3,419,828</b>

**2.3.4 Explanations related to the concentrations of the Parent Bank's major liabilities:**

There is no risk concentration of the Parent Bank's current and profit-sharing accounts.

**2.4. Information on securities issued**

The Group has issued sukuks, detailed below. The average return on securities issued is 16.48% for Turkish Lira. The maturity of sukuk issued in Turkish Lira is between April 2022 and June 2021.

Current Period	TL		FC	
	Short Term	Medium and Long-Term	Short Term	Medium and Long-Term
Nominal	3,535,000	-	-	-
Remaining Income Distribution	139,106	-	-	3,279,895
Book Value	3,125,256	-	-	-

Perior Period	TL		FC	
	Short Term	Medium and Long-Term	Short Term	Medium and Long-Term
Nominal	4,500,000	-	-	-
Remaining Income Distribution	142,248	-	-	3,124,255
Book Value	3,632,174	-	-	-

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**2.5 Information on other liabilities and miscellaneous payables:**

As of 31 March 2022, other liabilities amount to TL 2,890,923 (31 December 2021 – TL 2,135,331), sundry creditors amount to TL 4,948,185 (31 December 2021 - TL 2,703,783), both of them do not exceed 10% of the balance sheet total.

**2.6 Information on finance lease payables (Net):**

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	Gross	Net	Gross	Net
Less than 1 year	24,479	23,653	22,595	21,162
1 to 4 years	61,099	58,965	102,929	96,326
More than 4 years	559,747	371,704	451,837	291,965
<b>Total</b>	<b>645,325</b>	<b>454,322</b>	<b>577,361</b>	<b>409,453</b>

The Group used FTP (Fund Transfer Pricing) rates as an alternative borrowing rate of profit at 1 January 2019. Relevant ratios are revised and revised in 2-week periods after 1 January 2019. The change in Participation Bank payments uses an unmodified discount rate unless the variable profit share rate is related. If the change in the lease payments results from variable profit share rates (LIBOR, EURIBOR), the lessee used a revised discount rate reflecting changes in the profit share rate.

**2.6.1. Explanations on contract changes and the new obligations these changes bring to the Group:**

None (31 December 2021 – None).

**2.6.1.1. Explanations on financial leasing obligations**

None (31 December 2021 – None).

**2.6.1.2. Explanations on operating lease:**

Leasing is classified as an operating lease in which the lessor holds all the risks and benefits of that asset. Such transactions include lease agreements belonging to branches, which can be cancelled with prior notice.

There are no significant obligations imposed by the changes in the contract related to the operating lease to the Group.

The group registers its lease payments based on operating lease agreements with equal amounts of expenses during the lease term.

**2.7 Information on hedging derivative financial liabilities:**

None. (31 December 2021 - None)

**2.8 Information on provisions:**

**2.8.1** Information on provisions related with foreign currency evaluation difference of foreign currency indexed loans: As of 31 March 2022, (December 31, 2021 – TL 50) there is no (December 31, 2021 – TL 7) financial leasing receivables are offset from foreign currency depreciation of loans and leasing receivables.

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**2.8.2 Information on other provisions:**

	<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Prior Period</b>
Specific provisions for non-cash loans that are not indemnified converted into cash	539,526	522,425
General Provisions for non-cash loans	542,307	486,379
Provision for profits will be allocated to participation accounts	746,219	678,145
Credit cards of banking services applications	1,461	957
Other (*)	345,862	206,380
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,175,375</b>	<b>1,894,286</b>

(\*) The other item is mainly collected from customers in the current period in case of TL 227,039 (December 31, 2021 – TL 101,360) lawsuit provision, TL 10,261 (December 31, 2021 – TL 9,395) expense provision, TL 70,023 (December 31, 2021 – TL 63,404) for collection delay penalties that may be subject to refund and the other provision of TL 38,539 (December 31, 2021 – TL 8,006).

**2.8.3 Information on provisions for employee benefits:**

Provisions for employee benefits consist of reserve for employee termination benefits amounting to TL 247,175 (31 December 2021 – TL 228,869), vacation pay liability amounting to TL 60,783 (31 December 2021 – TL 3,575), performance premium amounting to TL 121,517 (31 December 2021 – TL 213,920), retirement bonuses on payment of TL 129,692 (31 December 2021 – TL 130,241), committee fee amounting to TL 61,375 (31 December 2021 – TL 17,256) and other fees amounting to TL 2,880 (31 December 2021 – TL 4,554).

Under the Turkish Labor Law, the Bank is required to pay termination benefits to each employee who has completed at least one year of service and whose employment is terminated without due cause, is called up for military service, dies or retires or earns the right to retire.

The compensation to be paid is up to one month's salary for each service year and this amount is limited to 10,848.59 TL (full TL amount) (31 December 2021 - 8,284.51 TL (full TL amount)). The liability is not funded, as there is no funding requirement.

The reserve has been calculated by estimating the present value of the future probable obligation of the Bank arising from the retirement of its employees. TAS 19 requires actuarial valuation methods to be developed to estimate the enterprise's obligation for such benefits. Accordingly, the following actuarial assumptions were used in the calculation of the total liability.

	<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Prior Period</b>
Discount rate (%)	19.10	19.10
Inflation rate (%)	15.80	15.80
Salary increase rate (%)	16.30	25.00

Movements in the reserve for employment termination benefits during period are as follows:

	<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Prior Period</b>
Balance at the beginning of the period	228,869	189,033
Provisions recognized during the period	24,593	49,512
Paid during the period	(6,287)	(10,744)
Actuarial loss	-	1,068
<b>Balances at the end of the period</b>	<b>247,175</b>	<b>228,869</b>

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**2.9 Explanations on tax liability:**

**2.9.1 Explanations on current tax liability:**

**2.9.1.1** Information on tax provisions: TL 71,295. (31 December 2021 – TL 1,282,020)

**2.9.1.2** Information on taxes payable (\*):

	<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Prior Period</b>
Taxation of marketable securities	26,542	30,189
Taxation of immovable property	2,960	2,347
Banking Insurance Transaction Tax (BITT)	59,851	54,819
Foreign Exchange Transaction Tax	35,906	103,722
Value Added Tax Payable	4,306	9,482
Income tax deducted from wages	22,537	17,938
Other	23,009	2,078
<b>Total</b>	<b>175,111</b>	<b>220,575</b>

(\*) Included in Other Liabilities/Miscellaneous Payables in the Balance Sheet.

**2.9.1.3** Information on premiums (\*):

	<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Prior Period</b>
Social Insurance Premiums-Employee	16,120	10,527
Social Insurance Premiums-Employer	17,565	11,333
Unemployment insurance-Employee	1,151	751
Unemployment insurance-Employer	2,472	1,628
<b>Total</b>	<b>37,308</b>	<b>24,239</b>

(\*) Included in Other Liabilities in the Balance Sheet.

**2.9.1.4** Informations on deferred tax liability:

None (31 December 2021 - None).

**2.10 Information on payables related to assets held for sale:**

None (31 December 2021 – None).

**2.11 Information on subordinated loans**

	<b>Current Period</b>		<b>Prior Period</b>	
	<b>TL</b>	<b>FC</b>	<b>TL</b>	<b>FC</b>
From Domestic Banks	-	-	-	-
From Other Domestic Institutions	-	-	-	-
From Foreign Banks	-	-	-	-
From Other Foreign Institutions	-	8,936,474	-	8,100,496
<b>Total</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>8,936,474</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>8,100,496</b>

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**2.12 Information on shareholders' equity:**

**2.12.1 Presentation of paid-in capital:**

	<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Prior Period</b>
Common shares	4,600,000	4,600,000
Preference shares	-	-
Repurchased shares amount (*)	(4,869)	(4,869)
<b>Total</b>	<b>4,595,131</b>	<b>4,595,131</b>

(\*) It represents the Bank's acquisition of its own shares as a result of the Bank's shareholders not using their right of preference according to the commitment made in the capital increase in the Bank.

**2.12.2 Amount of Paid-in Capital, Disclosure on whether the Bank Applies the Registered Share Capital System, and, if so, the Ceiling Amount of the Registered Share Capital:**

Registered capital system is not applied in the Parent Bank.

**2.12.3 Information on the share capital increases during the period and their sources; other information on increased capital shares in the current period:**

None

**2.12.4 Information on share capital increases from capital reserves during the current period:**

None

**2.12.5 Possible effect of estimations made for the Group's revenues, profitability and liquidity on equity considering prior period indicators and uncertainties:**

Based on the evaluation made considering the Group's prior and current period indicators related to net profit share and commission income, it is observed that the Bank continues its operations profitably.

**2.12.6 Summary of privileges given to shares representing the capital:**

None (31 December 2021- None).

**2.12.7 Information on marketable securities value increase fund:**

	<b>Current Period</b>		<b>Prior Period</b>	
	<b>TL</b>	<b>FC</b>	<b>TL</b>	<b>FC</b>
From Associates, Subsidiaries and Entities Under Common Control (Joint Vent.)	-	-	-	-
Valuation Difference (*)	2,129,757	(104,776)	57,132	(65,917)
Foreign Exchange Difference	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,129,757</b>	<b>104,776</b>	<b>57,132</b>	<b>(65,917)</b>

(\*) Valuation difference is calculated taking the tax effect of the rent certifications in the account, which are classified as "Government Debt Securities" and "Other Marketable Securities" under financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income in the balance sheet.

**2.13 Information on minority shares:**

31 March 2022 - TL 36,334. (31 December 2021 - TL 36,019).

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**3. Explanations and Notes Related to Consolidated Off-Balance Sheet Contingencies and Commitments**

**3.1. Explanations on off-balance sheet accounts:**

**3.1.1** Types and amounts of irrevocable commitments:

Commitment for credit card limits, as of 31 March 2022 amounts to TL 6,581,624 (31 December 2021 – TL 5,336,868); payment commitments for cheque books amounts to TL 1,174,858 (31 December 2021 – TL 1,750,116).

**3.1.2** Types and amounts of probable losses and obligations arising from off-balance sheet items including below items:

**3.1.2.1** Non-cash loans including guarantees, bank acceptances, collaterals and others that are accepted as financial commitments and other letter of credits:

As of 31 March 2022, the Group has guarantees and surety ships constituting of TL 13,549,178 (31 December 2021 – TL 11,838,814) of letters of guarantee; TL 142,381 (31 December 2021 – TL 113,683) of acceptances and TL 5,500,120 (31 December 2021 – TL 4,521,120) of letters of credit. Also, Parent Bank has other acceptances amounting to TL 1,174,858 (31 December 2021 – TL 912,257).

**3.1.2.2** Revocable, irrevocable guarantees and other similar commitments and contingencies:

There are no other than those explained in 2.i

**3.1.3** Total amount of non-cash loans:

	<b>Current period</b>	<b>Prior period</b>
Non-cash loans given against cash loans	72,863	74,766
With original maturity of 1 year or less	72,863	74,766
With original maturity of more than 1 year	-	-
Other non-cash loans	20,293,674	17,311,108
<b>Total</b>	<b>20,366,537</b>	<b>17,385,874</b>

**3.1.4.** Information on sector-based risk concentration in non-cash loans:

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

**3.1.5.** Information on non-cash loans classified in Group I and II:

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

**3.2. Explanations on derivative transactions:**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

**3.3. Explanations on credit derivatives and their risks:**

None.

**3.4. Explanations on contingent liabilities and assets:**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

**3.5. Explanations on services provided to others names and accounts:**

None.

**3.6. Summary information on the rating of the Parent Bank to international rating agencies**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

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**4. Explanations and Notes Related to the Consolidated Statement of Income**

**4.1 Information on profit share income:**

**4.1.1 Information on profit share received from loans:**

	Current period		Prior period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
<b>Profit share on loans</b>	<b>2,747,646</b>	<b>646,091</b>	<b>1,528,482</b>	<b>301,060</b>
Short term loans	1,162,511	300,457	402,977	68,284
Medium- and long-term loans	1,486,660	321,121	1,084,258	227,977
Profit share on non-performing loans	98,475	24,513	41,247	4,799
Premiums received from resource utilization support fund	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,747,646</b>	<b>646,091</b>	<b>1,528,482</b>	<b>301,060</b>

**4.1.2 Information on profit share received from banks:**

	Current period		Prior period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
The Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey	80,625	-	28,580	-
Domestic Banks	52,917	12,297	36,144	302
Foreign Banks	19,889	43,539	4,293	17,739
Branches and head office abroad	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>153,431</b>	<b>55,836</b>	<b>69,017</b>	<b>18,041</b>

**4.1.3 Information on profit share income from securities portfolio:**

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TP	YP	TP	YP
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	38,278	95,858	28,325	41,261
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	1,572,304	166,072	683,927	95,309
Financial Assets valued at Amortized Cost	210,007	91,532	23,689	24,119
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,820,589</b>	<b>353,462</b>	<b>735,941</b>	<b>160,689</b>

As stated in footnote 7.2 of Section Three, the Parent Bank's portfolio of financial assets securities whose fair value difference is reflected in other comprehensive income includes government sukus indexed to CPI, whose real coupon rates for 6 months remain constant throughout the term. As of January 1, 2022, indices calculated considering the estimated inflation rate have been used as the inflation index on the balance sheet date used in the valuation of such assets. The estimated inflation rate used is updated when necessary during the year. As of March 31, 2022, the valuation of these assets was based on the annual inflation forecast of 50% (October 2021-October 2022). In 2021, the valuation of these assets was made according to the inflation rates realized. If the specified forecast change for these assets indexed to CPI had not been made, more profit share income of TL 2,187,336 would have been accounted for in the income statement.

**4.1.4 Information on profit share income received from associates and subsidiaries:**

	Current Period	Prior Period
Profit share income received from associates and subsidiaries	180	178

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**4.2 Information on profit share expenses:**

**4.2.1 Information on profit share given to loans used:**

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Banks	<b>91,511</b>	<b>30,184</b>	<b>6,778</b>	<b>33,317</b>
The Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey	80,625	-	-	-
Domestic banks	9,551	1,083	5,106	558
Foreign banks	1,335	29,101	1,672	32,759
Branches and head office abroad	-	-	-	-
Other Institutions	-	165,430	-	68,148
<b>Total</b>	<b>91,511</b>	<b>195,614</b>	<b>6,778</b>	<b>101,465</b>

**4.2.2 Profit share expense given to associates and subsidiaries:**

	Current Period	Prior Period
Profit share expenses given to associates and subsidiaries	426	375

**4.2.3 Profit share expense paid to securities issued:**

31 March 2022 – TL 140,878 (1 January-31 March 2021 – 159,622 TL).

**4.3 Information on dividend income:**

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**4.4 Distribution of profit share on funds based on maturity of funds:**

Current period		Profit Sharing Accounts						Accumulated profit-sharing accounts	Total
Account name	Up to 1 months	Up to 3 months	Up to 6 months	Up to 9 months	Up to 1 year	Above 1 year			
<b>TL</b>									
Collected funds from banks through current and profit share accounts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Real person's non-trading profit sharing account	387,268	737,407	55,741	-	37,292	27,741	557	1,246,006	
Public-sector profit-sharing account	10	40	30	-	100	-	-	180	
Commercial sector profit sharing account	22,218	38,441	88,881	-	1,972	482	-	151,994	
Other institutions profit sharing account	4960	7330	2,010	-	107	18	-	14,425	
<b>Total</b>	<b>414,456</b>	<b>783,218</b>	<b>146,662</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>39,471</b>	<b>28,241</b>	<b>557</b>	<b>1,412,605</b>	
<b>FC</b>									
Banks	20,400	30,693	2,624	-	4,459	4,916	32	63,124	
Real person's non-trading profit sharing account	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Public-sector profit-sharing account	1,199	2,495	124	-	51	5	-	3,874	
Commercial sector profit sharing account	178	579	2	-	-	-	-	759	
Other institutions profit sharing account	2,709	1,440	255	-	171	-	-	4,575	
Precious metal accounts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
<b>Total</b>	<b>24,486</b>	<b>35,207</b>	<b>3,005</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>4,681</b>	<b>4,921</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>72,332</b>	
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>438,942</b>	<b>818,425</b>	<b>149,667</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>44,152</b>	<b>33,162</b>	<b>589</b>	<b>1,484,937</b>	

Prior period		Profit Sharing Accounts						Accumulated profit-sharing accounts	Total
Account name	Up to 1 months	Up to 3 months	Up to 6 months	Up to 9 months	Up to 1 year	Above 1 year			
<b>TL</b>									
Collected funds from banks through current and profit share accounts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Real person's non-trading profit sharing account	199,756	265,230	14,909	-	19,027	23,893	454	523,269	
Public-sector profit-sharing account	10	24	21	-	30	-	-	85	
Commercial sector profit sharing account	15,754	25,317	648	-	440	314	-	42,473	
Other institutions profit sharing account	2,684	4,975	247	-	275	13	-	8,194	
<b>Total</b>	<b>218,204</b>	<b>295,546</b>	<b>15,825</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>19,772</b>	<b>24,220</b>	<b>454</b>	<b>574,021</b>	
<b>FC</b>									
Banks	13,294	21,755	1,841	-	3,107	3,857	7	43,861	
Real person's non-trading profit sharing account	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Public-sector profit-sharing account	1,086	2,621	60	-	53	18	-	3,838	
Commercial sector profit sharing account	118	339	1	-	2	-	-	460	
Other institutions profit sharing account	1,818	850	121	-	85	-	-	2,874	
Precious metal accounts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
<b>Total</b>	<b>16,316</b>	<b>25,565</b>	<b>2,023</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>3,247</b>	<b>3,875</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>51,033</b>	
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>234,520</b>	<b>321,111</b>	<b>17,848</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>23,019</b>	<b>28,095</b>	<b>461</b>	<b>625,054</b>	

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**4.5 Information on trading income/loss (Net):**

	<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Prior Period</b>
<b>Trading profit / loss (net)</b>	<b>1,100,440</b>	<b>139,698</b>
<b>Profit</b>	<b>31,230,476</b>	<b>25,360,508</b>
Gain on capital market transactions	51,058	33,509
Gain on derivative financial instruments	3,409,939	4,655,888
Foreign exchange profit	27,769,479	20,671,111
<b>Losses (-)</b>	<b>(30,130,036)</b>	<b>(25,220,810)</b>
Losses on capital market transactions	(485)	(471)
Losses on derivative financial instruments	(3,124,378)	(3,490,401)
Foreign exchange losses	(27,005,173)	(21,729,938)

**4.6 Information on other operating income:**

The details of other operating income are presented below. There are no unusual items in the other operating income which materially affect the income of the Group.

	<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Prior Period</b>
Reversal of prior period provisions	11,442	738,737
Income from sale of assets	103,073	8,808
Cancellations of Provisions from Profits to be Distributed to Participation Accounts	33,959	-
Rental income	19	2,950
Other Income	756,164	16,059
<b>Total</b>	<b>904,658</b>	<b>766,554</b>

**4.7 Provisions for loan losses and other receivables of the Bank:**

	<b>Current Period (*)</b>	<b>Prior Period (*)</b>
<b>Expected Credit Loss</b>	<b>2,005,622</b>	<b>1,051,025</b>
12 month expected credit loss (Stage 1)	1,325,870	157,223
Significant increase in credit risk (Stage 2)	374,487	620,442
Non-performing loans (Stage 3)	305,265	273,360
<b>Marketable Securities Impairment Expense</b>	<b>18,499</b>	<b>20,439</b>
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	18,499	20,439
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	-	-
Impairment losses from Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled Entities	-	-
Investments in Associates	-	-
Subsidiaries	-	-
Joint Ventures	-	-
Other (**)	169,475	34,196
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,193,596</b>	<b>1,105,660</b>

(\*) Includes the provisions in the "Other Provision Expenses" line in the Income Statement.

(\*\*) Includes provisions that can be allocated from profit to be distributed to participation accounts according to provisions regulation.

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**4.8 Information on other operating expenses:**

	<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Prior Period</b>
Provision for retirement pay liability	18,306	12,072
Impairment expenses of tangible assets	-	-
Depreciation expenses of tangible assets	76,060	64,873
Impairment Expenses of intangible fixed assets	-	-
Depreciation expenses of intangible assets	25,452	16,595
Depreciation expenses of assets held for sale	-	-
Other operating expenses	224,998	112,699
Lease Expenses Regarding TFRS 16 Exemptions	3,867	3,579
Maintenance expenses	36,800	18,043
Advertisement expenses	13,149	1,543
Communication expenses	26,965	19,513
Heating, electricity and water expenses	19,221	7,037
Cleaning expenses	2,940	2,435
Vehicle expenses	7,250	2,813
Stationery expenses	18,749	2,777
Other expenses	96,057	54,959
Losses on sales of assets	1,482	14
Deposit insurance fund expenses	144,427	102,190
Other	698,763	319,312
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,189,488</b>	<b>627,755</b>

**4.9 Information on profit/loss from continued and discontinued operations before taxes:**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

**4.10 Information on tax provision for continued and discontinued operations:**

Current period tax provision for the period amounting to TL (38,976) (1 January-31 March 2021 – TL (394,906)), deferred tax expense of TL 845,390 (1 January-31 March 2021 – TL 35,502) and deferred tax income of TL 305,581 (1 January-31 March 2021 – TL 283,250).

**4.11 Information on net income/loss from continued and discontinued operations:**

There is no profit/loss arising from discontinued operations within the operating profit/loss after tax.

**4.12 Information on net income/loss:**

4.12.1 The nature and amount of certain income and expense items from ordinary operations is disclosed if the disclosure for nature, amount and repetition rate of such items is required for a complete understanding of the Group's performance for the period:

As of 31 March 2022, net profit share income is TL 4,137,120 (1 January-31 March 2021 – TL 1,858,827) net fees and commission income is TL 102,918 (1 January-31 March 2021 – TL 102,653).

4.12.2 Effect of changes in accounting estimates on income statement for the current and, if any for subsequent periods:

None (1 January - 31 March 2021 – None).

**4.12.3 Profit/Loss attributable to minority interest:**

	<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Prior Period</b>
Profit / (Loss) of Minority Shares	76,849	(12,295)

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**4.13 Details of sub accounts comprising at least 20% of other items in income statement, exceeding 10% of total income statement:**

As of 31 March 2022, other fees and commissions received is TL 437,389 (1 January – 31 March 2021 – TL 214,900), TL 123,049 of this amount is related with credit card fees and commissions (1 January – 31 March 2021 – TL 54,097) and TL 72,288 of this amount is related with POS machine commissions (1 January - 31 March 2021 – TL 41,514).

As of 31 March 2022, other fees and commissions given is TL 375,678 (1 January - 31 March 2021 – TL 142,377), TL 92,384 (1 January - 31 March 2021 – TL 42,283) of this amount is related with POS clearing commissions and installation expenses, TL 36,269 (1 January - 31 March 2021 – TL 12,780) of this amount is related with fees and commissions paid for credit cards.

**5. Explanations and Notes Related to the Consolidated Statement of Shareholders' Equity**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

**6. Explanations and Notes Related to Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

**7. Explanations and notes related to risk group of the Group:**

**7.1 The volume of transactions related to the risk group of the Group, the loans and funds collected which have not been completed at the end of the period and the income and expenses related to the period:**

Current period:

Risk group of the Group (*)	Investment in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures (business partnerships)		Direct and indirect shareholders of the Bank		Other real or legal persons included in the risk group	
	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash
<b>Loans and other receivables</b>						
Balance at beginning of period	193	28,603	6,955	21,246	64,315	2,297
Balance at end of period	118	31,506	7,601	19,686	801,669	7,320
Profit share and commission income	-	180	194	90	1,461	-

(\*) Defined in the Subsection 2, Article 49 of the Banking Law No. 5411.

Prior period:

Risk group of the Group (*)	Investment in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures (business partnerships)		Direct and indirect shareholders of the Bank		Other real or legal persons included in the risk group	
	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash
<b>Loans and other receivables</b>						
Balance at beginning of period	169	16,291	4,695	6,709	54,992	6,632
Balance at end of period	193	28,603	6,955	21,246	64,315	2,297
Profit share and commission income	-	182	526	145	4,361	-

(\*) Defined in the Subsection 2, Article 49 of the Banking Law No. 5411.

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**7.2 Information on current and profit-sharing accounts of the Group's risk group:**

Risk group of the Group (*)	Investment in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures (business partnerships)		Direct and indirect shareholders of the Bank		Other real or legal persons included in the risk group	
	Current	Prior	Current	Prior	Current	Prior
	Period	period	period	Period	period	period
Current and profit-sharing accounts						
Balance at beginning of period	28,489	24,405	104,748	58,677	348,052	203,570
Balance at end of period	69,518	28,489	76,422	104,748	398,172	348,052
Profit share expense	426	1,079	594	980	50	265

(\*) Defined in the Subsection 2, Article 49 of the Banking Law No. 5411

**7.3 Forward and option agreements and other similar agreements with the risk group of the Group:**

Risk group of the Group (*)	Investment in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures (business partnerships)		Direct and indirect shareholders of the Bank		Other real or legal persons included in the risk group	
	Current	Prior	Current	Prior	Current	Prior
	Period	period	period	Period	period	period
<b>Transactions at Fair Value through Profit or Loss</b>						
Balance at beginning of period	-	-	1,992,498	716,065	-	-
Balance at end of period	-	-	1,499,477	1,992,498	-	-
Total Profit / Loss	-	-	956	(2,476)	-	-
<b>Hedging Transactions</b>						
Balance at beginning of period	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance at end of period	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Profit / Loss	-	-	-	-	-	-

**7.4 Information on loans received from the Group's risk group:**

Risk group of the Bank (*)	Investment in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures (business partnerships)		Direct and indirect shareholders of the Bank		Other real or legal persons included in the risk group	
	Current	Prior	Current	Prior	Current	Prior
	Period	Period	Period	Period	Period	Period
Borrowings						
Balance at beginning of period	-	-	270,055	1,481,347	-	-
Balance at end of period	-	-	733,924	270,055	-	-
Profit share expense	-	-	1,293	4,641	-	-

**7.5 Information on remunerations provided to top management:**

Subordinated additional capital (Tier-I) sukuks amounting to USD 200,000,000 (full amount) executed by the Group on 16 July 2019 and USD 50,000,000 (full amount) executed by the Group on 28 September 2020 are provided by Kuwait Finance House. Kuwait Finance House owns USD 35,000,000 (full amount) of the subordinated additional capital (Tier-II) sukuk amounting to USD 350,000,000 (full amount) executed by the Group on 16/09/2021.

**7.6 Information on remunerations provided to top management:**

As of 1 January - 31 March 2022, the Group has paid TL 65,916 to top management (1 January – 31 March 2021- TL 68,884).

**8. Information about the branches of the group in domestic, foreign and coastal banking regions and their representative offices abroad**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

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**9. Significant events and matters arising subsequent to balance sheet date**

Within the scope of the bag law numbered 7394, which came into force on April 15, 2022, the corporate tax rate was increased to 25% for banks, factoring and leasing companies, electronic payment and money institutions, authorized foreign exchange institutions, asset management companies, capital market institutions, insurance and reinsurance companies and pension companies which previous corporate tax rates were %23 for 2022 and %20 for 2023 and beyond. The relevant change will apply to declarations after July 1, 2022.

On April 6, 2022, the Parent Bank issued sukuk with a nominal value of TL 550,000 and a maturity of 84 days with a cost of 16.20% through KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.

On April 18, 2022, the Parent Bank issued sukuk with a nominal value of TL 200,000 and a maturity of 95 days with a cost of 16% through KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.

On April 20, 2022, the Parent Bank issued sukuk with a nominal value of TL 200,000 and a maturity of 91 days with a cost of 16.35% through KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.

On April 22, 2022, the Parent Bank issued sukuk with a nominal value of TL 150,000 and a maturity of 76 days with a cost of 16.35% through KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.

On April 26, 2022, the Parent Bank issued sukuk with a nominal value of TL 270,000 and a maturity of 91 days with a cost of 16.60% through KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.

On April 27, 2022, the Parent Bank issued sukuk with a nominal value of TL 200,000 and a maturity of 91 days with a cost of 16.40% through KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.

On April 27, 2022, the Parent Bank issued sukuk with a nominal value of TL 50,000 and a maturity of 48 days with a cost of 16.22% through KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.

On April 28, 2022, the Parent Bank issued sukuk with a nominal value of TL 30,000 and a maturity of 69 days with a cost of 16.03% through KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.

On April 29, 2022, the Parent Bank issued sukuk with a nominal value of TL 250,000 and a maturity of 91 days with a cost of 16.40% through KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.

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**SECTION SIX**

**OTHER EXPLANATIONS**

- 1. Other matters which must be explained in terms of explicitness, interpretability and understandability of the balance sheet:** None

**SECTION SEVEN**

**LIMITED REVIEW REPORT**

- 1. Explanations on the limited review report:**

The consolidated financial statements have been reviewed by Güney Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik A.Ş. (A Member Firm of Ernst & Young Global Limited) and the independent auditors' limited review report dated 11 May 2022 is presented preceding the financial statements.

- 2. Notes and disclosures prepared by the independent auditor:** None.

**SECTION EIGHT**

**INTERIM CONSOLIDATED ACTIVITY REPORT**

- 1. The Bank explanations on interim annual report including the evaluations of interim activities of the Chairman of the Board of Directors and General Manager**

- 1.1 About Kuveyt Türk**

Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. ("The Bank") was incorporated with the approval of the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey (CBRT) on 28 February 1989 and commenced its operations on 31 March 1989, with the name of Kuveyt Türk Evkaf Finans Kurumu A.Ş. To comply with the Banking Act 5411, the title of the Bank has been changed to Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. with a change in the Articles of Association which was approved in the annual general meeting dated 26 April 2006. Main field of operation is, in addition to the Bank's equity, to collect funds from domestic and foreign customers through "Current Accounts" and "Profit/ Loss Sharing Accounts" and allocate such funds to the economy, to perform all kinds of financing activities in accordance with the regulations, to encourage the investments of all individuals and legal entities operating in agricultural, industrial, trading and service industries, participating into the operations of these entities or individuals and to form joint business partnerships and to perform all these activities in a non-interest environment.

As of 31 March 2022, 62.24% of the Bank's shares are owned by Kuwait Finance House located in Kuwait, 18.72% by Vakıflar Genel Müdürlüğü Mazbut Vakıfları, 9.00% by Wafra International Investment Company in Kuwait and 9.00% by Islamic Development Bank whereas the remaining 1.04% of the shares are owned by other real persons and legal entities.

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**1.2 Financial Informations Summary:**

<b>CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET</b>	<b>31.03.2022</b>	<b>31.12.2021</b>
CASH BALANCES AND CENTRAL BANK	65,869,569	66,974,279
BANKS	11,685,299	16,104,368
SECURITIES	60,996,196	50,947,412
LOANS	145,278,202	119,801,314
FINANCE LEASE RECEIVABLES (Net)	15,150,835	11,925,935
EXPECTED CREDIT LOSS	10,279,274	8,607,362
TANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)	1,161,971	1,084,542
OTHER ASSETS	10,236,582	9,063,706
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>300,099,380</b>	<b>267,294,194</b>
FUND COLLECTED	254,585,213	221,957,882
FUNDS BORROWED	3,693,721	3,623,982
MARKETABLE SECURITIES ISSUED (Net)	3,125,256	3,632,174
FINANCE LEASE PAYABLES (Net)	454,322	409,453
SUBORDINATED LOANS	8,936,474	8,100,496
OTHER LIABILITIES	14,467,641	18,081,366
EQUITY	14,836,753	11,488,841
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	<b>300,099,380</b>	<b>267,294,194</b>
<b>CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS</b>	<b>31.03.2022</b>	<b>30.03.2021</b>
PROFIT SHARE INCOME	6,055,478	2,927,468
PROFIT SHARE EXPENSE	1,918,358	1,068,641
NET PROFIT SHARE INCOME/EXPENSE	4,137,120	1,858,827
NET FEES AND COMMISSION INCOME/EXPENSE	102,918	102,653
PERSONNEL EXPENSES	737,336	412,346
DIVIDEND INCOME	-	756
NET TRADING INCOME / LOSS	1,100,440	139,698
OTHER OPERATING INCOME	904,658	766,554
EXPECTED CREDIT LOSS (-)	2,005,622	1,051,025
OTHER PROVISION EXPENSES (-)	187,974	54,635
OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (-)	1,189,489	627,755
PROFIT / LOSS FROM INVESTMENTS UNDER EQUITY ACCOUNTING	8,102	6,227
INCOME/ LOSS BEFORE TAX	2,132,817	728,954
TAX CHARGE	500,833	147,158
<b>CURRENT PERIOD INCOME/LOSSES</b>	<b>1,631,984</b>	<b>581,796</b>
<b>RATIOS</b>	<b>31.03.2022</b>	<b>31.12.2021</b>
Total Loans/Total Assets*	53.46%	49.28%
Total Loans/Fund Collected*	63.02%	59.35%
Average Equity Profit **	49.59%	34.38%
Average Assets Profit **	2.30%	1.58%
Capital Adequacy Ratio	22.49%	22.34%

\* Finance Lease Receivables is included in total loans.

\*\* Related ratios calculated by included in interim periods' profit amounts to year-end balances.



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**1.3 Message from the Chairman**

Dear Shareholders,

We are happy to have survived a difficult period in the past two years in which there have been concerns about the corona virus outbreak and significant macroeconomic risks. While restrictions are being eliminated around the world, patient and mortality rates are constantly falling. Policymakers, who have taken tough decisions to mitigate the economic impact of the pandemic, began taking action in 2022 against the high inflation threat mainly caused by expansionary monetary policies during this period. Central banks in many developed and developing countries with record inflation rates have begun to implement tightening monetary policy. The Federal Reserve is expected to raise interest rates at every meeting this year, while the European Central Bank (ECB) has confirmed that it will end asset purchases in the third quarter as planned and that interest rates will gradually rise after the end of net asset purchases. Rising commodity prices, pandemic-induced supply - demand imbalances and high inflation have forced the world economies to policies on monetary contraction, while Russia's invasion of Ukraine has created new risks during this period.

Significant price increases in energy and commodities, resulting from the significant share of Russia and Ukraine in critical commodity products, especially energy, in world trade, have negatively altered expectations and projections for the global economic recovery, as well as the new risks posed by the war.

The International Monetary Fund (IMF) said in its April 2022 World Economic Outlook report that global price increases due to the rise in energy and commodity prices caused by the war and production activities slowed by quarantine practices in China would be larger than anticipated in many countries and that policymakers should make difficult decisions, while the growth forecasts for the new year were revised negatively. In its report, the IMF lowered its growth expectations for 2022 by 0.8 percentage points to 3.6 percent due to the Russia-Ukraine war, while revised up its inflation forecasts upwards. In his report, he updated his inflation forecasts for 2022 to 5.7 percent, increasing by 1.8 percentage points for developed economies and by 2.8 percentage points to 8.7 percent for developing economies, stressing that economic uncertainties will change depending on the course of the war.

The Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD), which focused on similar risks in its Interim Economic Outlook Report, stressed that global economic growth would fall by 1 percentage point due to war, while inflation should make difficult decisions due to 2.5 percent growth and new supply shocks in 2022.

While the CBRT kept its one-week repo auction interest rate steady at 14 percent, the Monetary Policy Board said in its meeting summary for March that a liraization-oriented approach would continue to be taken in monetary policy, taking into account risks to financial stability in line with the goal of sustainable price stability.

Our expert, well-educated, self-sacrificing, young and dynamic employees are the carriers of our success in the operating period of 2022, as well. I would like to express my gratitude to all our employees who contributed to our success and to our stakeholders for their unwavering support.

Regards,

**Hamad Abdulmohsen ALMARZOUQ**

Head of the BOD

Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası

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**1.4 Message from the General Manager**

Dear Shareholders,

While we remain cautiously optimistic about the economic risks from the pandemic as of the first quarter of 2022, we closely monitor the effects of the tightening monetary policies of global economies on our country's macroeconomic balances and financial sector. The increase in energy and commodity prices caused by the Russia –Ukraine war, which we hope will end as soon as possible, and the unforeseeable new economic risks increase the risks caused by inflation in our country and the world, while policymakers; interest rate increases require them to make tough decisions about rising prices and economic growth.

Turkey's leading participation finance institution, Kuveyt Türk continued to offer innovative products and services to its customers in the third quarter, focusing on customer satisfaction and experience. It has solved the financial needs of its customers quickly and reliably through digital channels, thanks to its strong technological infrastructure.

Providing interest-free financial services to its customers for 32 years with the products and services it has developed in line with the principles of participation finance, Kuveyt Türk continued its steady growth by increasing its profitability as of the first quarter of 2022, increasing its net profit by 180,51 percent compared to the same period of the previous year, reaching 1 billion 632 million TL. The size of the funds collected by Kuveyt Türk reached 254 billion 585 million TL with an increase of 14.70 percent compared to 2021, while the size of the funds allocated increased to 160 billion 429 million TL with an increase of 21.79 percent. Reaching its shareholders' equity to 14 billion 837 million TL and its asset size to 300 billion 99 million TL, Kuveyt Türk strengthened its position in the first place among participation finance institutions in terms of asset size, while maintaining its 10th place in the banking sector.

In 2022, as in the past, we will continue to provide all the products and services that our customers need in the best way by directing our resources to the needs of the real sector. We will also increase our penetration in different sectors by diversifying our financing supports. In doing all this, we will increase the market share we receive from the banking sector, while on the other hand, participation will contribute to the increase of the share of finance from the banking sector. We will continue our cautious approach in terms of asset quality and liquidity in the new year and continue to diverge positively from the sector in this area.

Believing that customer satisfaction is a natural result of employee satisfaction since the first day it was founded, Kuveyt Türk shapes its human resources policy in line with this understanding. It attaches great importance to providing a happy and peaceful working environment to all its employees with its processes that enable more than 6,000 employees to say "I'm glad I'm from Kuveyt Turk". Acting on the principle of "people first, employee first" in business processes, In the third quarter, Kuveyt Türk, and was awarded by the Great Place to Work Institute, which is recognized as one of the world's expert authorities in measuring workplace culture and employee experience, it was named Turkey's Best Employer for the fifth consecutive year.

Kuveyt Türk, with its strong capital and liquidity structure, high asset quality, dynamic corporate management approach, customer service model focused on continuous development, ongoing investments in technology, accelerated digital transformation efforts and overseas expansion, will be the leading institution of the participation finance sector in Turkey in the coming period. aims to remain.

Regards,  
**Ufuk UYAN**  
General Manager  
Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası

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**1.5 Financial Position, Performance and Assessment of the Prospects for the Future**

As of 31 March 2022, consolidated financial statements asset size is TL 300 billion 99 million, amount of the utilization of funds is TL 160 billion 429 million and funds collected amount is TL 254 billion 585 million. Due to the effect of the first three months' profit of TL 1 billion 632 million, the ratio of shareholder equity increased 29.14% by reaching TL 14 billion 837 million. As of 31 March 2022, consolidated capital adequacy ratio has been realized as 22.49%.

**1.6 Significant Events and Transactions Occurring During the Three Months Period**

The Parent Group, KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş. has issued sukuk with a total nominal value of 3 billion 535 million TL, with a minimum 13.81% and a maximum 18.25% cost in different maturity brackets in fourteen separate transactions.

**1.7 Assessment of the expectations related to the subsequent interim period**

When both global and our country's macroeconomic conditions are evaluated, it is seen that there is an inflation-centered risk environment and uncertainties about how long this situation will last come to the fore. The increase in commodity prices caused by the Russia-Ukraine war and supply shortages observed in critical sectors are causing producer and consumer prices to rise more than expected. The effects of related risks on the markets will continue to be closely monitored as the central banks of developed and developing countries begin to implement narrow monetary policy actions.