

# **KUVEYT TÜRÖ KATILIM BANKASI A.Ş.**

**Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes for  
The Period Ended 1 January-30 September 2022  
with Independent Auditor's Review Report**

*(Convenience translation of consolidated financial statements and independent auditor's report  
originally issued in Turkish)*

*(Convenience translation of the auditor's report originally issued in Turkish - See Note I of Section Three)*

## **REVIEW REPORT ON INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

**To the Board of Directors of Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş.**

### ***Introduction***

We have reviewed the consolidated statement of financial position of Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. (the "Bank") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred as the "Group") at September 30, 2022 and the related consolidated income statement, consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity, consolidated statement of cash flows and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes to the consolidated financial statements for the nine-month-period then ended. The Group Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated of interim financial information in accordance with the "Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents" published in the Official Gazette no.26333 dated 1 November 2006, and other regulations on accounting records of Banks published by Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency("BRSA") and circulars and interpretations published by Banking Regulation and Supervision Authority (together referred as BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation) and Turkish Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" principles for those matters not regulated by BRSA Legislation; together referred as "BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation". Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this consolidated interim financial information based on our review.

### ***Scope of Review***

We conducted our review in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements (SRE) 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial reporting process, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review of interim financial information is substantially less in scope than an independent audit performed in accordance with the Independent Auditing Standards of Turkey and the objective of which is to express an opinion on the financial statements. Consequently, a review of the interim financial information does not provide assurance that the audit firm will be aware of all significant matters which would have been identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion.

### ***Conclusion***

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated financial statements do not give a true view of the consolidated financial position of the Group at September 30, 2022, and the results of its operations and its consolidated cash flows for the nine-month-period then ended in all material aspects in accordance with the BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation.

***Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements***

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the financial information provided in the accompanying interim activity report in Section VIII, are not consistent, in all material respects, with the reviewed consolidated financial statements and disclosures.

***Additional paragraph for convenience translation to English***

As explained in detail in Note I of Section Three, there are differences between accounting principles and standards set out by regulations in conformity with BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation and the accounting principles generally accepted in countries, in which the accompanying consolidated financial statements are to be distributed and International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”), including non application of IAS 29 Financial Reporting in Hyperinflation Economies. The effect of such differences has not been quantified in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position, results of operations and changes in financial position and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in such countries and IFRS.

Güney Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik Anonim Şirketi  
*A Member Firm of Ernst&Young Global Limited*

Emre Çelik, SMMM  
Partner

9 November 2022  
Istanbul, Turkey

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**THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL REPORT OF KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI A.Ş.  
FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022**

Address of the head office : Büyükdere Cad. No: 129/1 34394 Esentepe-Şişli / ISTANBUL  
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E-mail address : [kuveytturk@kuveytturk.com.tr](mailto:kuveytturk@kuveytturk.com.tr)

The consolidated interim financial report for the nine-month period prepared in accordance with the Communiqué of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks as regulated by Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency, is comprised of the following sections:

- General Information About the Parent Bank
- Consolidated Financial Statements of The Parent Bank
- Explanations on Accounting Policies Applied in The Period
- Information on Financial Structure of the Group Which Is Under Consolidation
- Disclosures and Explanations on Consolidated Financial Statements
- Other Explanations
- Independent Auditors' Limited Review Report
- Consolidated Interim Activity Report

The subsidiaries, associates and jointly-controlled partners which are consolidated within the framework of this financial report are as follows:

	<b>Subsidiaries</b>	<b>Associates</b>	<b>Jointly Controlled Partners</b>	<b>Mutual Funds</b>
1.	KT Sukuk Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.		Katılım Emeklilik ve Hayat A.Ş.	KT Portföy Kuveyt Türk Yabancı Katılım Serbest Özel Fon
2.	KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.			KT Portföy Birinci Katılım Serbest (TL) Fon
3.	Körfez Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş.			KT Portföy Birinci Katılım Serbest (Döviz-Avro) Özel Fon
4.	KT Bank AG.			KT Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. Kobi Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Fonu
5.	KT Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş.			KT Portföy Lonca Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Fonu
6.	Neova Katılım Sigorta A.Ş.			KT Portföy Neova Katılım Serbest Özel (TL) Fon
7.				KT Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. Neova Katılım Sigorta Özel Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Fonu

The consolidated financial statements for the nine-month period and related disclosures and footnotes that are subject to independent review, are prepared in accordance with the Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents, Turkish Accounting Standards, Turkish Financial Reporting Standards and the related statements and guidance, and in compliance with the financial records of our Bank and, unless stated otherwise, presented in thousands of Turkish Lira.

Hamad Abdulmohsen AL-MARZOUQ  
Chairman of the Board of Directors

Shadi Ahmed Yacoub ZAHARAN  
Chairman of the Audit  
Committee

Nadir ALPASLAN  
Member of the Audit Committee

Mohamed Hedi MEJAI  
Member of the Audit  
Committee

Ufuk UYAN  
General Manager

Ahmet KARACA  
Chief Financial Officer

Mehmed Tahir KAPLAN  
Budget and Reporting Group  
Manager

Contact information of the personnel in charge of the addressing of questions about this financial report:

Name-Surname/Position: Cemil AKBEBEK / Official and International Reporting Manager

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**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**SECTION ONE**  
**GENERAL INFORMATION**

**1. History of the Parent Bank including its incorporation date, initial legal status and amendments to legal status:**

Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. (“The Parent Bank”) was incorporated with the approval of the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey (CBRT) on 28 February 1989 and commenced its operations on 31 March 1989, with the name of Kuveyt Türk Evkaf Finans Kurumu A.Ş. To comply with the Banking Act 5411, the title of the Parent Bank has been changed to Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. with a change in the Articles of Association which was approved in the annual general meeting dated 26 April 2006. Main field of operation is, in addition to the Parent Bank’s equity, to collect funds from domestic and foreign customers through “Current Accounts” and “Profit/ Loss Sharing Accounts” and allocate such funds to the economy, to perform all kinds of financing activities in accordance with the regulations, to encourage the investments of all individuals and legal entities operating in agricultural, industrial, trading and service industries, participating into the operations of these entities or individuals and to form joint business partnerships and to perform all these activities in a non-interest environment. The Parent Bank and its consolidated financial subsidiaries are named together as “Group”.

**2. Shareholding structure, shareholders jointly or individually having direct or indirect control over the management and supervision of the Parent Bank and the disclosures on any related changes in the current period, if any, and information about the Group that the Parent Bank belongs to:**

As of 30 September 2022, 62.24% of the Parent Bank’s shares are owned by Kuwait Finance House located in Kuwait, 18.72% by Vakıflar Genel Müdürlüğü Mazbut Vakıfları, 9.00% by Wafra International Investment Company in Kuwait and 9.00% by Islamic Development Bank whereas the remaining 1.04% of the shares are owned by other real persons and legal entities.

**3. Explanations regarding the chairman and the members of board of directors, audit committee members, general manager and assistant general managers and their shares in the Parent Bank:**

Name	Title	Date of Assignment	Date of Audit Committee Assignments	Audit Committee End Date	Educational Degree	Ownership Percentage
Hamad Abdulmohsen AL MARZOUQ	Head of the BOD	25/06/2014			Master	-
Shadi Ahmed Yacoub ZAHRAN	Member of BOD and chairman of the Audit Committee	25/09/2020	04/11/2020		Master	-
Nadir ALPASLAN	Vice President of BOD and member of Audit Committee	15/04/2011	24/12/2019		Bachelor	-
Salah A E AL MUDHAF	Member of BOD	07/10/2019			Bachelor	-
Burhan ERSOY	Member of BOD	18/06/2020			Bachelor	-
Mohamed Hedi MEJAI	Member of BOD and Audit Committee	25/03/2021	04/05/2021		Master	-
Ahmad S A A AL KHARJİ	Member of BOD	26/03/2014	24/09/2014	09/09/2020	Master	-
Gehad Mohamed Elbendary ANANY	Member of BOD	25/09/2020	09/09/2020	04/11/2020	Bachelor	-
Ufuk UYAN	Member of BOD and General Manager	10/05/1999			Master	0.057%
Ahmet KARACA	Assistant General Manager, Financial Control.	12/07/2006			Master	0.001%
Ahmet Süleyman KARAKAYA	Assistant General Manager, Corporate and Commercial Banking	14/01/2003			Bachelor	-
Bilal SAYIN	Assistant General Manager, Lending	20/08/2003			Bachelor	0.004%
İrfan YILMAZ	Assistant General Manager, Banking Services	27/10/2005			Bachelor	0.017%
Dr. Ruşen Ahmet ALBAYRAK	Assistant General Manager, Treasury and International Banking.	05/05/2005			Doctorate	0.008%
Nurettin KOLAÇ	Assistant General Manager, Legal and Risk Follow Up	20/04/2010			Bachelor	0.001%
Aslan DEMİR	Assistant General Manager, Strategy	08/10/2012			Bachelor	0.006%
Mehmet ORAL	Assistant General Manager, Retail Banking	01/10/2012			Bachelor	0.005%
Abdurrahman DELİPOYRAZ	Assistant General Manager, SME Banking	09/01/2015			Bachelor	0.005%
Hüseyin Cevdet YILMAZ	Head of the Risk, Control and Compliance Group	16/12/2003			Bachelor	0.001%

Chairman and members of the Board of Directors, members of auditing committee, general manager and assistant general managers own 0.10% of the Parent Bank’s share capital (31 December 2021 – 0.10%).

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022**

*(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)*

**4. Information on qualified shareholders**

<b>Name / Commercial Name</b>	<b>Share amount (Nominal)</b>	<b>Shareholding percentage</b>	<b>Paid shares (Nominal)</b>	<b>Unpaid shares</b>
Kuwait Finance House	2,863,098	62.24%	2,863,098	-
Vakıflar Genel Müdürlüğü Mazbut Vakıfları	861,086	18.72%	861,086	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,724,184</b>	<b>80.96%</b>	<b>3,724,184</b>	<b>-</b>

As of 30 September 2022, the shares of parent shareholder of Parent Bank, Kuwait Finance House are 51.95% publicly traded; 24.08% of belongs to Kuwait Investment Authority and 10.48% belongs to Public Authority for Minors Affairs.

**5. Explanations of the Parent Bank's services and field of operations**

The Parent Bank's field of operations includes corporate banking, international banking services, and retail banking and credit card services. The Parent Bank's core business is operating in accordance with the principles of interest-free banking as a participation bank by collecting funds through current and profit/loss sharing accounts and lending such funds to its customers.

As of 30 September 2022, the Group is operating through 448 domestic branches (31 December 2021 – 448) with 6,863 employees (31 December 2021 – 6,760). Summary of some of the Parent Bank's operations described in the Articles of Association are as follows:

- To collect funds through "Current Accounts" and "Profit/Loss Sharing Accounts" and special fund pools in line with the regulations,
- To allocate funds to the economy and provide all kinds of cash, non-cash loans within the principles of non-interest banking,
- To offer financial and operational leasing,
- To handle all kinds of deposits and payments, including travelers' checks, credit cards and other payment instruments, provide member business services (POS), consulting, advisory, and safe deposit box services,
- To purchase financial instruments on money and capital markets in cash or installments, sell and mediate the sale and trade on the stock exchange in accordance with legislation and principles of non-interest banking,
- To purchase, acquire and construct any kind of real estate and if necessary, lease or transfer ownership to other persons,
- To act as a representative, deputy or agent for corporations and enterprises (including insurance companies),
- To provide socially purposed assistance within the scope of the legislation within the principles of the The Parent Bank for the order and benefit of the society.

The Parent Bank's activities are not limited to the list above. If another transaction is decided to be beneficial to the Parent Bank, the transaction must be recommended by the Board of Directors, approved by the General Assembly and authorized by relevant legal authorities after whom it also needs to be approved by the Ministry of Trade since it constitutes an amendment of the Article of Association. Decisions that have been approved through all these channels will be included to the Article of Association. Disclosures on the differences between the Communiqué on the Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks and the consolidation transactions made in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standards and the entities subject to full or proportionate consolidation, deducted from equity or not included in these three methods: According to the Communiqué on the Preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks, only While financial partnerships are included in the scope of consolidation, all financial and non-financial partnerships should be included in the scope of consolidation in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standards and Turkish Financial Reporting Standards.

**6. Current or likely actual legal barriers to immediate transfer of equity or repayment of debts between Parent Bank and its subsidiaries:**

None.

## **SECTION TWO**

### **CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

- I. Consolidated Balance Sheet- Assets (Statement of Financial Position)
- II. Consolidated Statement of Off-Balance Sheet Items
- III. Consolidated Statement of Income Statement (Profit and Loss Statement)
- IV. Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income
- V. Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity
- VI. Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows



**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS OF 30 SEPTEMBER 2022**  
*(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)*

**1. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET – ASSETS (STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION)**

	ASSETS	Notes	Reviewed Current Period 30.09.2022			Audited Prior Period 31.12.2021		
			TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
<b>I.</b>	<b>FINANCIAL ASSETS (Net)</b>		<b>42,408,505</b>	<b>132,721,349</b>	<b>175,129,854</b>	<b>24,046,232</b>	<b>105,440,047</b>	<b>129,486,279</b>
1.1.	<b>Cash and Cash Equivalents</b>		<b>7,713,959</b>	<b>97,025,087</b>	<b>104,739,046</b>	<b>6,177,294</b>	<b>76,898,338</b>	<b>83,075,632</b>
1.1.1.	Cash and Balances with Central Bank	(5.1.1.)	4,688,172	70,360,278	75,048,450	5,384,058	61,590,221	66,974,279
1.1.2.	Banks	(5.1.3.)	2,891,237	26,667,231	29,558,468	793,894	15,310,474	16,104,368
1.1.3.	Money Markets Placements		135,499	-	135,499	-	-	-
1.1.4.	Expected Credit Loss (-)		949	2,422	3,371	658	2,357	3,015
1.2.	<b>Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss</b>		<b>3,504,463</b>	<b>15,272,724</b>	<b>18,777,187</b>	<b>868,992</b>	<b>12,071,109</b>	<b>12,940,101</b>
1.2.1.	Government Debt Securities		435,781	14,090,385	14,526,166	395,925	10,639,682	11,035,607
1.2.2.	Equity Instruments		178,671	-	178,671	-	-	-
1.2.3.	Other Financial Assets		2,890,011	1,182,339	4,072,350	473,067	1,431,427	1,904,494
1.3.	<b>Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income</b>	(5.1.4.)	<b>30,744,867</b>	<b>19,824,152</b>	<b>50,569,019</b>	<b>16,194,017</b>	<b>15,877,745</b>	<b>32,071,762</b>
1.3.1.	Government Debt Securities		30,682,773	16,741,910	47,424,683	16,083,932	15,622,265	31,706,197
1.3.2.	Equity Instruments		57,094	86,559	143,653	8,789	75,285	84,074
1.3.3.	Other Financial Assets		5,000	2,995,683	3,000,683	101,296	180,195	281,491
1.4.	<b>Derivative Financial Assets</b>	(5.1.2.)	<b>445,216</b>	<b>599,386</b>	<b>1,044,602</b>	<b>805,929</b>	<b>592,855</b>	<b>1,398,784</b>
1.4.1.	Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	(5.1.2.)	445,216	599,386	1,044,602	805,929	592,855	1,398,784
1.4.2.	Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	(5.1.11.)	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>II.</b>	<b>FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED WITH AMORTISED COSTS (Net)</b>	(5.1.5.)	<b>101,549,642</b>	<b>96,175,220</b>	<b>197,724,862</b>	<b>57,911,732</b>	<b>71,143,704</b>	<b>129,055,436</b>
2.1.	<b>Loans</b>		<b>96,489,037</b>	<b>78,102,686</b>	<b>174,591,723</b>	<b>59,228,283</b>	<b>60,573,031</b>	<b>119,801,314</b>
2.2.	<b>Leasing Receivables</b>	(5.1.10.)	<b>5,642,301</b>	<b>13,067,092</b>	<b>18,709,393</b>	<b>3,238,260</b>	<b>8,687,675</b>	<b>11,925,935</b>
2.3.	<b>Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost</b>	(5.1.6.)	<b>6,303,118</b>	<b>10,746,393</b>	<b>17,049,511</b>	<b>361,215</b>	<b>5,574,334</b>	<b>5,935,549</b>
2.3.1.	Government Debt Securities		6,303,118	10,383,644	16,686,762	286,240	5,094,594	5,380,834
2.3.2.	Other Financial Assets		-	362,749	362,749	74,975	479,740	554,715
2.4.	<b>Expected Credit Loss (-)</b>		<b>6,884,814</b>	<b>5,740,951</b>	<b>12,625,765</b>	<b>4,916,026</b>	<b>3,691,336</b>	<b>8,607,362</b>
<b>III.</b>	<b>PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT HELD FOR SALE PURPOSE AND RELATED TO DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS(NET)</b>	(5.1.16.)	<b>153,822</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>153,822</b>	<b>240,891</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>240,891</b>
3.1.	Held For Sale		153,822	-	153,822	240,891	-	240,891
3.2.	Related to Discontinued Operations		-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>IV.</b>	<b>INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES, SUBSIDIARIES AND JOINT VENTURES</b>		<b>157,458</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>157,458</b>	<b>112,938</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>112,938</b>
4.1.	<b>Investments in Associates (Net)</b>	(5.1.7.)	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
4.1.1.	Associates Valued Based on Equity Method		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.1.2.	Unconsolidated Associates		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.2.	<b>Investment in Subsidiaries (Net)</b>	(5.1.8.)	<b>23,680</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>23,680</b>	<b>23,680</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>23,680</b>
4.2.1.	Unconsolidated Financial Subsidiaries		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.2.2.	Unconsolidated Non-Financial Subsidiaries		23,680	-	23,680	23,680	-	23,680
4.3.	<b>Investment in Joint Ventures (Net)</b>	(5.1.9.)	<b>133,778</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>133,778</b>	<b>89,258</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>89,258</b>
4.3.1.	Joint Ventures Valued Based on Equity Method		133,778	-	133,778	89,258	-	89,258
4.3.2.	Unconsolidated Joint Ventures		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.3.2.	Unconsolidated Joint Ventures	(5.1.12.)	1,274,038	67,067	1,341,105	1,017,685	66,857	1,084,542
<b>V.</b>	<b>TANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)</b>		<b>328,875</b>	<b>117,835</b>	<b>446,710</b>	<b>253,255</b>	<b>108,929</b>	<b>362,184</b>
6.1.	Goodwill		-	-	-	-	-	-
6.2.	Other		328,875	117,835	446,710	253,255	108,929	362,184
<b>VII.</b>	<b>INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Net)</b>	(5.1.14.)	<b>63,600</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>63,600</b>	<b>63,598</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>63,598</b>
<b>VIII.</b>	<b>CURRENT TAX ASSETS</b>		<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>IX.</b>	<b>DEFERRED TAX ASSETS</b>	(5.1.15.)	<b>448,638</b>	<b>129,036</b>	<b>577,674</b>	<b>1,767,547</b>	<b>115,397</b>	<b>1,882,944</b>
<b>X.</b>	<b>OTHER ASSETS</b>	(5.1.17.)	<b>4,890,234</b>	<b>2,911,252</b>	<b>7,801,486</b>	<b>2,640,123</b>	<b>2,365,259</b>	<b>5,005,382</b>
	<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>		<b>151,274,812</b>	<b>232,121,759</b>	<b>383,396,571</b>	<b>88,054,001</b>	<b>179,240,193</b>	<b>267,294,194</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS OF 30 SEPTEMBER 2022**  
*(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)*

**1. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET – LIABILITIES AND EQUITY (STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION)**

	LIABILITIES	Notes	Reviewed Current Period 30.09.2022			Audited Prior Period 31.12.2021		
			TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
<b>I.</b>	<b>FUNDS COLLECTED</b>	<b>(5.2.1.)</b>	<b>107,824,571</b>	<b>210,727,854</b>	<b>318,552,425</b>	<b>57,263,935</b>	<b>164,693,947</b>	<b>221,957,882</b>
<b>II.</b>	<b>FUNDS BORROWED</b>	<b>(5.2.3.)</b>	<b>284,421</b>	<b>6,810,070</b>	<b>7,094,491</b>	<b>204,154</b>	<b>3,419,828</b>	<b>3,623,982</b>
<b>III.</b>	<b>MONEY MARKETS</b>		<b>147,642</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>147,642</b>	<b>6,495,137</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>6,495,137</b>
<b>IV.</b>	<b>SECURITIES ISSUED (Net)</b>	<b>(5.2.4.)</b>	<b>2,271,041</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>2,271,041</b>	<b>3,632,174</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>3,632,174</b>
<b>V.</b>	<b>FINANCIAL LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS</b>		<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>VI.</b>	<b>DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES</b>		<b>119,773</b>	<b>136,028</b>	<b>255,801</b>	<b>192,898</b>	<b>64,866</b>	<b>257,764</b>
6.1.	Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	(5.2.2.)	119,773	136,028	255,801	192,898	64,866	257,764
6.2.	Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	(5.2.7.)	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>VII.</b>	<b>LEASE PAYABLES</b>	<b>(5.2.6.)</b>	<b>472,100</b>	<b>57,448</b>	<b>529,548</b>	<b>354,334</b>	<b>55,119</b>	<b>409,453</b>
<b>VIII.</b>	<b>PROVISIONS</b>	<b>(5.2.8.)</b>	<b>6,737,414</b>	<b>1,672,799</b>	<b>8,410,213</b>	<b>4,186,805</b>	<b>1,020,526</b>	<b>5,207,331</b>
8.1.	Restructuring Provision		-	-	-	-	-	-
8.2.	Reserves For Employee Benefits		1,230,033	74,063	1,304,096	595,764	2,651	598,415
8.3.	Insurance For Technical Provision (Net)		4,055,706	-	4,055,706	2,714,630	-	2,714,630
8.4.	Other Provisions		1,451,675	1,598,736	3,050,411	876,411	1,017,875	1,894,286
<b>IX.</b>	<b>CURRENT TAX LIABILITIES</b>	<b>(5.2.9.1.)</b>	<b>1,026,350</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,026,350</b>	<b>1,282,020</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,282,020</b>
<b>X.</b>	<b>DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES</b>		<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>XI.</b>	<b>LIABILITIES FOR PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT HELD FOR SALE AND RELATED TO DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Net)</b>	<b>(5.2.10.)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
11.1.	Held For Sale		-	-	-	-	-	-
11.2.	Related to Discontinued Operations		-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>XII.</b>	<b>SUBORDINATED DEBT INSTRUMENTS</b>	<b>(5.2.11.)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>11,300,231</b>	<b>11,300,231</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>8,100,496</b>	<b>8,100,496</b>
12.1.	Loans		-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2.	Other Debt Instruments		-	11,300,231	11,300,231	-	8,100,496	8,100,496
<b>XIII.</b>	<b>OTHER LIABILITIES</b>	<b>(5.2.5.)</b>	<b>4,954,818</b>	<b>2,668,485</b>	<b>7,623,303</b>	<b>2,232,154</b>	<b>2,606,960</b>	<b>4,839,114</b>
<b>XIV.</b>	<b>SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>	<b>(5.2.12.)</b>	<b>26,695,458</b>	<b>(509,932)</b>	<b>26,185,526</b>	<b>11,666,294</b>	<b>(177,453)</b>	<b>11,488,841</b>
14.1.	Paid-in Capital		4,595,131	-	4,595,131	4,595,131	-	4,595,131
14.2.	Capital Reserves		26,399	-	26,399	26,399	-	26,399
14.2.1.	Share Premiums		24,525	-	24,525	24,525	-	24,525
14.2.2.	Share Cancellation Profits		1,874	-	1,874	1,874	-	1,874
14.2.3.	Other Capital Reserves		-	-	-	-	-	-
14.3.	Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or Loss That Will Not Be Reclassified Through Profit or Loss		(48,855)	-	(48,855)	(52,112)	-	(52,112)
14.4.	Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or Loss That Will Be Reclassified Through Profit or Loss		5,722,257	(404,788)	5,317,469	280,134	(74,654)	205,480
14.5.	Profit Reserves		5,667,833	-	5,667,833	3,411,612	-	3,411,612
14.5.1.	Legal Reserves		552,652	-	552,652	389,701	-	389,701
14.5.2.	Statutory Reserves		-	-	-	-	-	-
14.5.3.	Extraordinary Reserves		4,872,338	-	4,872,338	2,936,850	-	2,936,850
14.5.4.	Other Profit Reserves		242,843	-	242,843	85,061	-	85,061
14.6.	Profit or Loss		10,691,752	(105,144)	10,586,608	3,369,111	(102,799)	3,266,312
14.6.1.	Retained Earnings		890,919	(102,799)	788,120	30,610	(119,790)	(89,180)
14.6.2.	Current Period's Net Profit / Loss		9,800,833	(2,345)	9,798,488	3,338,501	16,991	3,355,492
14.7.	Minority Shares	(5.2.13.)	40,941	-	40,941	36,019	-	36,019
	<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>		<b>150,533,588</b>	<b>232,862,983</b>	<b>383,396,571</b>	<b>87,509,905</b>	<b>179,784,289</b>	<b>267,294,194</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS AS OF 30 SEPTEMBER 2022**  
*(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)*

**2. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS**

			Reviewed Current Period 30.09.2022			Audited Prior Period 31.12.2021		
		Notes	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
<b>A.</b>	<b>COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (I+II+III)</b>		<b>94,790,859</b>	<b>88,942,640</b>	<b>183,733,499</b>	<b>70,094,888</b>	<b>83,169,750</b>	<b>153,264,638</b>
<b>I.</b>	<b>GUARANTEES AND WARRANTIES</b>	<b>(5.3.1.)</b>	<b>15,640,640</b>	<b>11,069,232</b>	<b>26,709,872</b>	<b>8,913,959</b>	<b>8,471,915</b>	<b>17,385,874</b>
1.1.	Letters of Guarantee		14,150,551	5,692,219	19,842,770	8,057,678	3,781,136	11,838,814
1.1.1.	Guarantees Subject to State Tender Law		443,079	19,503	462,582	267,372	19,827	287,199
1.1.2.	Guarantees Given for Foreign Trade Operations		739,214	44,308	783,522	445,301	49,329	494,630
1.1.3.	Other Letters of Guarantee		12,968,258	5,628,408	18,596,666	7,345,005	3,711,980	11,056,985
1.2.	Bank Loans		7,121	171,161	178,282	1,044	112,639	113,683
1.2.1.	Import Letter of Acceptances		7,121	171,161	178,282	1,044	112,639	113,683
1.2.2.	Other Bank Acceptances		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.3.	Letters of Credit		6,293	4,997,509	5,003,802	13,942	4,507,178	4,521,120
1.3.1.	Documentary Letters of Credit		4,252	2,177,513	2,181,765	-	1,979,005	1,979,005
1.3.2.	Other Letters of Credit		2,041	2,819,996	2,822,037	13,942	2,528,173	2,542,115
1.4.	Guaranteed Refinancing		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.5.	Endorsements		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.5.1.	Endorsements to the Central Bank of Turkey		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.5.2.	Other Endorsements		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.6.	Other Guarantees		1,476,675	208,343	1,685,018	841,295	70,962	912,257
1.7.	Other Warrantees		-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>II.</b>	<b>COMMITMENTS</b>	<b>(5.3.1.)</b>	<b>70,829,082</b>	<b>5,600,381</b>	<b>76,429,463</b>	<b>58,403,315</b>	<b>4,865,677</b>	<b>63,268,992</b>
2.1.	Irrevocable Commitments		15,943,725	5,600,381	21,544,106	9,395,375	4,865,677	14,261,052
2.1.1.	Forward Asset Purchase and Sales Commitments		1,166,861	5,522,130	6,688,991	1,340,772	4,807,250	6,148,022
2.1.2.	Share Capital Commitment to Associates and Subsidiaries		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.3.	Loan Granting Commitments		1,864,659	-	1,864,659	1,007,332	-	1,007,332
2.1.4.	Securities Underwriting Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.5.	Commitments For Reserve Deposits Requirements		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.6.	Payment Commitments for Checks		2,253,545	-	2,253,545	1,750,116	-	1,750,116
2.1.7.	Tax and Fund Liabilities from Export Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.8.	Commitments For Credit Card Expenditure Limits		10,418,526	78,251	10,496,777	5,278,441	58,427	5,336,868
2.1.9.	Commitments For Credit Cards and Banking Services Promotions		-	-	-	957	-	957
2.1.10.	Receivables From Short Sale Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.11.	Payables For Short Sale Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.12.	Other Irrevocable Commitments		240,134	-	240,134	17,757	-	17,757
2.2.	Revocable Commitments		54,885,357	-	54,885,357	49,007,940	-	49,007,940
2.2.1.	Revocable Loan Granting Commitments		54,885,357	-	54,885,357	49,007,940	-	49,007,940
2.2.2.	Other Revocable Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>III.</b>	<b>DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS</b>		<b>8,321,137</b>	<b>72,273,027</b>	<b>80,594,164</b>	<b>2,777,614</b>	<b>69,832,158</b>	<b>72,609,772</b>
3.1	Derivative Financial Instruments Held for Risk Management		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.1.1	Fair Value Hedges		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.1.2	Cash Flow Hedges		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.1.3	Hedge of Net Investment in Foreign Operations		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2	Held For Trading Transactions		8,321,137	72,273,027	80,594,164	2,777,614	69,832,158	72,609,772
3.2.1	Forward Foreign Currency Buy/Sell Transactions		3,127,817	10,340,632	13,468,449	1,732,559	2,929,682	4,662,241
3.2.1.1	Forward Foreign Currency Buy Transactions		3,072,426	3,765,954	6,838,380	1,426,726	944,285	2,371,011
3.2.1.2	Forward Foreign Currency Sell Transactions		55,391	6,574,678	6,630,069	305,833	1,985,397	2,291,230
3.2.2	Other Forward Buy/Sell Transactions		5,193,320	61,932,395	67,125,715	1,045,055	66,902,476	67,947,531
3.3	Other		-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>B.</b>	<b>CUSTODY AND PLEDGES SECURITIES (IV+V+VI)</b>		<b>1,131,110,274</b>	<b>477,438,886</b>	<b>1,608,549,160</b>	<b>667,226,247</b>	<b>348,895,558</b>	<b>1,016,121,805</b>
<b>IV.</b>	<b>ITEMS HELD IN CUSTODY</b>		<b>31,443,452</b>	<b>42,677,748</b>	<b>74,121,200</b>	<b>20,834,179</b>	<b>34,556,759</b>	<b>55,390,938</b>
4.1.	Customers' Securities Held		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.2.	Investment Securities Held in Custody		6,337,123	5,607,223	11,944,346	5,719,656	4,866,680	10,586,336
4.3.	Checks Received for Collection		22,549,292	1,927,726	24,477,018	13,271,444	2,766,870	16,038,314
4.4.	Commercial Notes Received for Collection		2,557,037	950,490	3,507,527	1,843,079	545,230	2,388,309
4.5.	Other Assets Received for Collection		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.6.	Assets Received for Public Offering		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.7.	Other Items Under Custody		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.8.	Custodians		-	34,192,309	34,192,309	-	26,377,979	26,377,979
<b>V.</b>	<b>PLEDGED ITEMS</b>		<b>1,099,655,183</b>	<b>434,541,450</b>	<b>1,534,196,633</b>	<b>646,380,429</b>	<b>314,183,181</b>	<b>960,563,610</b>
5.1.	Marketable Securities		3,322,883	148,209	3,471,092	401,159	-	401,159
5.2.	Guarantee Notes		101,097	7,473,594	7,574,691	101,097	5,361,650	5,462,747
5.3.	Commodity		36,374,488	1,691,422	38,065,910	22,137,974	669,993	22,807,967
5.4.	Warranty		-	-	-	-	-	-
5.5.	Properties		258,740,131	8,716,820	267,456,951	165,337,287	6,452,977	171,790,264
5.6.	Other Pledged Items		801,116,584	416,511,405	1,217,627,989	458,402,912	301,698,561	760,101,473
5.7.	Pledged Items-Depository		-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>VI.</b>	<b>ACCEPTED GUARANTEES AND WARRANTEES</b>		<b>11,639</b>	<b>219,688</b>	<b>231,327</b>	<b>11,639</b>	<b>155,618</b>	<b>167,257</b>
	<b>TOTAL OFF-BALANCE SHEET ACCOUNTS (A+B)</b>		<b>1,225,901,133</b>	<b>566,381,526</b>	<b>1,792,282,659</b>	<b>737,321,135</b>	<b>432,065,308</b>	<b>1,169,386,443</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**  
**AS OF 30 SEPTEMBER 2022**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**3. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS**

			Reviewed Current Period 01.01.2022- 30.09.2022	Reviewed Current Period 01.07.2022- 30.09.2022	Reviewed Prior Period 01.01.2021- 30.09.2021	Reviewed Prior Period 01.07.2021- 30.09.2021
	<b>INCOME AND EXPENSE ITEMS</b>	<b>Notes</b>				
<b>I.</b>	<b>PROFIT SHARE INCOME</b>	<b>(5.4.1.)</b>	<b>25,230,798</b>	<b>10,325,889</b>	<b>9,324,621</b>	<b>3,337,954</b>
1.1.	Profit Share on Loans		13,763,013	5,838,493	6,034,976	2,185,597
1.2.	Profit Share on Reserve Deposits		96,729	-	151,069	67,104
1.3.	Profit Share on Banks		535,720	244,721	172,395	44,486
1.4.	Profit Share on Money Market Placements		-	-	-	-
1.5.	Profit Share on Marketable Securities Portfolio		9,682,618	3,756,140	2,528,865	887,761
1.5.1.	Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		390,020	135,470	170,100	55,445
1.5.2.	Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income		7,903,638	2,974,970	2,206,874	774,084
1.5.3.	Measured at Amortized Cost		1,388,960	645,700	151,891	58,232
1.6.	Finance Lease Income		1,101,807	466,496	385,464	148,215
1.7.	Other Profit Share Income		50,911	20,039	51,852	4,791
<b>II.</b>	<b>PROFIT SHARE EXPENSE</b>		<b>8,077,427</b>	<b>3,510,429</b>	<b>3,824,710</b>	<b>1,491,323</b>
2.1.	Expense on Profit Sharing Accounts	(5.4.4.)	6,805,297	3,076,123	2,394,340	941,576
2.2.	Profit Share Expense on Funds Borrowed	(5.4.2.)	763,854	291,429	293,991	90,003
2.3.	Profit Share Expense on Money Market Borrowings		82,522	11,215	441,241	173,108
2.4.	Expense on Securities Issued		352,447	103,825	657,781	274,537
2.5.	Profit Share Expense on Lease		73,307	27,837	37,357	12,099
2.6.	Other Profit Share Expense		-	-	-	-
<b>III.</b>	<b>NET PROFIT SHARE INCOME (I - II)</b>		<b>17,153,371</b>	<b>6,815,460</b>	<b>5,499,911</b>	<b>1,846,631</b>
<b>IV.</b>	<b>NET FEES AND COMMISSIONS INCOME/EXPENSE</b>		<b>819,197</b>	<b>378,782</b>	<b>350,019</b>	<b>135,583</b>
4.1.	Fees And Commissions Received		1,902,023	768,549	862,889	333,305
4.1.1.	Non-Cash Loans		153,645	61,741	104,036	35,904
4.1.2.	Other	(5.4.13.)	1,748,378	706,808	758,853	297,401
4.2.	Fees And Commissions Paid		1,082,826	389,767	512,870	197,722
4.2.1.	Non-Cash Loans		680	308	14,276	5,125
4.2.2.	Other	(5.4.13.)	1,082,146	389,459	498,594	192,597
<b>V.</b>	<b>DIVIDEND INCOME</b>	<b>(5.4.3.)</b>	<b>2,830</b>	<b>2,031</b>	<b>5,843</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>VI.</b>	<b>NET TRADING INCOME / LOSS</b>	<b>(5.4.5.)</b>	<b>4,370,284</b>	<b>1,736,836</b>	<b>260,623</b>	<b>46,340</b>
6.1.	Capital Market Transaction Gains/Losses		183,388	88,682	45,756	(19,912)
6.2.	Gains/Losses from Derivative Financial Instruments		4,354,418	3,844,303	1,152,192	288,284
6.3.	Foreign Exchange Gains/Losses		(167,522)	(2,196,149)	(937,325)	(222,032)
<b>VII.</b>	<b>OTHER OPERATING INCOME</b>	<b>(5.4.6.)</b>	<b>3,211,029</b>	<b>1,291,756</b>	<b>1,895,525</b>	<b>495,007</b>
<b>VIII.</b>	<b>GROSS OPERATING INCOME/LOSS (III+IV+V+VI+VII+ VIII)</b>		<b>25,556,711</b>	<b>10,224,865</b>	<b>8,011,921</b>	<b>2,523,561</b>
<b>IX.</b>	<b>EXPECTED LOSS PROVISIONS (-)</b>	<b>(5.4.7.)</b>	<b>5,382,535</b>	<b>2,160,954</b>	<b>2,488,826</b>	<b>775,023</b>
<b>X.</b>	<b>OTHER PROVISIONS (-)</b>	<b>(5.4.7.)</b>	<b>554,441</b>	<b>221,736</b>	<b>39,615</b>	<b>2,348</b>
<b>XI.</b>	<b>PERSONNEL EXPENSES (-)</b>	<b>(5.4.8.)</b>	<b>2,815,740</b>	<b>1,369,020</b>	<b>1,167,915</b>	<b>380,397</b>
<b>XII.</b>	<b>OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (-)</b>	<b>(5.4.8.)</b>	<b>4,330,255</b>	<b>1,797,047</b>	<b>2,069,951</b>	<b>773,396</b>
<b>XIII.</b>	<b>NET OPERATING INCOME/(LOSS) (IX-X-XI)</b>		<b>12,473,740</b>	<b>4,676,108</b>	<b>2,245,614</b>	<b>592,397</b>
<b>XIV.</b>	<b>EXCESS AMOUNT RECORDED AS INCOME AFTER MERGER INCOME / (LOSS) FROM INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BASED ON EQUITY METHOD</b>		<b>44,520</b>	<b>15,450</b>	<b>20,988</b>	<b>7,069</b>
<b>XV.</b>	<b>INCOME / (LOSS) ON NET MONETARY POSITION</b>		<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>XVII.</b>	<b>PROFIT/(LOSS) FROM CONTINUED OPERATIONS BEFORE TAXES (XII+...+XV)</b>	<b>(5.4.9.)</b>	<b>12,518,260</b>	<b>4,691,558</b>	<b>2,266,602</b>	<b>599,466</b>
<b>XVIII.</b>	<b>TAX PROVISION FOR CONTINUED OPERATIONS (±)</b>	<b>(5.4.10)</b>	<b>(2,714,918)</b>	<b>(1,148,702)</b>	<b>(540,920)</b>	<b>(152,893)</b>
18.1.	Current Tax Provision		2,985,933	948,251	911,354	330,402
18.2.	Deferred Tax Expense Effect (+)		1,350,864	78,248	50,177	(5,700)
18.3.	Deferred Tax Income Effect (-)		1,621,879	(122,203)	420,611	171,809
<b>XIX.</b>	<b>CURRENT PERIOD PROFIT/(LOSS) FROM CONTINUED OPERATIONS (XVII±XVIII)</b>	<b>(5.4.11.)</b>	<b>9,803,342</b>	<b>3,542,856</b>	<b>1,725,682</b>	<b>446,573</b>
<b>XX.</b>	<b>INCOME FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS</b>		<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
20.1.	Income on Non-Current Assets Held for Sale		-	-	-	-
20.2.	Income on Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled Entities (Joint Vent.)		-	-	-	-
20.3.	Income on Other Discontinued Operations		-	-	-	-
<b>XXI.</b>	<b>EXPENSES FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (-)</b>		<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
21.1.	Expenses From Non-Current Assets Held for Sale		-	-	-	-
21.2.	Expenses From Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled Entities (Joint Vent.)		-	-	-	-
21.3.	Expenses From Other Discontinued Operations		-	-	-	-
<b>XXII.</b>	<b>PROFIT / (LOSS) BEFORE TAX FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (XXII-XIX)</b>		<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>XXIII.</b>	<b>TAX PROVISION FOR DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (±)</b>		<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
23.1.	Current Tax Provision		-	-	-	-
23.2.	Deferred Tax Expense Effect (+)		-	-	-	-
23.3.	Deferred Tax Income Effect (-)		-	-	-	-
<b>XXIV.</b>	<b>CURRENT PERIOD PROFIT/LOSS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (XX±XXI)</b>		<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>XXV.</b>	<b>NET PROFIT/LOSS (XVII+XXII)</b>	<b>(5.4.12.)</b>	<b>9,803,342</b>	<b>3,542,856</b>	<b>1,725,682</b>	<b>446,573</b>
25.1.	Group's Income/Loss		9,798,488	3,540,437	1,704,128	399,539
25.2.	Minority Interest Income/Loss (-)		4,854	2,419	21,554	47,034
	Earnings Per Share Income/Loss		-	-	-	-

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**  
**AS OF 30 SEPTEMBER 2022**

*(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)*

**4. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**

	Reviewed Current Period 30.09.2022	Reviewed Prior Period 30.09.2021
<b>I. CURRENT PROFIT/LOSS</b>	<b>9,803,342</b>	<b>1,725,682</b>
<b>II. OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME</b>	<b>5,115,246</b>	<b>(18,330)</b>
<b>2.1 Other Comprehensive Income Not Reclassified Through Profit or Loss</b>	<b>3,257</b>	<b>-</b>
2.1.1 Property And Equipment Revaluation Increase/Decrease	-	-
2.1.2 Intangible Assets Revaluation Increase/Decrease	-	-
2.1.3 Defined Benefit Pension Plan Remeasurement Gain/Loss	-	-
2.1.4 Other Comprehensive Income Items Not Reclassified Through Profit or Loss	-	-
2.1.5 Taxes Related to Other Comprehensive Income Items Not Reclassified Through Profit or Loss	3,257	-
<b>2.2 Other Comprehensive Income Reclassified Through Profit or Loss</b>	<b>5,111,989</b>	<b>(18,330)</b>
2.2.1 Foreign Currency Translation Difference	346,725	130,044
2.2.2 Valuation and/or Reclassification Income/Expense of the Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	6,691,715	(65,349)
2.2.3 Cash Flow Hedge Income/Loss	-	-
2.2.4 Foreign Net Investment Hedge Income/Loss	(338,892)	(129,964)
2.2.5 Other Comprehensive Income Items Reclassified Through Profit or Losses	-	-
2.2.6 Taxes Related Other Comprehensive Income Items Reclassified Through Profit or Loss	(1,587,559)	46,939
<b>III. TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (I+II)</b>	<b>14,918,588</b>	<b>1,707,352</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements



**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS AS OF 30 SEPTEMBER 2022**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**6. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

	Notes	Reviewed Current Period	Reviewed Prior Period
		01.01.2022- 30.09.2022	01.01.2021- 30.09.2021
<b>A.</b>			
	<b>CASH FLOWS FROM BANKING OPERATIONS</b>		
<b>1.1</b>	<b>Operating Profit Before Changes in Assets and Liabilities from Banking Operations</b>	<b>3,469,170</b>	<b>2,922,407</b>
1.1.1	Profit Share Income Received	12,146,121	7,853,435
1.1.2	Profit Share Expense Paid	(6,709,994)	(3,823,666)
1.1.3	Dividends Received	2,830	5,843
1.1.4	Fees and Commissions Received	2,117,967	832,227
1.1.5	Other Income	3,605,856	1,597,314
1.1.6	Collections from Previously Written Off Loans	1,420,400	528,529
1.1.7	Payments to Personnel and Service Suppliers	(2,110,059)	(1,147,479)
1.1.8	Taxes Paid	(2,357,254)	(723,617)
1.1.9	Others	(4,646,697)	(2,200,179)
<b>1.2</b>	<b>Changes in Assets and Liabilities from Banking Operations</b>	<b>4,958,625</b>	<b>8,427,014</b>
1.2.1	Net (Increase) Decrease in Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	(3,988,181)	224,791
1.2.2	Net (Increase) Decrease in Due from Banks and Other Financial Institutions	(11,637,383)	(4,717,965)
1.2.3	Net (Increase) Decrease in Loans	(51,514,008)	(14,166,775)
1.2.4	Net (Increase) Decrease in Other Assets	(1,919,238)	5,000,078
1.2.5	Net Increase (Decrease) in Bank Deposits	689,489	394,490
1.2.6	Net Increase (Decrease) in Other Deposits	66,791,044	20,671,043
1.2.7	Net Increase (Decrease) in Financial Liabilities Measured at Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	(20,226)	(174)
1.2.8	Net Increase (Decrease) in Funds Borrowed	1,312,182	(2,877,908)
1.2.9	Net Increase (Decrease) in Due Payables	-	-
1.2.10	Net Increase (Decrease) in Other Liabilities	5,244,946	3,899,434
<b>I.</b>	<b>Net Cash Provided From / (Used in) Banking Operations</b>	<b>8,427,795</b>	<b>11,349,421</b>
<b>B.</b>	<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>		
<b>II.</b>	<b>Net Cash Provided from / (Used in) Investing Activities</b>	<b>(14,122,014)</b>	<b>(1,513,153)</b>
2.1	Cash Paid for Purchase Jointly Controlled Operations, Associates and Subsidiaries	(30,420)	-
2.2	Cash Obtained from Sale of Jointly Controlled Operations, Associates and Subsidiaries	-	-
2.3	Fixed Assets Purchases	(490,435)	(201,013)
2.4	Fixed Assets Sales	548,174	46,161
2.5	Cash Paid for Purchase of Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	(10,922,826)	(8,414,123)
2.6	Cash Obtained from Sale of Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	3,962,163	3,893,609
2.7	Cash Paid for Purchase of Investment Securities	(13,396,788)	(292,208)
2.8	Cash Obtained from Sale of Investment Securities	6,341,276	3,538,642
2.9	Other	(133,158)	(84,221)
<b>C.</b>	<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>		
<b>III.</b>	<b>Net Cash Provided from / (Used in) Financing Activities</b>	<b>(1,635,383)</b>	<b>3,892,854</b>
3.1	Cash Obtained from Funds Borrowed and Securities Issued	9,317,500	15,535,000
3.2	Cash Used for Repayments of Funds Borrowed and Securities Issued	(10,639,591)	(12,110,381)
3.3	Equity Instruments Issued	-	513,954
3.4	Dividends Paid	(250,000)	(9,132)
3.5	Payments for Finance Leases	(63,292)	(36,587)
3.6	Other	-	-
<b>IV.</b>	<b>Effect of Change in Foreign Exchange Rate on Cash and Cash Equivalents</b>	<b>12,777,535</b>	<b>3,789,476</b>
<b>V.</b>	<b>Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents</b>	<b>5,447,933</b>	<b>17,518,598</b>
<b>VI.</b>	<b>Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Beginning of the Period</b>	<b>46,793,620</b>	<b>13,995,430</b>
<b>VII.</b>	<b>Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the Period</b>	<b>52,241,553</b>	<b>31,514,028</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
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**SECTION THREE**

**EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

**1. Explanations on basis of presentation**

**1.1. The preparation of the consolidated financial statements and related notes and explanations in accordance with The Turkish Accounting Standards and Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents:**

The Parent Bank prepares its financial statements in accordance with the “Regulation on The Procedures and Principles for Accounting Practices and Retention of Documents by Banks” published in the Official Gazette dated 1 November 2006 with numbered 26333, and other regulations on accounting records of banks published by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency (“BRSA”) as well as the circulars and pronouncements published by the BRSA. For matters not regulated by the aforementioned legislations, the Bank prepares its financial statements in accordance with the BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation, which comprises the terms of the Turkish Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority.

**Additional paragraph for convenience translation**

The differences between accounting principles and standards set out by regulations in conformity with BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation and the accounting principles generally accepted in countries, in which the accompanying consolidated financial statements are to be distributed and International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”), including non-application of IAS 29 Financial Reporting in Hyperinflation Economies. The effect of such differences has not been quantified in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position, results of operations and changes in financial position and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in such countries and IFRS.

**1.2. Accounting policies and valuation principles applied in the preparation of financial statements:**

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss, and the financial assets and liabilities at fair value through other comprehensive income that are measured at fair values.

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation requires the Group management to make assumptions and estimates with respect to the assets and liabilities on the balance sheet and contingent issues outstanding as of the balance sheet date. These assumptions and estimates mainly consist of calculations of the fair values of financial instruments and the impairment on assets. The assumptions and estimates are reviewed regularly and, when necessary, appropriate corrections are made and the effects of such corrections are reflected on the income statement.

COVID-19 pandemic, which has emerged in China, has spread to various countries in the world, causing potentially fatal respiratory infections, negatively effects both regional and global economic conditions, as well as it causes disruptions in operations, especially countries that are exposed to the epidemic. As a result of the spread of COVID-19 around the world, several measures are still being taken in our country as well as in the world in order to prevent the spread of the virus and measures are still being taken. In addition to the measures, economic measures are also taken to minimize the economic impact of the virus outbreak on individuals and businesses in our country and worldwide.

Since it is aimed to update the most recent financial information in the financial statements prepared as of September 30, 2022, considering the magnitude of the economic changes due to COVID-19, the Parent Bank made certain estimates in the calculation of expected credit losses and disclosed them in third section footnote numbered 1.5 “Explanations on Expected Credit Loss”. In the upcoming periods, the Parent Bank will update its relevant assumptions are necessary and revise the realizations of past estimates.

TAS 29 Financial Reporting in Hyperinflation Economies requires entities whose functional currency is that of a hyperinflationary economy to prepare their financial statements in terms of the measuring unit current at the end of the reporting period. TAS 29 describes characteristics that may indicate that an economy is hyperinflationary, and it recommends all entities that report in the currency of the same hyperinflationary economy apply this Standard from the same date. In the announcement published by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority (POB) on January 20, 2022, it is stated that TAS 29 Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies does not apply to the TFRS financial statements as of December 31, 2021.



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Nevertheless, the Authority has not published any announcement on whether the entities would restate their financial statements for the accounting period ending on 30 September 2022 in accordance with TAS 29. In this context, since there is no consensus on the application of inflation accounting in TFRS financial statements throughout the country, and it is expected that POB will delay the application of TAS 29, financial statements as of September 30, 2022, are not adjusted for inflation in accordance with TAS 29 in order to ensure comparability.

Since January 2022, the tension between Russia and Ukraine has turned into a crisis and a hot conflict. No Bank-owned activities are carried out in the two countries that are the subject of the crisis. Considering the geographies in which the Parent Bank conducts its activities, the economic effects of the crisis are closely monitored by the Parent Bank and are taken into account when preparing its financial statements using the best forecasting method.

**1.3. Changes in accounting estimates, errors and classifications**

If changes in accounting estimates are related to only one period, they are applied in the current period in which the change is made, and if they are related to future periods, they are applied both prospectively and in the future periods. Significant accounting errors are applied retrospectively and prior period financial statements are restated. There were no significant changes in the accounting estimates of the Parent Bank in the current year. Comparative information is rearranged when deemed necessary in order to comply with the presentation of the current period financial statements. The Parent Bank has rearranged the prior period's statement of changes in shareholders' equity in order to comply with the presentation of the current period financial statements.

**1.4. Preparation of the financial statements as regards to the current purchasing power of money:**

Until 31 December 2004, the consolidated financial statements of the Group were subject to inflation adjustments in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standard No: 29 "Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies" ("TAS 29"). As per the BRSA decision numbered 1623 and dated 21 April 2005 and the BRSA circular dated 28 April 2005 it was stated that the indicators for the application of inflation accounting were no longer applicable. Consequently, as of 1 January 2005, the inflation accounting has not been applied.

**1.5. TFRS 3 Explanations on Business Combinations Standard:**

The acquisition of subsidiaries and businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Business combinations are accounted in accordance with TFRS 3 "Business Combinations" except for the assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with TFRS 5 "Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations" are measured in accordance with that Standard.

The interests of non-controlling shareholders in the acquire is initially measured at the non-controlling's proportion of the fair value of the assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities recognized.

When the consideration transferred by the Group in a business combination includes assets or liabilities resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement, the contingent consideration is measured at its acquisition-date fair value and included as part of the consideration transferred in a business combination. Changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that qualify as measurement period adjustments are adjusted retrospectively, with corresponding adjustments against goodwill. Measurement period adjustments are adjustments that arise from additional information obtained during the 'measurement period' (which cannot exceed one year from the acquisition date) about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date.

- Explanations regarding the accounting policy applied for the acquisition of Neova Katılım Sigorta A.Ş.

Following the necessary legal permissions on May 5, 2020, the Parent Bank finalized the purchase of Neova Katılım Sigorta A.Ş. by completing the share transfer process. The Parent Bank purchased 78,864,212 shares by paying TL 745,860 and increased the partnership share in Neova Katılım Sigorta A.Ş. from 7% to 100% by owning all the shares.

This acquisition has been evaluated as a merger of entities under common control and has been accounted for using the aggregation method (Pooling of interest). According to this method, the assets and liabilities of Neova Katılım Sigorta A.Ş. are included in the financial statements over the book values determined in accordance with TFRS at the merger date, and no goodwill has arisen in the financial statements as a result of the merger.

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**1.6. Disclosures regarding TFRS 9 Financial Instruments:**

TFRS 9 “Financial Instruments”, which is effective as at 1 January 2018 is published by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority (“POA”) in the Official Gazette numbered 29953 dated 19 January 2017. As of 1 January 2018, the application of TFRS 9 replaced “TAS 39: Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement.” standard.

TFRS 9 also includes new principles for general hedge accounting which aims to harmonize hedge accounting with risk management applications. In the admission of the accounting policies, TFRS 9 presents the option of postponing the adoption of TFRS 9 hedge accounting and continuing to apply the hedge accounting provisions of TAS 39.

All recognized financial assets that are within the scope of TFRS 9 are required to be initially measured at amortized cost or fair value. Specifically, debt investments that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortized cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. Debt instruments that are held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets, and that have contractual terms that give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and profit share on the principal amount outstanding, are generally measured at FVTOCI. All other debt investments and equity investments are measured at their fair value at the end of subsequent accounting periods. In addition, under TFRS 9, entities may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an equity investment in other comprehensive income, with only dividend income generally recognized in profit or loss.

Dividends obtained from such investments are accounted in the financial statements as profit or loss unless they are evidently a part of the recoverable cost of investment.

As a result of the combination of contractual cash flow characteristics and business models, the differences in the classification of financial assets are reflected in the financial statements compared to the current classification in TAS 39.

During the first recognition of a financial asset into the financial statements, business model determined by the Parent Bank management and the nature of contractual cash flows of the financial asset are taken into consideration.

**Classification and measurement of financial instruments:**

According to TFRS 9 requirements, classification and measurement of financial assets will depend on the business model within which financial assets are managed and their contractual cash flow characteristics whether the cash flows represent “solely payments of principal and profit share” (SPPI).

Upon initial recognition each financial asset shall be classified as either fair value through profit or loss (“FVTPL”) amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income (“FVOCI”). As for the classification and measurement of financial liabilities, the application of the existing terms of TAS 39 remain largely unchanged under TFRS 9.

**Explanations on Expected Credit Loss:**

As of 1 January 2018, the Parent Bank will recognize provisions for impairment in accordance with the TFRS 9 requirements according to the “Regulation on the Procedures and Principles for Classification of Loans by Banks and Provisions to be set aside” published in the Official Gazette dated 22 June 2016 numbered 29750. The expected credit loss estimates are required to be unbiased, probability-weighted and should include supportable information about past events, current conditions, and forecasts of future economic conditions.

Modeling studies were carried out on the principal components of the Expected Loan Loss calculation and the default probability (PD) models were developed on various loan portfolios. Credit portfolios are determined according to customer segments that form the basis of banking activities. The cyclical default probabilities generated by these models developed for use in the Internal Rating Based Approach (IDD) are translated into the Instantaneous Default Probabilities and these instantaneous default probabilities are used when calculating the Expected Loan Loss on TFRS 9 Calculation on Default (LGD) calculation reflects the legal deduction rates and the Bank's past collection performance on unsecured loans. Default Amount (EAD) corresponds to the balance used in cash at the reporting date for cash loans, non-cash loans and balance after application of the loan to commitment risks.

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Macroeconomic scenarios affect PD values. The expected credit loss amount is calculated by weighting 3 different scenarios as Base, Good and Bad scenarios. The probability of default of the debtors and the loss rates in default vary with each scenario.

The Group has calculated the possible effects of the COVID-19 outbreak as of 30 September 2022 with the best estimate method, which it obtained on the principle of maximum effort to estimate, and reasoning used in the calculation of expected credit losses. In the light of the aforementioned data, during the pandemic, the Group revised its macroeconomic expectations in the calculation of expected credit loss, and the calculation made taking into account the change in PD with the update in the EDF model was reflected in the financial statements. By its nature, the model effects are reflected in the financial statements with a delay due to the occurrence of the events and their effects at different times. For this reason, the Group is establishing additional provisions for the Wholesale and Retail Trade, Build, Construction, Contracting and Tourism sectors, whose PD is more sensitive to the current macroeconomic and geopolitical conjuncture among the sectors that are declining. The Group maintains this approach as of September 30, 2022. When deemed necessary, the future will review these assumptions according to the course of the pandemic.

The expected credit loss estimates are required to be unbiased, probability-weighted and include supportable information about past events, current conditions, and forecast of future economic conditions.

The Group applies a ‘three-stage’ impairment model depending on the gradual increase in credit risk observed since initial recognition

**Stage 1:** Includes financial assets not having significant increase in their credit risk from initial recognition till the following reporting date or financial assets having low credit risk at the reporting date. It is recognized 12-month expected credit losses for such financial assets.

**Stage 2:** Includes financial assets having significant increase in their credit risk subsequent to the initial recognition, but not having objective evidence about impairment. It is recognized lifetime expected credit losses for such financial assets.

In this context, the basic considerations that are taken into account in determining the significant increase in the credit risk of a financial asset and its transfer to Phase 2 are, but are not limited to, the following.

- Delayed by more than 30 days as of the reporting date
- Restructuring
- Close Monitoring
- Evaluation of distortion in Rating Note

The rating of the rating is calculated by using the Parent Bank's rating ratings based on the internal rating of the Parent Bank by using the rating of the credit rating. For the loan, the rating calculated on the reporting date exceeds the determined threshold values and is considered as a distortion in the rating.

**Stage 3:** Includes financial assets having objective evidence about impairment at the reporting date. It is recognized lifetime expected credit losses for such financial assets.

The Parent Bank periodically evaluates the provisions of loans and other receivables in accordance with TFRS 9 retrospectively on the basis of their results and, if deemed necessary, revises the basketing rules and the parameters used in the calculation of the related provision balances.

#### **1.7 Revenue from TFRS 15 disclosures regarding the standard of revenue from customer contracts:**

TFRS 15 Revenue from Customer Contracts provides a single, comprehensive model and guidance on the recognition of revenue and is recorded in accordance with income with TFRS 15 Revenue from Customer Contracts.

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**1.8 Explanations on TFRS 16 leases standard**

The leasing transactions are presented by the lessor as assets (right-of-use assets) and liabilities from leasing transactions. TFRS 16 Standard eliminates the dual accounting model of leasing transactions on balance sheet and operational leasing transactions as direct expense except balance sheet.

Within the scope of TFRS 16, the Parent Bank reflects the existence of a lease obligation and a right of use to the financial statements at the date of initial application. The Parent Bank measures the leasing liability on the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted at their present value using the alternative borrowing cost ratio at the date of initial application of the Parent Bank. In addition, the Parent Bank measures the existence of the right to use of such right at an amount equal to the lease obligation, which is reflected in the statement of financial position immediately after the first application date, adjusted for the amount of all prepaid or accrued lease payments.

As of September 30, 2022, the right-of-use assets classified tangible assets gross amounting to TL 741,345 in the balance sheet of The Group and lease obligations amounting to gross TL 765,425 In the nine-month period that ended as of the same date, financial expenses amounting to TL 59,202 and depreciation expenses amounting to TL 121,176 were incurred.

On 5 June 2020, Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA") has changed to TFRS 16 "Leases" standard by publishing Privileges Granted in Lease Payments -"Amendments to TFRS 16 Leases" concerning Covid-19. With this change, tenants are exempted from whether there has been a change in the rental privileges in lease payments due to Covid-19. This change did not have a significant impact on the financial status or performance of the Parent Bank.

**2. Explanations on strategy of using financial instruments and foreign currency transactions**

The Parent Bank, follows an asset-liability management strategy that mitigates risk and increases earnings by balancing the funds borrowed and the investments in various financial assets. The main objective of asset-liability management is to limit the Parent Bank's exposure to liquidity risk, currency risk and credit risk while increasing profitability and strengthening the Parent Bank's equity. The assets-liabilities committee (ALC) manages the assets and liabilities within the trading limits on the level of exposure placed by the Executive Risk Committee.

Gains and losses arising from foreign currency transactions have been recorded in the period in which the transaction took place. Foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities are valued with the period end exchange rates published by the Central Bank of Turkey converting them into Turkish Lira and valuation differences of foreign currencies have been recognized in the income statement under the net foreign exchange income/expense account.

The foreign currency exchange differences resulting from the translation of debt securities issued and monetary financial instruments into Turkish Lira are included in the income statement. There are no foreign currency differences capitalized by the Parent Bank.

**3. Investments in associates and subsidiaries**

Consolidated and Financial Statements " Turkey Accounting Standard for Consolidated Financial Statements" (TFRS 10) has been prepared in accordance with the provisions.

The Parent Bank and Neova Katılım Sigorta A.Ş accounted for the mutual funds that KT Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş., a subsidiary of the Parent Bank, is "the fund founder and that the Group controls according to the methods, procedures and principles stated in ("TFRS 10") "Turkish Financial Reporting Standard for Consolidated Financial Statements" are accounted as per full consolidation method.

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Titles, locations of the headquarters, main operations and Group's shares relating the consolidated entities are as follows:

Title	Address (City/Country)	Main Operation	30.09.2022	31.12.2021	Consolidation method
KT Bank AG	Frankfurt/Germany	Banking	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
Neova Katılım Sigorta A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	Financial Institution	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	Financial Institution	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
KT Sükuk Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	Financial Institution	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
KT Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	Financial Institution	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
Körfez Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	Financial Institution	75.00%	75.00%	Full consolidation
Katılım Emeklilik ve Hayat A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	Financial Institution	50.00%	50.00%	Accounted with equity pick-up
KT Portföy Kuveyt Türk Yabancı Katılım Serbest Özel Fon	Istanbul/Turkey	Investment Fund	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
KT Portföy Birinci Katılım Serbest (TL) Fon	Istanbul/Turkey	Investment Fund	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
KT Portföy Birinci Katılım Serbest (Döviz-Avro) Özel Fon	Istanbul/Turkey	Investment Fund	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
KT Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. Kobi Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Fonu	Istanbul/Turkey	Investment Fund	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
KT Portföy Lonca Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Fonu	Istanbul/Turkey	Investment Fund	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
KT Portföy Neova Katılım Serbest Özel (TL) Fon	Istanbul/Turkey	Investment Fund	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
KT Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. Neova Katılım Sigorta Özel Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Fonu	Istanbul/Turkey	Investment Fund	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation

Parent Bank and the subsidiaries, the financial tables of which are consolidated along with the Parent Bank, are collectively referred as “the Group.”

**Consolidation basis of subsidiaries:**

Subsidiaries are entities whose capital and management are directly or indirectly controlled by the Parent Bank. Subsidiaries are consolidated by the full consolidation method, within the framework of significance on the basis of operational outcomes, assets sizes and equity sizes. The financial statements of the relevant subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements as of the date that control is transferred to Parent Bank.

Control denotes any of the following circumstances: the Parent Bank directly or indirectly through subsidiaries has over 50% of the voting rights or, dominance over the voting rights as described afore does not exist but the Parent Bank owns the preferred shares, or; the Parent Bank has voting rights appropriating more than 50% percent of all voting rights due to the agreements signed with other shareholders, or; the Parent Bank has the authority to manage the operational and financial policies of the entity due to certain arrangements or agreements, or; the Parent Bank has the power to influence the majority of the votes within the Board of Directors or any other executive organ vested with similar rights, or; the Parent Bank by any means has the power to appoint or dismiss the majority of the Board of Directors.

In accordance with the full consolidation, all of the assets, liabilities, income, expense and off-balance sheet liabilities of the subsidiaries are consolidated with the assets, liabilities, income, expense and off-balance sheet liabilities of the Parent Bank. The carrying value of the Group's investment in each subsidiary is offset with the cost value of the subsidiary's capital owned by the Group. Balances regarding the transactions between the subsidiaries in the scope of the consolidation and the unrealized gains/losses are reciprocally offset. Minority shares within the net income of the consolidated subsidiaries are determined provided that the net income of the Group shall be calculated, and these minority shares are presented as a separate item in the income statement. Minority shares are presented under the equity in the consolidated balance sheet.

In the case where the accounting policies implemented by the subsidiary are different than the Parent Bank, the accounting policies are reconciled.

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**4. Explanations on forward transactions and option contracts and derivative instruments**

The Parent Bank engages in foreign currency futures transactions in order to reduce foreign currency position risk and manage foreign currency liquidity. The Parent Bank's derivatives are classified as "Hedging Purposes" and "Financial Asset with Fair Value (GUD) Reflected in Profit/Loss". Accordingly, although some derivative transactions provide effective protection against risks for the Parent Bank economically, those that cannot be defined accountably for hedging purposes are recognized as "Financial Assets Reflected in Fair Value (GUD) Profit/Loss" and tracked in the "Derivative Financial Assets/Liabilities" account on the balance sheet with their fair value.

Obligations and receivables arising from derivative transactions are recorded in the accounts based on the contract amounts. The fair value of currency futures and swaps is calculated using the discounted cash flow model. Differences in the fair value of derivative transactions for trading purposes are recognized in the " Trading Income/Loss " item in the income statement.

Embedded derivatives are separated from the host contract if the economic characteristics and risks of the embedded derivative are not closely related to the economic characteristics and risks of the host contract, a separate instrument with the same terms as the embedded derivative would meet the definition of a derivative and the hybrid instrument is not measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss. Embedded derivatives are accounted as derivative instruments in-line with TFRS 9. If the embedded derivatives are closely related with the host contract, embedded derivatives are accounted for in-line with the relevant standard applicable for the host contract.

As of September 30, 2022, the Parent Bank's has no cash flow hedging transaction.

Benchmark Rate Reform - Stage 2, which introduces amendments to TFRS 9, TAS 39, TFRS 7, TFRS 4 and TFRS 16, effective from January 2021, was published in December 2020 and early application of the changes is permitted. With the amendments made, certain exceptions are provided in the basis used in determining the contractual cash flows and in the hedge accounting provisions. The changes came into effect from 1 January 2021. Loans given from items indexed to benchmark interest rates in the Parent Bank's financial statements and securities assets; Securities issued, derivative transactions and loans obtained through repo constitute liabilities. These changes do not have a significant impact on the Parent Bank's financial position or performance. As of 30 September 2022, the Parent Bank has no hedging transactions based on the benchmark interest rate.

**5. Explanations on profit share income and expense**

Profit share income is recognized in the income statement on an accrual basis by using the method of internal rate of return and is accounted under profit share income account in the financial statements. While applying the internal rate of return method, the Parent Bank amortizes the fees included in the account of the effective profit rate over the expected life of the financial instrument. If the financial asset is impaired and classified as a non-performing loan, profit accruals and rediscount calculations for these customers within the scope of TFRS 9 Financial Instruments Standard.

The Group calculates expense accrual in accordance with the unit value calculation method on profit/loss sharing accounts and reflects these amounts in "Funds Collected" account on the balance sheet.

**6. Explanations on fees and commission income and expenses**

Other than fees and commission income and expenses received from certain banking transactions that are recorded as income or expense in the period they are collected, fees and commission income and expenses are recognized in the income statement depending on the duration of the transaction. Except for fees and commissions that are integral part of the effective interest rates of financial instruments measured at amortized costs, the fees and commissions are accounted for in accordance with TFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers.

Except for fees and commissions that are integral part of the effective interest rates of financial instruments measured at amortized costs, the fees and commissions are accounted for in accordance with TFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers. Except for certain fees related with certain banking transactions and recognized when the related service is given, fees and commissions received or paid, and other fees and commissions paid to financial institutions are accounted under accrual basis of accounting throughout the service period. The income derived from agreements or asset purchases from real-person or corporate third parties are recognized as income when realized.

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In accordance with the provisions of TAS, commission and fees collected in advance for loans used by the Parent Bank granted are deferred and reflected to the income statement by using the internal rate of return method. Unearned portion of the commission and fees relating to the future periods are recorded to the “Unearned Revenues” account under “Other Liabilities” on the balance sheet.

**7. Explanations on financial assets**

The Group classifies and accounts for its financial assets as ‘Fair Value Through Profit/Loss’, ‘Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income,’ or ‘Amortized Cost.’ Such financial assets are recognized and derecognized as per the terms of “Recognition and Derecognition in Financial Statements” under the section three of the “TFRS 9 Financial Instruments” regarding the classification and measurements of financial instruments, published in the Official Gazette numbered 29953 and dated 19 January 2017 by Public Oversight, Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority (“POA”). When financial assets are included in the financial statements for the first time, they are measured at fair value. Transaction costs are initially added to fair value or deducted from fair value at the initial measurement of financial assets other than the "Fair Value at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss".

The Group recognizes a financial asset in the financial statements only when it becomes a party to the contractual terms of a financial instrument. During the initial recognition of a financial asset, the business model determined by Group management and the nature of contractual cash flows of the financial asset are taken into consideration. When the business model determined by the Group management is changed, all affected financial assets are reclassified and this reclassification is applied prospectively. In such cases, no adjustments are made to gains, losses or profit shares that were previously recorded in the financial statements.

**7.1 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:**

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets that are managed within a business model other than the business model whose objective is achieved by holding contractual cashflows for collection and the business model whose objective is achieved by collecting and selling contractual cash flows. Also, in case that the contractual terms of financial assets do not give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and profit share on the principal amount, such assets are those that are, obtained with the aim of providing profit from the short-term price or other factor fluctuations in the market or are part of a portfolio aiming to obtain short-term profit, regardless of the reason of acquisition.

**7.2 Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income:**

A financial asset is classified as at fair value through other comprehensive income when the asset is managed within a business model whose objective is achieved by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial asset, as well as when the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows are solely payments of principal and profit share on the principal amount.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognized by adding transaction cost to acquisition costs that reflect the fair value of the financial asset. After the recognition, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are remeasured at fair value. Profit share income calculated with effective profit share method regarding the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and dividend income from equity securities are recorded to income statement. “Unrealized gains and losses,” which is the difference between the amortized cost and the fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, are not reflected in the income statement of the period until the acquisition of the asset, sale of the asset, the disposal of the asset, or the impairment of the asset. “Unrealized gains and losses” are accounted under the “Accumulated other comprehensive income or expense to be reclassified through profit or loss” under shareholders’ equity.

Equity securities, which are classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, are carried at fair value, in the case that the securities have a quoted market price in an active market and/or the fair values of the securities can be reliably measured. In contrary case, the securities are carried at cost, less provision for impairment.

During initial recognition an entity can make an irrevocable election regarding the presentation of the subsequent changes in the fair value of the investment in an equity instrument, that is not held for trading purposes, in the other comprehensive income. In the case that the entity elects to present the changes as described, dividends arising from the investment is accounted in the financial statements as profit or loss.

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The Parent Bank's financial assets with a difference in fair value reflected in other comprehensive income have government sukuks indexed to consumer prices ("CPI") in their securities portfolios, whose real coupon rates for 6 months remain constant throughout the maturity period. These assets are evaluated and accounted for according to the effective dividend method based on real coupon rates and the index calculated taking into account the reference inflation index and the estimated inflation rate at the date of issuance. The estimated inflation rate used is updated as necessary during the year.

**7.3 Financial assets measured at amortized cost:**

In the case that a financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and that the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise to cash flows on specified dates that are solely payments of principal and profit share on the principal amount, the financial asset is classified as financial asset measured at amortized cost.

Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost; are financial assets, other than loans and receivables, which are held for the purpose of custody until maturity, with conditions necessary for such assets to be held until contractual maturity met, including funding ability; and which have fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities. Financial assets measured at amortized cost are initially recognized at cost and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the internal rate of return method. Profit share income related to Financial Assets measured at amortized cost is reflected in the income statement.

**7.4 Derivative financial assets:**

The major derivative instruments utilized by the Parent Bank's are foreign currency swaps, cross currency swaps and currency forwards.

Payables and receivables arising from the derivative instruments are recorded in the off-balance sheet accounts at their contractual values.

Derivative transactions are valued at their fair values subsequent to their acquisition. In accordance with the classification of derivative financial instruments, the fair value amounts are classified as "Derivative Financial Assets Designated at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss." The fair value differences of derivative financial instruments are recognized in the income statement under trading profit/loss line in profit/loss from derivative financial transactions. The fair value of derivative instruments is calculated by taking into account the market value of the derivatives or by using the discounted cash flow model.



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**7.5 Loans**

Loans are financial assets that have fixed or determinable payments terms and are not quoted in an active market. Loans are initially recognized at acquisition cost plus transaction costs presenting their fair value and thereafter measured at amortized cost using the "Effective Profit Share Rate (internal rate of return) Method".

**8. Explanations on offsetting of financial assets and liabilities**

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet when the Parent Bank's has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to collect/pay the related financial assets and liabilities on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

**9. Explanations on sale and repurchase agreements and lending of securities**

Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey ("CBRT") made some changes on orders for open market transactions ("OMT") and prepared an additional frame contract for participation banks in order to present rent certificates to open market operations of CBRT in accordance with the principles of participation banks. According to this agreement, a new type of transaction was formed which enables participation banks to resell or repurchase rent certificates on their portfolio to CBRT when they are in need of funding or in attempt to evaluate the excess liquidity. In this context, OMT were carried out with the CBRT for the first time on 14 June 2013, by subjecting the Treasury Lease Certificates, which were include in assets, to the repurchase transactions. From this date, the Bank performs sale transactions of treasury lease certificates that are recognized in the assets of the balance sheet in return for conditional repurchasing by tendering to purchase auctions held by CBRT with various maturities; and thusly raises funds.

As of 30 September 2022, the Group's has repurchased agreement amounting to TL 4,829 (31 December 2021- TL 6,495,474).

**10. Explanations on assets held for sale and discontinued operations and related liabilities**

As mandated by the Banking Act 5411 Article 57 "banks cannot participate in commercial real-estate and commodity trade with the exception of real-estate and commodity based agreements within the scope of Capital Markets Act No. 2499, and precious metal trade as seen appropriate by the board, and cannot participate in partnerships with firms whose main business activity is commercial real-estate, with the exception of real-estate investment partnerships and companies that finance mortgaged residential estates. The rules and procedures regarding the sales of real-estate and commodities that were acquired due to receivables and debtors' obligations to the bank are determined by the board."

Assets that meet the criteria for classification as assets held for sale are measured at the lower of the carrying amount of assets and fair value less any costs to be incurred for disposal. Assets held for sale are not amortized and presented in the financial statements separately. In order to classify an asset as held for sale, the sale should be highly probable and the asset (or disposal group) should be available for immediate sale in its present condition. Highly saleable condition requires a plan by the management regarding the sale of the asset (or the disposal group) together with an active program for the determination of buyers as well as for the completion of the plan. Also, the asset (or the disposal group) should be actively in the market at a price consistent with its fair value. In addition, the sale is expected to be recognized as a completed sale within one year after the classification date and the necessary transactions and procedures to complete the plan should demonstrate the fact that there is remote possibility of making any significant changes in the plan or cancellation of the plan. Various events and conditions may extend the completion period of the disposal over one year. If such delay arises from any events and conditions beyond the control of the entity and there is sufficient evidence that the entity has an ongoing disposal plan for these assets, such assets (or disposal group) can remain to be classified as assets (or disposal group) held for sale. Extension of the period necessary to complete the sale, does not avoid the classification of the related asset (or disposal group) to be classified as asset held for sale.

A discontinued operation is a part of the Parent Bank's that either has been disposed of or is classified as held for sale. Discontinued operations are presented separately in the income statement. The Parent Bank's has no discontinued operations.

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**11. Explanations on goodwill and other intangible assets:**

Intangible assets are stated at cost adjusted for inflation until 31 December 2004, less provision for impairment, if any, and accumulated amortization and amortized with straight-line method.

The other intangible assets of the Group comprise mainly computer software. The useful lives of such assets acquired prior to 2004 have been determined as 5 years and for the year 2004 and forthcoming years, as 3 years.

There is no goodwill related to associates and subsidiaries.

**12. Explanations on tangible assets:**

Fixed assets are stated at cost adjusted for inflation until 31 December 2004, less accumulated depreciation and provision for impairment, if any.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the assets. The annual rates used for amortization are as follows:

Property	2%
Movables, leased assets	6.67% - 20%

Depreciation is calculated on a pro-rata basis for the assets that have been placed in use for less than one year as of the balance sheet date. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the term of the lease agreements by straight-line method.

If the recoverable amount (the higher of value in use and fair value) of a tangible asset is less than its carrying value, impairment loss is provided and the carrying value is written down to its recoverable amount.

Gains or losses resulting from disposals of the fixed assets are recorded in the income statement as the difference between the net proceeds and net book value of the asset.

Expenses for repair costs are capitalized if the expenditure increases economic life of the asset; other repair costs are expensed as incurred.

The capital expenditures made in order to increase the capacity of the tangible asset or to increase its future benefits are capitalized on the cost of the tangible asset. The capital expenditures include the cost components which are used either to increase the useful life or the capacity of the asset or the quality of the product, or to decrease the costs.

Property held for long-term rental yields and/or capital appreciation is classified as investment property. Investment properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment in value. Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the properties.

**13. Explanations on leasing transactions**

For contracts concluded prior to 1 January 2019, the Parent Bank assesses whether the contract has a lease qualification or include a lease transaction.

- (a) The right to obtain almost all of the economic benefits from the use of the leased asset and,  
(b) Whether the leased asset which has the right to manage its use is evaluated

The Group has started implementing the TFRS 16 - Leases standard from 1 January 2019, the first date of the TFRS 16 standard. At the commencement date of the lease, the Parent Bank recognizes lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. Lease payments are discounted by using the Parent Bank's alternative borrowing profit rate.

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**The right of the use asset**

The Group reflects the existence of a right of use and a lease obligation to the financial statements at the date the lease is commenced.

The right to use asset is recognized first by cost method and includes the following:

- (a) The first measurement amount of the lease obligation,
- (b) The amount obtained by deducting all rental incentives received from all lease payments made at or before the date of the rental.

When the Parent Bank applying cost method, the existence of the right of use:

- (a) Accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses are deducted and
- (b) Measures the restatement of the lease obligation over the adjusted cost.

The Group applies the depreciation liabilities in TAS 16 Tangible Fixed Assets while depreciating the right of use asset.

The Group determines whether the right of use has been impaired and recognizes any identified impairment losses in accordance with TAS 36 – Impairment of Assets.

**Lease Obligation**

At the effective date of the lease, the Parent Bank measures the leasing liability at the present value of the lease payments not paid at that time. Lease payments are discounted using the Parent Bank’s alternative borrowing interest rate.

The profit on the lease liability for each period of the lease term is the amount found by applying a fixed periodic profit rate to the remaining balance of the lease liability. Periodic profit rate is the Parent Bank’s borrowing profit rate.

After the beginning of a contract, the Parent Bank remeasures its lease liability to reflect changes in lease payments. The Parent Bank reflects the restatement amount of the lease obligation to the financial statements as revised in the presence of the right of use.

**14. Explanations on provisions and contingent liabilities**

Provisions and contingent liabilities are accounted for in accordance with “Turkish Accounting Standard for Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets” (TAS 37).

Provisions are recognized when the Bank has a present obligation, legal or constructive, as a result of a past event, when it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and when a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

As per the “Matching Principle,” a provision is provided for the liabilities arising as a result of past events in the period they arise, if it is probable that the liability will be settled and a reliable estimate for the liability amount can be made.

When a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made or it is not probable that an outflow of the Parent Bank resources will be required to settle the obligation, the obligation is considered as a “Contingent” liability and is disclosed in the related notes to the financial statements.

**15. Explanations on liabilities relating to employee benefits**

**15.1 Defined benefit plans:**

In accordance with existing social legislation, the Parent Bank is required to make severance pay to each employee who has completed over one year of service with the group and who retires or quits the employment to receive old age or disability benefits, to fulfill the compulsory military service, because of the marriage (for females) or because of the other compulsive reasons as defined in the laws and whose employment is terminated due to reasons other than resignation or misconduct.

Liabilities amount which is related to “Turkish Accounting Standard on Employee Benefits” (“TAS 19”) is reflected accompanying financial statements and these liabilities are calculated by an independent actuary firm.

The Parent Bank is accounted all actuarial profit and loss under Statement of other Comprehensive Income.

The Parent Bank’s employees are not members of any pension fund, foundations, union or other similar entities.

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**15.2 Defined contribution plans:**

The Parent Bank pays defined contribution plans to publicly administered Social Security Funds for its employees as mandated by the Social Security Association. The Parent Bank has no further payment obligations other than this contribution share. The contributions are recognized as employee benefit expense when they are due.

**15.3 Short term benefits to employees:**

In accordance with "TAS 19", vacation pay liabilities are defined as "Short Term Benefits to Employees" and accrued as earned.

The Group management calculates bonus accrual if it foresees that the budgeted year-end figures approved by the Board of Directors are attainable.

**16. Explanations on taxation**

***Current Tax***

With the Law No. 7394 on the Assessment of Immovable Properties Belonging to the Treasury and the Amendment of the Value Added Tax Law, which was published in the Official Gazette dated April 15, 2022 and numbered 31810 and entered into force, and the Article 26 of the Law on the Amendment of Some Laws and Decree Laws and the paragraph added to the provisional Article 13 of the Corporate Tax Law No. 5520, The Corporate Tax rate will be applied as 25% for corporate earnings the taxation period of 2022.

This rate shall be applied to the tax base to be found because of adding expenses that are not accepted as deductions in accordance with the tax laws to the commercial earnings of the corporations and deducting the exemptions and deductions in the tax laws. If the profit is not distributed, no further tax is paid. In accordance with the tax legislation, as of July 1, 2022, the provisional tax rate will be paid at the rate of 25% on the quarterly bases, and the provisional taxes paid during the year are deducted from the corporate tax calculated on the annual corporate tax return of that year.

Withholding taxes is not applied to dividends distributed to companies' resident in Turkey or companies who earn income in Turkey through their resident representatives in Turkey. With the Council of Minister's decision numbered 2009/14593 and 2009/14594 which are published in official gazette numbered 27130 and dated 3 February 2009, some deduction rates in 15<sup>th</sup> and 30<sup>th</sup> articles of the corporate tax law numbered 5520 were re-determined. In accordance with this, dividends distributed to companies other than companies' resident in Turkey or companies who earn income in Turkey through their resident representatives in Turkey are subject to 10% withholding taxes. Double tax treaty agreements are also taken into consideration during the application of withholding taxes on dividends distributed to real persons and to foreign-based taxpayers. Addition of profit to share capital is not considered as dividend distributed therefore no withholding taxes is applied.

For the purpose of issuance of certificate of leasing immovables to resource institutions, with the sale of asset leasing companies, the scope of Financial Leasing, Factoring and Financing Companies Law No.6361, dated 21 November 2012 in order to lease it back and in case of taking back at the end of the contract, with the sale of financial leasing companies and asset leasing by asset leasing companies, for profit from the sale of the immovable property inherited from the institution applies this rate as 100% and for the immovable is not compulsory to be in assets at least for a period of two years. But the mentioned immovable's; except in case of failure to fulfill the obligations arising from the source institution, the lesser or leasing agreement, immovable in question by the asset leasing company, in case of selling a third person or institutions, these immovable's with the carrying value before its transfer to resource institution or asset leasing in lesser or asset leasing company, in mentioned institutions taking into consideration the total amount of depreciation is taxable for corporation engaged in the sale.

Corporate tax returns are filed by the thirty days of the fourth month following the balance sheet date and taxes is paid in one installment by the end of that month.

Corporate tax losses can be carried forward for a maximum period of five years following the year in which the losses were incurred. However, losses cannot be carried back to offset profits from prior periods. The tax authorities can inspect tax returns and the related accounting records for a retrospective maximum period of five years.

In Turkey, there is no procedure for a final and definite agreement on tax assessments.

On January 20, 2022, the implementation of inflation accounting with the "Law on The Amendment of the Tax Procedure Law and the Corporate Tax Law" adopted on the agenda of the Turkish Grand National Assembly has been postponed to start from the balance sheet dated December 31, 2023.

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***Deferred Tax***

For taxable temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts, as per the provisions of “Turkish Accounting Standard on Income Taxes” (“TAS 12”), the Group calculates deferred tax asset or liability over all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax asset over taxable temporary differences, apart from the provisions for Expected Credit Losses for 12-Months (Stage 1) and for Lifetime Credit Losses (Stage 2) with significant increase in the credit risk after initial recognition, to the extent that is probable that taxable profit will be available in subsequent periods. Deferred tax asset and liabilities are shown in the accompanying financial statements on a net basis. The tax effect regarding the items directly accounted in equity are also reflected in equity. Updated tax rates in the upcoming periods will be taken into account in the calculation of deferred tax assets and liabilities.

**17. Explanations on additional disclosures on borrowings**

Borrowings other than funds collected are measured at amortized cost using the internal rate of return method after the initial recognition. The Parent Bank does not apply hedging techniques on related borrowings.

The Parent Bank has not issued convertible bonds.

**18. Explanations on share certificates issued**

There is no significant amount of transaction costs on the Parent Bank about share certificates.

**19. Explanations on acceptances and availed drafts**

Acceptances and availed drafts are realized simultaneously with the payment dates of the customers, and they are presented as commitments in off-balance sheet accounts.

**20. Explanations on government grants**

There are no government grants received by the Parent Bank.

**21. Explanations on segment reporting**

The Retail Banking conducts its activities in three separate segments: Corporate and Commercial Banking, Treasury and International Banking. Each department serves with its own products and the results of the activities are monitored on the basis of these departments.

Segment reporting is disclosed in Section Four, Note 14.

**22. Explanations on other matters**

The Parent Bank has no disclosures on other matters.

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**SECTION FOUR**

**INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE GROUP**

**1. Explanations on consolidated equity items**

Total capital and Capital adequacy ratio have been calculated in accordance with the “Regulation on Equity of Banks” and “Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks”. As of 30 September 2022 Group’s total capital has been calculated as TL 33,738,781 (31 December 2021: TL 19,958,724), capital adequacy ratio is 21.81% (31 December 2021: 22.34%).

Within the scope of the regulations dated 28 April 2022 and 21 December 2021 by the BRSA, it was allowed to calculate the amount based on credit risk with the exchange rates of the Central Bank for 31 December 2021 and to exclude these differences in the amount of equity to be used for the capital adequacy ratio if the net valuation differences of the securities in the portfolio of securities whose fair value difference is reflected in the other comprehensive income are negative.

The Bank used these opportunities in its Capital Adequacy calculations as of September 30, 2022.

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**1.1. Information on consolidated equity items**

	Current Period Amount	Prior Period Amount
<b>COMMON EQUITY TIER I CAPITAL</b>		
Paid-In Capital to Be Entitled for Compensation After All Creditors	4,600,000	4,600,000
Share Premium	24,525	24,525
Reserves	5,666,889	3,411,612
Other Comprehensive Income According to TAS	5,592,167	482,295
Profit	7,074,907	3,266,312
Current Period Profit	6,258,050	3,355,492
Prior Period Profit	816,857	(89,180)
Minority Shares	-	-
Bonus Shares from Associates, Affiliates and Joint-Ventures Not Accounted in Current Period's Profit	38,592	36,019
<b>Common Equity Tier I Capital Before Deductions</b>	<b>22,997,080</b>	<b>11,820,763</b>
<b>Deductions From Common Equity Tier I Capital</b>		
Valuation Adjustments Calculated as Per the Article 9. (I) Of The Regulation on Bank Capital	-	-
Current And Prior Periods' Losses Not Covered by Reserves, And Losses Accounted Under Equity According to TAS (-)	33,706	16,538
Leasehold Improvements on Operational Leases (-)	92,214	73,968
Goodwill Netted with Deferred Tax Liabilities	-	-
Other Intangible Assets Netted with Deferred Tax Liabilities Except Mortgage Servicing Rights	389,010	347,516
Remaining after deducting from the related deferred tax liability with the deferred tax asset based on future taxable income, except for deferred tax assets based on temporary differences	126,792	115,397
Differences Arise When Assets and Liabilities Not Held at Fair Value, Are Subjected to Cash Flow Hedge Accounting	-	-
Total Credit Losses That Exceed Total Expected Loss Calculated According to The Regulation on Calculation of Credit Risk by Internal Ratings Based Approach	-	-
Securitization Gains	-	-
Unrealized Gains and Losses from Changes in Bank's Liabilities' Fair Values Due to Changes in Creditworthiness	-	-
Net Amount of Defined Benefit Plans	48,855	52,112
Direct And Indirect Investments of The Bank on Its Own Tier I Capital (-)	4,869	4,869
Shares Obtained Against Article 56, Paragraph 4 Of the Banking Law (-)	-	-
Total Of Net Long Positions of The Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions Where the Bank Owns 10% Or Less of The Issued Share Capital Exceeding The 10% Threshold of Above Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Total Of Net Long Positions of The Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions Where the Bank Owns 10% Or More Of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding The 10% Threshold of Above Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Mortgage Servicing Rights Exceeding The 10% Threshold of Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Net Deferred Tax Assets Arising from Temporary Differences Exceeding The 10% Threshold of Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Amount Exceeding The 15% Threshold of Tier I Capital as Per the Article 2, Clause 2 Of the Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks (-)	-	-
The Portion of Net Long Position of The Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions Where the Bank Owns 10% Or More Of the Issued Share Capital Not Deducted from Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Mortgage Servicing Rights Not Deducted (-)	-	-
Excess Amount Arising from Deferred Tax Assets from Temporary Differences (-)	-	-
Other Items to Be Defined by The BRSA (-)	-	-
Deductions From Tier I Capital in Cases Where There Are No Adequate Additional Tier I Or Tier II Capitals (-)	-	-
<b>Total Deductions from Common Equity Tier I Capital</b>	<b>695,446</b>	<b>610,400</b>
<b>Total Common Equity Tier I Capital</b>	<b>22,301,634</b>	<b>11,210,363</b>

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<b>ADDITIONAL TIER I CAPITAL</b>		
Privileged stocks not included in common equity and share premiums	-	-
Debt Instruments and the Related Issuance Premiums Defined by the BRSA	4,164,333	3,317,165
Debt Instruments and the Related Issuance Premiums Defined by the BRSA (Covered by Temporary Article 4)	-	-
<b>Additional Tier I Capital before Deductions</b>	<b>4,164,333</b>	<b>3,317,165</b>
<b>Deductions From Additional Tier I Capital</b>		
Direct And Indirect Investments of The Bank on Its Own Additional Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Investments In Equity Instruments Issued by Banks or Financial Institutions Invested in Bank's Additional Tier I Capital and Having Conditions Stated in The Article 7 Of the Regulation	-	-
Total Of Net Long Positions of The Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions Where the Bank Owns 10% Or Less of The Issued Share Capital Exceeding The 10% Threshold of Above Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
The Total of Net Long Position of The Direct or Indirect Investments in Additional Tier I Capital of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions Where the Bank Owns More Than 10% Of the Issued Share Capital (-)	-	-
Other Items to Be Defined by The BRSA (-)	-	-
<b>Items To Be Deducted from Tier I Capital During the Transition Period</b>		
Goodwill And Other Intangible Assets and Related Deferred Taxes Not Deducted from Tier I Capital as Per the Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 Of the Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks (-)	-	-
Net Deferred Tax Asset/Liability Not Deducted from Tier I Capital as Per the Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 Of the Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks (-)	-	-
Deduction From Additional Tier I Capital When There Is Not Enough Tier II Capital (-)	-	-
<b>Total Deductions from Additional Tier I Capital</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Total Additional Tier I Capital</b>	<b>4,164,333</b>	<b>3,317,165</b>
<b>Total Tier I Capital (Tier I Capital= Common Equity Tier I Capital + Additional Tier I Capital)</b>	<b>26,465,967</b>	<b>14,527,528</b>
<b>Tier II Capital</b>		
Debt Instruments and The Related Issuance Premiums Defined by The BRSA (*)	5,830,065	4,644,031
Debt Instruments and The Related Issuance Premiums Defined by The BRSA (Covered by Temporary Article 4)	-	-
Provisions (Amounts Explained in The First Paragraph of The Article 8 Of the Regulation on Bank Capital)	1,450,208	905,540
<b>Tier II Capital before deductions</b>	<b>7,280,273</b>	<b>5,549,571</b>
<b>Deductions From Tier II Capital</b>		
Direct And Indirect Investments of The Bank on Its Own Tier II Capital (-)	-	-
Investments In Equity Instruments Issued by Banks and Financial Institutions Invested in Bank's Tier II Capital and Having Conditions Stated in The Article 8 Of the Regulation	-	-
Total Of Net Long Positions of The Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions Where the Bank Owns 10% Or Less of The Issued Share Capital Exceeding The 10% Threshold of Above Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
The Total of Net Long Position of The Direct or Indirect Investments in Additional Tier I Capital and Tier II Capital of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions Where the Bank Owns 10% Or More Of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding The 10% Threshold of Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Other Items to Be Defined by The BRSA (-)	-	-
<b>Total Deductions from Tier II Capital</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Total Tier II Capital</b>	<b>7,280,273</b>	<b>5,549,571</b>
<b>Total Equity (Total Tier I And Tier II Capital)</b>	<b>33,746,240</b>	<b>20,077,099</b>



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<b>Total Tier I Capital and Tier II Capital (Total Equity)</b>		
Loans Granted Against the Articles 50 and 51 of the Banking Law (-)	-	-
Net Book Values of Movables and Immovables Exceeding the Limit Defined in the Article 57, Clause 1 of the Banking Law and The Assets Acquired Against Overdue Receivables and Held for Sale but Retained More Than Five Years (-)	6,197	11,607
Other Items to Be Defined by the BRSA (-)	1,262	106,768
<b>Items to Be Deducted from the Sum of Tier I and Tier II Capital (Capital) During the Transition Period</b>		
The Portion of Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions Where the Bank Owns 10% or Less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of Above Tier I Capital Not Deducted from Tier I Capital, Additional Tier I Capital or Tier II Capital as Per the Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 of the Regulation (-)	-	-
The Portion of Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions Where the Bank Owns More Than 10% of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of Above Tier I Capital Not Deducted from Additional Tier I Capital or Tier II Capital as Per the Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 Of the Regulation (-)	-	-
The Portion of Net Long Position of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions Where the Bank Owns 10% Or More of the Issued Share Capital, of the Net Deferred Tax Assets Arising from Temporary Differences and Of the Mortgage Servicing Rights Not Deducted from Tier I Capital as Per the Temporary Article 2, Clause 2, Paragraph (1) And (2) And Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 of the Regulation (-)	-	-
<b>Capital</b>		
Total Capital (Total of Tier I Capital and Tier II Capital)	33,738,781	19,958,724
Total Risk Weighted Assets	154,668,898	89,353,714
<b>Capital Adequacy Ratios</b>		
CET1 Capital Ratio (%)	14.42	12.55
Tier I Capital Ratio (%)	17.11	16.26
Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	21.81	22.34
<b>Buffers</b>		
Bank-Specific Total CET1 Capital Ratio	2.50	2.50
Capital Conservation Buffer Ratio (%)	2.50	2.50
Systemic Significant Bank Buffer Ratio (%)	-	-
Additional CET1 Capital Over Total Risk Weighted Assets Ratio Calculated According to the Article 4 Of Capital Conservation and Counter-Cyclical Capital Buffers Regulation	9.92	8.05
<b>Amounts Lower Than Excesses as Per Deduction Rules</b>		
Remaining Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions Where the Bank Owns 10% Or Less of the Issued Share Capital	-	-
Remaining Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Tier I Capital of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions Where the Bank Owns More Than 10% Or Less of the Issued Share Capital	-	-
Remaining Mortgage Servicing Rights	-	-
Net Deferred Tax Assets Arising from Temporary Differences	-	-
<b>Limits For Provisions Used in Tier II Capital Calculation</b>		
General Loan Provisions for Exposures in Standard Approach (Before Limit of One Hundred and Twenty-Five Per Ten Thousand)	5,719,400	6,298,549
General Loan Provisions for Exposures in Standard Approach Limited By 1.25% Of Risk Weighted Assets	1,450,208	905,540
Total Loan Provision That Exceeds Total Expected Loss Calculated According to Communiqué on Calculation of Credit Risk by Internal Ratings Based Approach	-	-
Total Loan Provision That Exceeds Total Expected Loss Calculated According to Communiqué on Calculation of Credit Risk by Internal Ratings Based Approach, Limited By 0.6% Risk Weighted Assets	-	-
Debt Instruments Covered by Temporary Article 4 (Effective Between 1.1.2018-1.1.2022)		
Upper Limit for Additional Tier I Capital Items Subject to Temporary Article 4	-	-
Amount Of Additional Tier I Capital Items Subject to Temporary Article 4 That Exceeds Upper Limit	-	-
Upper Limit for Additional Tier II Capital Items Subject to Temporary Article 4	-	-
Amount of Additional Tier II Capital Items Subject to Temporary Article 4 That Exceeds Upper Limit	-	-

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<b>Information on debt instruments to be included in equity calculation:</b>			
Issuer	KT One Company Limited	KT AT One Company Limited	KT21 T2 Company Limited
Mean Code (CUSIP, ISIN vb.)	XS2028862998	XS2227803819	XS2384355520
Legislation to which the mean is subject	BRSA regulation on Shareholders ' Equity	BRSA regulation on Shareholders ' Equity	BRSA regulation on Shareholders ' Equity
<b>Consideration In Equity Calculation</b>			
Subject to consideration application reduced by 10% from 1/1/2015	Not being subject	Not being subject	Not being subject
Validity on a consolidated or unconsolidated basis or both consolidated and unconsolidated basis	Current on both consolidated and unconsolidated basis	Current on both consolidated and unconsolidated basis	Current on both consolidated and unconsolidated basis
Means Type	Subordinated Sukuk (Additional Tier I Capital)	Subordinated Sukuk (Additional Tier I Capital)	Subordinated Sukuk (Tier II Capital)
Amount taken into account in equity calculation (as of last reporting date-TL million)	3,705	926	6,484
Nominal value of the mean (TL million))	3,705	926	6,484
The account in which the mean is followed accounting	3470003	3470003	3470003
Export date of the mean	16/07/2019	28/09/2020	16/09/2021
Maturity structure of the mean (demand/term))	Demand	Demand	10 years and 3 months term
Initial maturity of the mean	5 Years (Due Date : 16/07/2024)	5 Years (Due Date : 29/09/2025)	5 Years and 3 months (Due Date: 16/12/2026)
Whether the issuer has the right to refund subject to BRSA approval	Yes	Yes	Yes
Date of repayment option, contingent repayment options and amount to be paid back	16/07/2024 - Complete	29/09/2025 - Complete	16/12/2026 - Complete
Subsequent repayment option dates	16/07/2024	29/09/2025	16/12/2026
<b>Dividend payments</b>			
Fixed or variable dividend payments	Fixed dividend payments	Fixed dividend payments	Fixed dividend payments
Dividend ratio and index value for dividend ratio	9.13%	9.95%	6.125%
Whether there are any restrictions that stop paying dividends	None	None	None
The ability to be completely optional, partially optional or mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory
Whether there is an element to encourage repayment, such as a dividend rate hike	None	None	None
Non-accumulative or cumulative property	Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative
<b>Ability to convert to stock</b>			
Trigger events/events that would cause conversion if converted to stock	Cannot be converted into stock	Cannot be converted into stock	Cannot be converted into stock
Fully or partially convert property if it can be converted to stock	Cannot be converted into stock	Cannot be converted into stock	Cannot be converted into stock
If it can be converted to stock, the conversion rate	Cannot be converted into stock	Cannot be converted into stock	Cannot be converted into stock
Forced or optional conversion property, if it can be converted to stock	Cannot be converted into stock	Cannot be converted into stock	Cannot be converted into stock
Types of convertible means, if convertible to stock	Cannot be converted into stock	Cannot be converted into stock	Cannot be converted into stock
Issuer of the debt instrument to be converted, if it can be converted to stock	Cannot be converted into stock	Cannot be converted into stock	Cannot be converted into stock
<b>Value reduction feature</b>			
Trigger events/events to cause reduction if value reduction is enabled	No Value Reduction	No Value Reduction	No Value Reduction
If it has a value reduction feature, it has a total or partial value reduction feature	No Value Reduction	No Value Reduction	No Value Reduction
If the value reduction property is continuous or transient	No Value Reduction	No Value Reduction	No Value Reduction
If the value can be temporarily reduced, the value increment mechanism	No Value Reduction	No Value Reduction	No Value Reduction
In the case of liquidation, which is in the order in respect of the right of receivables (the instrument which is located just above this instrument of borrowing))	Tier - 1	Tier - 1	Tier - 2
Whether or not the provisions of Articles 7 and 8 of the regulation on the shareholders ' equity of the banks are not met	None	None	None
Which of the conditions contained in Articles 7 and 8 of the regulation on the shareholders ' equity of the banks are not met	None	None	None

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**1.2 Approaches applied to assess the adequacy of internal capital requirement in terms of current and future activities**

Internal evaluation process is established for continuously evaluating and maintaining the types, components and distribution of the adequate level of capital in order to provide for various risks exposed to or to be exposed to. The final purpose of the evaluation process of the internal capital requirement, is to define and evaluate all the risks included or not in the calculations of the legal capital requirements, within the frame of the activities of the Parent Bank's, and to provide the availability of adequate capital in order to cover these risks and the application of the risk management techniques. The results obtained in this evaluation process by taking into consideration, the Parent Bank's growth strategy, assets-liabilities structure, funding sources, liquidity position, foreign currency position, the effect of the price and market fluctuations on the capital, which are among the variables of the economy, aim to provide the continuity of the mentioned capital adequacy level at the determined level in compliance with the Parent Banks' risk profile and risk appetite.

Within this scope, capital structure is reviewed as based on the frame of the activities and risks exposed to, and the internal capital requirement, probable to occur within the direction of targets and strategies of the Group is evaluated. This evaluation includes interest rate risk, concentration risk, liquidation risk, reputation risk, residual risk, country risk and strategic risk arising of the banking books as well as market, credit and operational risks. Capital requirement internal evaluation is evaluated to be a developing process and the development areas for the future period are determined and plans are prepared.

**2. Explanations on consolidated credit risk**

It has not been prepared in the interim period in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on Financial Statements to be Publicly Announced by Banks and the Related Explanations and Footnotes.

**3. Explanations on consolidated currency risk**

Foreign currency risk represents the Group's exposure to loss due to the changes in foreign currency exchange rates. All foreign currency assets, liabilities and foreign currency forward transactions are considered in calculation of capital to be employed for foreign currency risk according to standard method. "Standard Method" and "Value at Risk Method" used in legal reporting are used to measure the currency risk that the Group is exposed to. Measurements made under the Standard Method are made on a monthly basis, and measurements made under the Value at Risk Method are made on a daily basis.

The Parent monitors daily the designated limits set by the Board of Directors and additionally observes the possible value changes in foreign currency positions. The limits are determined and followed both for the net foreign currency position and for the cross-exchange rate risk within the position. As a tool of foreign currency risk management, foreign currency forward transactions are used when necessary to mitigate the risk.

As of 30 September 2022, the Group consists of a balance sheet closed position of TL 56,564 (December 31, 2021 - TL 584,272 closed) and off-balance sheet close position of TL 414,421 (December 31, 2021 - TL 304,773 open) with a close position of TL 471,075 (December 31, 2021 - TL 279,449 closed).

The announced current foreign exchange buying rates of the Parent Bank as of 30 September 2022 and the prior five working days are as follows (full TL):

	23/09/2022	26/09/2022	27/09/2022	28/09/2022	29/09/2022	Balance Sheet Valuation Rate
<b>USD</b>	18.38416	18.44192	18.47389	18.5082	18.53515	18.52616
<b>EURO</b>	17.95106	17.81658	17.80195	17.71505	17.96767	18.13198
<b>GBP</b>	20.41489	19.82638	19.9454	19.72766	20.11719	20.59285
<b>CHF</b>	18.76565	18.68268	18.70019	18.70243	18.87657	18.93357
<b>JPY</b>	0.12878	0.1281	0.12791	0.12796	0.12812	0.12823

The simple arithmetic averages of the major current foreign exchange buying rates of the Parent Bank for the thirty days preceding the balance sheet date are as follows (full TL):

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	Monthly average FC purchase rate
<b>USD</b>	18.29890
<b>EURO</b>	18.14390
<b>GBP</b>	20.76901
<b>CHF</b>	18.81176
<b>JPY</b>	0.12813

**Consolidated currency risk of the Group**

Current Period	Euro	USD	Other FC (***)	Total
<b>Assets</b>				
Cash (cash in vault, effectives, money in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey (***)	20,043,967	30,221,023	20,095,032	70,360,022
Banks (****)	3,194,234	3,881,755	19,589,076	26,665,065
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	183,247	1,352,315	13,737,162	15,272,724
Money market placements	-	-	-	-
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	7,216,527	12,607,625	-	19,824,152
Loans and finance lease receivables (*)	40,283,290	47,101,655	51,447	87,436,392
Subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures	-	-	-	-
Financial assets at amortized cost	636,351	10,102,280	-	10,738,631
Derivative financial assets for hedging purposes	-	-	-	-
Tangible assets	65,440	1,627	-	67,067
Intangible assets	117,792	43	-	117,835
Other assets	2,902,819	131,177	5,655	3,039,651
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>74,643,667</b>	<b>105,399,500</b>	<b>53,478,372</b>	<b>233,521,539</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>				
Current account and funds collected from Banks via participation accounts	1,103,113	987,390	581,688	2,672,191
Current and profit-sharing accounts other funds collected (***)	41,315,118	102,011,315	64,729,230	208,055,663
Money market borrowings	-	-	-	-
Funds provided from other financial institutions	178,092	17,932,209	-	18,110,301
Marketable securities issued	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous payables	1,074,270	920,391	108,834	2,103,495
Derivative financial liabilities for hedging purposes	-	-	-	-
Other liabilities (****)	644,152	1,702,164	176,919	2,523,235
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>44,314,745</b>	<b>123,553,469</b>	<b>65,596,671</b>	<b>233,464,885</b>
Net balance sheet position	30,328,922	(18,153,969)	(12,118,299)	56,654
Net off-balance sheet position	(30,452,071)	18,533,005	12,333,702	414,636
Financial derivative assets	1,163,871	24,951,124	12,989,794	39,104,789
Financial derivative liabilities	31,615,942	6,418,119	656,307	38,690,368
Non-cash loans (**)	3,797,243	6,525,371	746,618	11,069,232
<b>Prior period</b>				
Total assets	<b>66,317,591</b>	<b>76,648,637</b>	<b>37,688,877</b>	<b>180,655,105</b>
Total liabilities	36,135,292	92,777,624	51,157,917	180,070,833
Net balance sheet position	30,182,299	(16,128,987)	(13,469,040)	584,272
Net off-balance sheet position	(31,148,919)	17,466,057	13,528,864	(153,998)
Financial derivative assets	461,079	22,428,894	14,352,732	37,242,705
Financial derivative liabilities	31,609,998	4,962,837	823,868	37,396,703
Non-cash loans (**)	3,261,176	4,935,753	274,986	8,471,915

(\*) Includes foreign currency indexed loans amounting to TL 1,999,803 (31 December 2021 – TL 2,009,070) and includes expected loss provision amounting to TL 5,733,192 followed as TL on the balance sheet.

(\*\*) Does not have any effect to the net off-balance sheet position.

(\*\*\*) Precious metals are included in "Other FC" column.

(\*\*\*\*) Other liabilities at fair value through TL 9,708 in the calculation of profit / loss of securities are not included in the foreign currency risk of impairment provisions. It also includes a provision for foreign currency indexed loans amounting to TL 247,681.

(\*\*\*\*\*) Includes provisions for expected losses amounting to TL 2,422 in the balance sheet.

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Foreign currency amounts that are not included in the currency risk table due to the legislation related to calculation of foreign currency net position to equity standard ratio, are explained by their gradation in the financial statements below.

- Derivative financial assets held for trading TL 599,386 (31 December 2021 – TL 592,855)
- Prepaid expenses: TL 637 (31 December 2021 – TL 1,303)
- Derivative financial liabilities held for trading: TL 136,028 (31 December 2021 – TL 64,866)
- Marketable securities of FC revaluation reverse: TL 391,122 (31 December 2021 - TL 65,917)
- Derivative financial liabilities held for hedging: None. (31 December 2021 – None)

Receivables/Payables related to derivative financial instruments include foreign currency purchase/sale transactions that are amounting to;

- Forward foreign currency purchase transactions TL 3,848,232 (31 December 2021 – TL 1,788,778)
- Forward foreign currency sale transactions: TL 4,128,479 (31 December 2021 – TL 3,018,472)
- Precious metals purchase transactions TL 21,050,249 (31 December 2021 – TL 13,177,082)
- Precious metals sale transactions TL 14,858 (31 December 2021 – TL 52,347)

**Sensitivity to exchange rate risk:**

The Group is largely exposed to exchange rate risk in Euros, US dollars and Gold.

The following table shows the Group's sensitivity to a 10% increase in US Dollar, Euro and gold exchange rates.

	Change in exchange rate %	Effect on profit / loss		Effect on equity	
		Current period	Prior period	Current period	Prior period
USD	10%	65,705	123,774	136,420	31,035
EUR	10%	(82,069)	(101,898)	(78,130)	(29,901)
GOLD	10%	26,151	16,064	26,151	11,870

**4. Explanations on stock position risk arising from banking accounts**

**4.1 Relation of risks with gains accounted under equity and analyzing according to their aims including strategic reasons and the accounting policies applied and general information about valuation techniques with assumptions in this application, the elements that manipulate valuation and important changes**

The Group's non-quoted securities are accounted for fair value. When the fair value cannot be reliably measured, the cost method is used.

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**4.2. Carrying value of share investments, for fair value and quoted securities, comparison with market value if market value is significantly different from fair value**

<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Comparison</b>		
<b>Equity Securities (shares) investments</b>	<b>Carrying Value</b>	<b>Fair Value</b>	<b>Market Value</b>
<b>Securities at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income</b>	<b>111,852</b>	-	<b>111,852</b>
Quoted Securities	-	-	-
<b>Investments in Associates</b>	-	-	-
Quoted Securities	-	-	-
<b>Investment in Subsidiaries</b>	<b>23,680</b>	-	-
Quoted Securities	-	-	-
<b>Other</b>	<b>118,328</b>	-	-
Quoted Securities	-	-	-
<b>Prior Period</b>	<b>Comparison</b>		
<b>Equity Securities (shares) investments</b>	<b>Carrying Value</b>	<b>Fair Value</b>	<b>Market Value</b>
<b>Securities at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income</b>	<b>84,074</b>	-	<b>84,074</b>
Quoted Securities	-	-	-
<b>Investments in Associates</b>	-	-	-
Quoted Securities	-	-	-
<b>Investment in Subsidiaries</b>	<b>23,680</b>	-	-
Quoted Securities	-	-	-
<b>Other</b>	<b>89,258</b>	-	-
Quoted Securities	-	-	-

**4.3 Realized gains/losses, revaluation surplus, unrealized gains/losses on equity securities and results included in core and supplementary capitals**

None.

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**5. Consolidated liquidity risk management and liquidity coverage ratio**

The liquidity risk of the Parent Bank's is the risk of being unable to fulfill its payment obligations on time due to not having enough cash sources or cash inflows to finance its cash outflows fully and on time due to cash flow instabilities. It has been evaluated in two main categories:

**Funding Liquidity Risk:** It is a kind of risk which does not meet the any unexpected loss and non defaulting debts and liabilities.

**Market Liquidity Risk:** It is a kind of risk which consists of the position that cannot be sold without affecting market price due to insufficient market depth or market conditions' deterioration or that cannot be completed with the position of market price for any reasons.

Liquidity risk is managed by the Asset-Liability Committee (ALC) and related business units within the framework of the Liquidity Risk Policy and risk appetite approved by the Board of Directors. In liquidity risk management, the measures to be taken and the practices to be carried out are determined by taking into account normal economic conditions and stress conditions. The Parent Bank defines liquidity risk, measures risks with liquidity risk measurement methods in accordance with international standards, monitors them and periodically presents them to the interested parties. Liquidity risk stress tests are performed during monthly periods. An emergency funding plan (liquidity contingency plan) has been created to regulate the procedures and principles for the Parent Bank to maintain and maintain adequate liquidity levels under stress conditions.

The Parent Bank's liquidity risk ratios are well above the legal limits. The Parent Bank maintains its liquidity buffer at high levels, taking into account periods when liquidity risk may increase. Due to this approach, it is evaluated that the negative effects of the COVID-19 pandemic on the global level do not have a significant impact on the Parent Bank liquidity needs.

**5.1 Information on risk capacity of the Group, Responsibilities and structure of liquidity risk management, the Bank's internal liquidity risk reporting, communication between the Board of Directors and business lines on liquidity risk strategy, policy and application**

The applications and responsibilities related to the liquidity risk has been determined according to the Treasury Liquidity and Market Management Policies and Practices approved by Board of Directors. The Groups's liquidity and funding policy is to own sufficient liquidity reserve and funding opportunities to meet its liabilities even in cases of stress, resulting from the market conditions or other conditions specific to the Group.

The Group has a strong capital structure and is supported by its main shareholder is Kuwait Finance House; also its current and participation accounts are spread to the base and are stable, and its sources of foreign borrowing are diversified. Hence, by the virtue of the aforementioned facts, the Group has a high risk capacity. In addition, the Liquidity Coverage Ratio of the Group which insures its cash outflows with the high-quality liquid assets is deemed high. The Bank also has limits available for use at Central Bank of Turkey and other financial institutions.

Indicators regarding the liquidity position are analyzed and liquidity risk is evaluated at the ALC meetings attended by the senior management. Furthermore, the Board of Directors are informed through the Audit Committee.

For the management of liquidity risk, the Risk Management Department follows the funding and liquidity risks, market conditions, in the participating accounts, the distribution of different currencies, maturity, cost and expected future cash flow requirements (particularly with regard to large deposits). Reports on the liquidity gap analysis prepared weekly by Budget and Management Reporting and monitored by the Asset and Liability Committee. These units also estimate the possible liquidity needs of the Group in case of urgent situations and generate action plans based on these estimates. Risk Management Department follows the limits on liquidity risk determined by the Board of Directors. Risk Management Department, in addition to these, is implementing monthly liquidity stress tests to measure the effects of negative scenarios on liquidity position of the Group. The Treasury Group Management manages the liquidity risk and funding risk in order to prevent insufficiencies of funding relating to any time or any source and makes reports related with the liquidity position to Asset and Liability Committee regularly. Official and International Reporting Directorate tracks the liquidity coverage ratio and the results are reported to the BRSA.

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**5.2. Information on the centralization degree of liquidity management and funding strategy and the functioning between the Group and the Group's subsidiaries**

The Group's liquidity management is performed by the Asset and Liability Management. Depending on the Parent Bank's consolidated subsidiaries are subject to liquidity risk is managed in-house, but the necessary communication and coordination within the Assistant General Manager in charge of Treasury and International Banking are provided.

**5.3 Information on the Group's funding strategy including the policies on funding types and variety of maturities**

Group's spread to the base of current and participation accounts and that a stable, long-term diversification and aims to be the source of the funds used. Ratio of liquid assets to total assets ratio and risk indicators related to liquidity, credit and the ratio of funds, issues such as the concentration in collected funds are being closely monitored.

**5.4 Information on liquidity management on the basis of currencies constituting a minimum of five percent of the Group's total liabilities**

Almost all liabilities of the Group are denominated in Turkish Lira, American Dollar, Euro or Gold. The TL denominated liquidity of the Group is managed through the open market transactions implemented by the Central Bank of the Turkish Republic and interbank operations. Liabilities denominated in TL are used in order to fund assets that are denominated in TL, assets denominated in TL are generated through foreign exchange based funds with swap operations if necessary. Foreign currency funds are provided with the foreign sourced credits denominated in foreign currency and sukuk-financial certificates issued. Liquidity denominated in foreign currency is kept at the interbank operations and accounts of the corresponding bonds within the limits. Liabilities denominated in Gold are kept at the required reserve accounts of the Central Bank of the Turkish substantially.

**5.5. Information on liquidity risk mitigation techniques**

Liquidity risk is mitigated by using techniques such as maintaining high quality liquid asset buffer to cover possible fund outflows, diversification of funding sources so far as possible and inclusion to the base, homogenizing the maturity distribution of repayments as far as possible, obtaining limits from funding institutions to use when necessary and ensuring that a determined portion of funding sources are comprised of deposits. In addition, core deposit analysis is performed and concentration on collected funds are closely monitored.

**5.6. Information on the use of stress tests**

In order to analyze the source of the possible liquidity insufficiencies and whether conformably move exists on existing off-balance sheet and balance sheet positions relevant with liquidity risk expectation, 3 types liquidity stress tests are applied by Risk Management Directorate. These includes stress test scenarios are special to the Group, related with the overall market or scenarios take in consideration both of the situations. Stress tests related with liquidity risk are repeated at monthly periods. Results are tracked with key risk indicators and monitored by Senior Management.

**5.7. General information on emergency funding plan**

Necessary strategy and procedures for the management of possible liquidity crisis are determined with the Emergency Funding Plan, which is approved and reviewed every year by the Executive Risk Committee. The actions to be taken favor the benefits of depositors, creditors of the Bank and shareholders. Indicators of Emergency Funding Plan were determined, in case of unexpected progress at the liquidity situation occur or at situations trigger of other indicators, plan is put into use. After Liquidity Contingency Plan is put into use, Liquidity Contingency Management Committee is responsible from the determination of actions to be taken.

**5.8. Presentation of financial liabilities according to contractual maturities**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by the Banks.



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**5.9 Liquidity coverage ratio**

<i>Current Period</i>		Total Unweighted Value (Average) <sup>(*)</sup>		Total Weighted Value (Average) <sup>(*)</sup>	
		TL+FC	FC	TL+FC	FC
<b>HIGH-QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS</b>					
1	Total high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)	96,049,999	79,312,500	92,304,249	75,566,751
<b>CASH OUTFLOWS</b>					
2	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:	<b>93,229,556</b>	<b>25,441,331</b>	<b>8,443,246</b>	<b>2,544,133</b>
3	Stable deposits	17,594,192	-	879,710	-
4	Less stable deposits	75,635,364	25,441,331	7,563,536	2,544,133
5	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:	65,700,831	49,399,376	38,736,272	29,539,330
6	Operational deposits	-	-	-	-
7	Non-operational deposits	47,338,693	34,774,502	20,374,134	14,914,456
8	Unsecured funding	18,362,138	14,624,874	18,362,138	14,624,874
9	Secured wholesale funding			-	-
10	Other cash outflows of which:	39,132,013	36,782,608	39,132,013	36,782,608
11	Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements	39,130,123	36,780,718	39,130,123	36,780,718
12	Outflows related to restructured financial Instruments	1,890	1,890	1,890	1,890
13	Payment commitments and other off-balance sheet commitments granted for debts to financial markets	-	-	-	-
14	Other revocable off-balance sheet commitments and contractual obligations	-	-	-	-
15	Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable off-balance sheet obligations	38,769,267	11,149,819	3,645,305	612,245
16	<b>TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS</b>			<b>92,304,249</b>	<b>75,566,751</b>
<b>CASH INFLOWS</b>					
17	Secured receivables	-	-	-	-
18	Unsecured receivables	59,952,973	44,908,373	47,234,198	36,999,754
19	Other cash inflows	40,019,433	35,133,324	40,019,433	35,133,324
20	<b>TOTAL CASH INFLOWS</b>	<b>99,972,406</b>	<b>80,041,697</b>	<b>87,253,631</b>	<b>72,133,078</b>
				<b>Upper Limit Applied Values</b>	
21	<b>TOTAL HQLA STOCK</b>			92,304,249	75,566,751
22	<b>TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS</b>			22,489,209	17,369,579
23	<b>LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)</b>			<b>410.44</b>	<b>435.05</b>

(\*) The average calculated for the last three months of the liquidity coverage ratio calculated by taking the monthly average.

The lowest, highest and average liquidity coverage ratios in the last three months of 2022 are given in the table below.

	Highest	Date	Lowest	Date	Average
<b>TL+FC</b>	441.18	09/2022	379.52	07/2022	411.40
<b>FC</b>	471.76	09/2022	399.52	07/2022	437.84

The liquidity coverage rate is calculated by the proportion of high-quality liquid assets held by the Group to its one-month maturity cash outflows. Important balance sheet items that determine the rate; Compulsory provisions held by the CBRT, repo / non-repurchase securities, institutional qualified participation accounts, funds from abroad and receivables from banks. These items have more impact on the liquidity coverage ratio than the liquidity assets and net cash outflows, because they have a high share of the current cointegration, high concentration and variability over time.

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Prior Period		Total Unweighted Value (Average) (*) TL+FC		Total Weighted Value (Average) (*) FC	
		TL+FC	FC	TL+FC	FC
<b>HIGH-QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS</b>					
1	Total high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)	64,936,772	52,416,818	62,919,223	50,399,269
<b>CASH OUTFLOWS</b>					
2	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:	68,880,158	15,157,013	6,612,422	1,647,541
3	Stable deposits	15,782,818	-	857,744	-
4	Less stable deposits	53,097,340	15,157,013	5,754,678	1,647,541
5	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:	42,839,618	33,599,404	26,050,311	20,955,633
6	Operational deposits	-	-	-	-
7	Non-operational deposits	30,292,008	22,666,483	13,502,701	10,022,712
8	Unsecured funding	12,547,610	10,932,921	12,547,610	10,932,921
9	Secured wholesale funding	-	-	-	-
10	Other cash outflows of which:	29,307,494	27,424,727	29,307,494	27,424,727
11	Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements	29,225,451	27,424,727	29,225,451	27,424,727
12	Outflows related to restructured financial Instruments	82,043	-	82,043	-
13	Payment commitments and other off-balance sheet commitments granted for debts to financial markets	-	-	-	-
14	Other revocable off-balance sheet commitments and contractual obligations	-	-	-	-
15	Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable off-balance sheet obligations	20,634,803	6,315,493	2,008,144	371,179
16	<b>TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS</b>			63,978,371	50,399,080
<b>CASH INFLOWS</b>					
17	Secured receivables	-	-	-	-
18	Unsecured receivables	31,030,251	18,570,377	23,653,369	16,915,639
19	Other cash inflows	30,032,712	26,177,091	30,032,712	26,177,091
20	<b>TOTAL CASH INFLOWS</b>	61,062,963	44,747,468	53,686,081	43,092,730
				<b>Upper Limit Applied Values</b>	
21	<b>TOTAL HQLA STOCK</b>			62,919,223	50,399,269
22	<b>TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS</b>			15,994,593	12,599,770
23	<b>LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)</b>			393.38	400.00

(\*) The average calculated for the last three months of the liquidity coverage ratio calculated by taking the monthly simple arithmetic average.

The lowest, highest and average liquidity coverage ratios in the last three months of 2021 are given in the table below.

**Prior Period**

	Highest	Date	Lowest	Date	Average
<b>TL+FC</b>	465.04	10/2021	348.31	12/2021	398.48
<b>FC</b>	470.80	07/2021	292.07	09/2021	402.87

The liquidity coverage ratio is calculated by the ratio of the high-quality liquid assets of the Group to the net cash outflows within the one-month maturity window. Important balance sheet items which are influential over the aforementioned ratio may be specified as required reserves held in the presence of TC Central Bank, securities not subject to repo/assurance, institutional qualified participation accounts, funds of foreign origins and receivables from banks. These items have a higher influence over the liquidity coverage ratio as their amounts have a higher share of liquid assets and net cash outflows, their consideration rate is higher, and they may show variability over time.

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**Presentation of assets and liabilities according to their remaining maturities**

Current Period End	Demand	Up to 1 months	1-3 months	3-12 months	1-5 Years	Over 5 years	Unallocated (***)	Total
<b>Assets</b>								
Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, Cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey	27,147,549	47,900,901	-	-	-	-	-	75,048,450
Banks (*)	28,701,278	92,431	761,388	-	-	-	-	29,555,097
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	-	147,018	516,377	895,393	16,490,481	313,709	414,209	18,777,187
Money market placements	-	135,499	-	-	-	-	-	135,499
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	19,361	1,117,155	2,138,280	2,895,993	39,726,490	4,586,370	85,370	50,569,019
Loans (**)	-	23,414,553	28,880,155	67,998,732	60,406,175	9,324,376	(9,336,083)	180,687,908
Financial assets measured at amortised cost	-	-	-	665,122	11,039,818	5,344,571	(12,557)	17,036,954
Other assets (***)	3,754,301	2,886,535	11,299	-	577,674	-	4,356,648	11,586,457
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>59,622,489</b>	<b>75,694,092</b>	<b>32,307,499</b>	<b>72,455,240</b>	<b>128,240,638</b>	<b>19,569,026</b>	<b>(4,492,413)</b>	<b>383,396,571</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>								
Current account and funds collected from banks via participation accounts	2,790,490	26	-	-	-	-	-	2,790,516
Current and profit-sharing accounts	175,321,338	82,068,663	37,570,721	19,704,822	1,089,195	7,170	-	315,761,909
Funds provided from other financial institutions	1,859,200	871,423	1,418,395	3,877,347	5,367	3,763,454	6,599,536	18,394,722
Money market borrowings	-	4,000	143,642	-	-	-	-	147,642
Marketable securities issued	-	972,674	1,298,367	-	-	-	-	2,271,041
Miscellaneous payables	3,155,642	270,949	-	-	-	-	-	3,426,591
Other Liabilities (****)	-	4,323,449	1,153,582	113,502	316,390	111,155	34,586,072	40,604,150
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>183,126,670</b>	<b>88,511,184</b>	<b>41,584,707</b>	<b>23,695,671</b>	<b>1,410,952</b>	<b>3,881,779</b>	<b>41,185,608</b>	<b>383,396,571</b>
Net liquidity gap	(123,504,181)	(12,817,092)	(9,277,208)	48,759,569	126,829,686	15,687,247	(45,678,021)	-
<b>Prior period</b>								
<b>Total assets</b>	48,840,471	54,870,969	27,489,286	49,074,437	81,041,959	6,708,099	(731,027)	267,294,194
<b>Total liabilities</b>	136,461,897	76,303,029	17,439,662	9,540,418	6,161,289	4,690,879	16,697,020	267,294,194
Net liquidity gap	(87,621,426)	(21,432,060)	10,049,624	39,534,019	74,880,670	2,017,220	(17,428,047)	-

(\*) Presented with netting off expected credit losses.

(\*\*) Includes receivables from leasing transactions and presented with netting off with the expected credit loss.

(\*\*\*) Certain assets in the balance sheet that are necessary for the banking operations but cannot be readily convertible into cash in the near future, such as tangible assets, investments in associates and subsidiaries, stationary supplies and prepaid expenses are included under unallocated assets.

(\*\*\*\*) The other unallocated liabilities column consists mainly of equity and provision balances.

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**6. Explanations on consolidated leverage ratio**

**6.1 Disclosure of leverage ratio template**

The leverage ratio table prepared in accordance with the communiqué “Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Leverage Ratios of Banks” published in the Official Gazette no. 28812 dated 5 November 2013 is presented below:

<b>On-balance sheet assets (*)</b>		<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Prior Period</b>
1	On-balance sheet items (excluding derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives but including collateral)	376,482,688	242,597,555
2	(Assets amounts deducted in determining Basel III Tier I Capital)	(791,161)	(592,935)
3	Total amount on-balance sheet risks (sum of lines 1 and 2)	375,691,527	242,004,620
<b>Derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives</b>			
4	Replacement cost associated with all derivative instruments and credit derivatives	717,646	1,374,232
5	The potential amount of credit risk with derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives	486,725	624,826
6	Total risks of derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives (sum of lines 4 to 5)	1,204,371	1,999,058
<b>Securities or commodity financing transactions (SCFT)</b>			
7	Risks from SCFT assets (excluding on-balance sheet)	2,113,268	2,231,136
8	Risks from brokerage activities related exposures		
9	Total risks related with securities or commodity financing transactions (sum of lines 7 to 8)	2,113,268	2,231,136
<b>Other off-balance sheet transactions</b>			
10	Gross notional amounts of off-balance sheet transactions	98,324,912	80,445,071
11	(Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts)	(48,375,693)	(44,108,586)
12	Total risks of off-balance sheet items (sum of lines 10 and 11)	49,949,219	36,336,485
<b>Capital and total risks</b>			
13	Tier I Capital	29,714,753	13,397,322
14	Total risks (sum of lines 3, 6, 9 and 12)	428,958,385	282,571,299
<b>Leverage ratio</b>			
15	Leverage ratio	6.92	4.76

(\*) Amounts in the table are three-month average amounts.

The leverage ratio calculated on the basis of the arithmetic average of the amounts realized at the end of each month for the past three-month period as of the Group’s consolidated balance sheet date was 6.92% (31 December 2021 - 4.76%). The main reason for the changes from the prior period is that the increase in the items related to the capital and total risk items compared to the increase in other items. Accordingly, main capital increased by 122% on profit for the period, while on-balance sheet risk increased by 55% and off-balance sheet increased by 37%. Accordingly, there is an increase of 216 basis points in the current period leverage ratio compared to the prior period.

**7. Explanations on fair value of consolidated financial assets and liabilities**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by the Banks.

**8. Explanations on the activities carried out on behalf and account of other persons, fiduciary-based transactions**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by the Banks.

**9. Explanations on consolidated hedge accounting practices**

None (31 December 2021 – None).

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**10. Explanations on consolidated risk management**

Risk Management System refers to the Board of Directors, the Audit Committee, the Risk Management Committee, Asset-Liability Committee (“ALC”) and the Risk Management Department (“RMD”) which has been composed in order to manage systemic risks that the Parent Bank is exposed. The Board of Directors is the owner of the Parent Bank's Risk Management System and ensures the establishment of an effective, sufficient and appropriate risk management system as well as the continuity of the system. The main objective of the Parent Bank's Risk Management System is to identify, measure, monitor and control the risks that the Parent Bank is exposed to, by determining the policies, limits and procedures to control, to monitor, and if necessary to change the risk-return structure of the Bank's future cash flows and the level & the quality of related activities.

**10.1. Disclosures regarding risk management and risk-weighted amounts**

**10.1.1. GB1 – Bank's risk management approach:**

		Risk Weighted Amounts		Minimum Capital Requirements
		Current Period 30/09/2022	Prior Period 31/12/2021	Current Period 30/09/2022
1	Credit risk (excluding counterparty credit risk) (CCR)	116,146,399	71,764,319	9,291,712
2	Standardised approach (SA)	116,146,399	71,783,798	9,291,712
3	Internal rating-based (IRB) approach	-	-	-
4	Counterparty credit risk	863,260	659,413	69,061
5	Standardised approach for counterparty credit risk (SA-CCR)	863,260	659,413	69,061
6	Internal model method (IMM)	-	-	-
7	Basic risk weight approach to internal models equity position in the banking account	-	-	-
8	Investments made in collective investment companies – look-through approach	-	19,479	-
9	Investments made in collective investment companies – mandate-based approach	-	-	-
10	Investments made in collective investment companies – 1250% risk weighting Approach	-	-	-
11	Settlement risk	-	-	-
12	Securitization exposures in banking book	-	-	-
13	IRB ratings-based approach (RBA)	-	-	-
14	IRB supervisory formula approach (SFA)	-	-	-
15	SA/simplified supervisory formula approach (SSFA)	-	-	-
16	Market risk	20,545,809	5,574,076	1,643,665
17	Standardised approach (SA)	20,545,809	5,574,076	1,643,665
18	Internal model approaches (IMM)	-	-	-
19	Operational risk	17,044,547	11,336,427	1,363,564
20	Basic indicator approach	17,044,547	11,336,427	1,363,564
21	Standardised approach			
22	Advanced measurement approach			
23	Amounts below the thresholds for deduction from capital (subject to 250% risk weight)			
24	Floor adjustment			
25	<b>Total (1+4+7+8+9+10+11+12+16+19+23+24)</b>	<b>154,600,015</b>	<b>89,353,714</b>	<b>12,368,002</b>

**10.3.4 Guarantees used for counterparty credit risk:** None

**10.3.5 Credit derivatives:** None

**10.3.6 Risks to the central counterparty ("CCT"):** None

**11. Securitization positions**

None.

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**12. Qualitative explanations on market risk**

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**13. Disclosures regarding the consolidated operating segments**

The Bank operates in Retail Banking, Corporate and Commercial Banking, International Banking sectors.

Corporate and Commercial Banking: to meet the financial needs of the customers', unique cash flow and financial solutions are provided to customers through loans, non-cash loans, foreign trade financing services and similar customized products. Domestic and foreign business opportunities are supported by using different corporate banking instruments to serve the sustainability of the production of entities.

Retail and Enterprise Banking includes fund collection, installment commercial loans, business loans, non-cash loans, consumer financing and credit cards. The Bank serves in the range of products areas of profit share accounts creation, banking services, Trade Finance, Checks, POS services, Credit Cards, ATM services, Online Banking and Mobile Banking in these fields.

In International Banking, the relationships with foreign correspondent banks and investment institutes are executed directly or via branches abroad, representative offices and agencies. The firms, which are exceed size limits, are classified "corporate" customers and directed to the Corporate Banking. The products are the same with the Commercial Banking. The aim of international banking is to enable foreign trade financing and develop mutual long-term financing agreements with foreign banks. Besides supplying syndicated loans and issue the sukuk for the Parent Bank, investment banking also supplies syndicated loans in corporate basis for the firms and groups in Turkey. The Treasury in addition to monitoring foreign currency position and liquidity of the Parent Bank, also conducts spot and forward transactions in TL or foreign currencies, performs derivative transactions (forward, swap) with banks and customers, trades of gold within the context of membership of Istanbul Gold Exchange, trades share certificates in BIST and international markets and conducts Murabaha transactions with foreign banks.

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**Specific balance sheet and income statement items according to segments:**

<b>Current Period</b> <b>1 January 2022-30 September 2022</b>	<b>Retail</b> <b>Banking</b>	<b>Corporate and</b> <b>Commercial</b> <b>banking</b>	<b>Treasury and</b> <b>international</b> <b>banking</b>	<b>Unallocated</b>	<b>Bank's total</b> <b>operation</b>
Operating income	11,394,021	10,566,508	12,201,994	-	34,162,523
Operating expenses (-)	10,242,251	2,770,014	2,009,255	6,667,263	21,688,783
Transfers between segments	6,575,164	(4,968,319)	(1,606,845)	-	-
<b>Net operating income(loss)</b>	<b>7,726,934</b>	<b>2,828,175</b>	<b>8,585,894</b>	<b>(6,667,263)</b>	<b>12,473,740</b>
Income from associates	-	-	-	44,520	44,520
<b>Income (loss) before tax</b>	<b>7,726,934</b>	<b>2,828,175</b>	<b>8,585,894</b>	<b>(6,622,743)</b>	<b>12,518,260</b>
Provision for taxation (-)	-	-	-	2,714,918	2,714,918
<b>Net income for the period</b>	<b>7,726,934</b>	<b>2,828,175</b>	<b>8,585,894</b>	<b>(9,337,661)</b>	<b>9,803,342</b>
<b>Current Period</b>					
<b>30 September 2022</b>					
Segment assets	54,630,457	115,709,929	202,668,152	-	373,008,538
Associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures	-	-	-	157,458	157,458
Undistributed assets	-	-	-	10,230,575	10,230,575
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>54,630,457</b>	<b>115,709,929</b>	<b>202,668,152</b>	<b>10,388,033</b>	<b>383,396,571</b>
Segment liabilities	257,606,200	61,093,867	21,451,112	-	340,151,179
Undistributed liabilities	-	-	-	17,059,866	17,059,866
Shareholders' equity	-	-	-	26,185,526	26,185,526
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>257,606,200</b>	<b>61,093,867</b>	<b>21,451,112</b>	<b>43,245,392</b>	<b>383,396,571</b>
<b>Prior Period</b>					
<b>1 January 2021 – 30 September 2021</b>					
Operating income	4,487,563	7,396,785	425,538	-	12,309,886
Operating expenses (-)	4,652,065	1,873,429	607,460	2,931,318	10,064,272
Transfers between segments	2,538,492	(2,382,319)	(156,173)	-	-
<b>Net operating income(loss)</b>	<b>2,373,990</b>	<b>3,141,037</b>	<b>(338,095)</b>	<b>(2,931,318)</b>	<b>2,245,614</b>
Income from associates	-	-	-	20,988	20,988
<b>Income (loss) before tax</b>	<b>2,373,990</b>	<b>3,141,037</b>	<b>(338,095)</b>	<b>(2,910,330)</b>	<b>2,266,602</b>
Provision for taxation (-)	-	-	-	540,920	540,920
<b>Net income for the period</b>	<b>2,373,990</b>	<b>3,141,037</b>	<b>(338,095)</b>	<b>(3,451,250)</b>	<b>1,725,682</b>
<b>Prior Period</b>					
<b>31 December 2021</b>					
Segment assets	37,357,906	77,548,111	143,876,590	-	258,782,607
Associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures	-	-	-	112,938	112,938
Undistributed assets	-	-	-	8,398,649	8,398,649
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>37,357,906</b>	<b>77,548,111</b>	<b>143,876,590</b>	<b>8,511,587</b>	<b>267,294,194</b>
Segment liabilities	191,641,197	36,811,822	16,023,869	-	244,476,888
Undistributed liabilities	-	-	-	11,328,465	11,328,465
Shareholders' equity	-	-	-	11,488,841	11,488,841
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>191,641,197</b>	<b>36,811,822</b>	<b>16,023,869</b>	<b>22,817,306</b>	<b>267,294,194</b>

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**SECTION FIVE**

**EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES ON THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**1. Explanations and notes related to consolidated assets**

**1.1. Information regarding the cash assets and the Central Bank of Republic of Turkey**

**1.1.1 Cash and balances with the Central Bank of Republic of Turkey**

	Current period		Prior period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Cash/foreign currency	924,456	7,570,390	734,131	6,849,096
The Central Bank of Republic of Turkey	3,445,924	57,545,146	4,620,318	47,690,909
Other (*)	317,792	5,244,742	29,609	7,050,216
<b>Total</b>	<b>4,688,172</b>	<b>70,360,278</b>	<b>5,384,058</b>	<b>61,590,221</b>

(\*) As of 30 September 2022, precious metal account amounting to TL 4,478,481 (31 December 2021 - TL 7,050,216) and the money in transit amounting to TL 1,084,053 are presented in this line. (31 December 2021 – TL 29,609).

**1.1.2 Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey**

	Current period		Prior period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Unrestricted demand deposit	3,445,924	8,440,389	4,540,821	11,485,380
Unrestricted time deposit	-	-	-	-
Restricted time deposit	-	49,104,757	79,497	36,205,529
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,445,924</b>	<b>57,545,146</b>	<b>4,620,318</b>	<b>47,690,909</b>

**1.1.3 Explanations on required reserves**

According to the CBRT's Communiqué on Required Reserves No. 2005/1, banks operating in Turkey; Required reserve ratios for Turkish lira and foreign currency liabilities are determined between 3% and 26% by differentiating according to the maturity of liabilities, and these rates are applied by banks as of the date of the report.

**1.2 Information on financial assets at fair value through profit and loss**

As of 30 September 2022, there are no financial assets at fair value through profit and loss subject to repurchase transactions, given as a collateral or blocked (31 December 2021 – None).

Positive differences related to marketable derivative financial assets:

	Current period		Prior period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Forward transactions	210,305	48,871	356,312	1,984
Swap transactions	234,911	550,515	449,617	590,871
Futures transactions	-	-	-	-
Options	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>445,216</b>	<b>599,386</b>	<b>805,929</b>	<b>592,855</b>



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**1.3 Information on Banks**

**1.3.1. Information on Banks**

	Current period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
<b>Banks</b>	<b>2,891,237</b>	<b>26,667,231</b>	<b>793,894</b>	<b>15,310,474</b>
Domestic	2,891,237	2,598,269	793,894	2,723,863
Foreign (*)	-	24,068,962	-	12,586,611
Branches and head office abroad	-	-	-	-
Other Financial Institutions	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,891,237</b>	<b>26,667,231</b>	<b>793,894</b>	<b>15,310,474</b>

(\*) As a result of the changes in the Uniform Chart of Accounts implemented by the BRSA as of January 1, 2021, the foreign currency collaterals given for the derivative transactions made by the Group's with foreign banks, which were monitored in the other assets account in the bank balance sheet in the prior periods, started to be monitored in the banks account as of the current period. As of 30 September 2022, the relevant amount is TL 636,433.

**1.3.2 Information on foreign banks account**

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**1.4 Information on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income**

	Current period	Prior Period
<b>Debt Securities</b>	<b>51,081,293</b>	<b>32,249,966</b>
Quoted on stock exchange	51,081,293	32,249,966
Not quoted on stock exchange	-	-
<b>Share certificates / Investment Funds</b>	<b>79,670</b>	<b>130,255</b>
Quoted on stock exchange	19,361	106,190
Not quoted on stock exchange	60,309	24,065
<b>Impairment provision (-)</b>	<b>591,944</b>	<b>308,459</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>50,569,019</b>	<b>32,071,762</b>

**1.4.1. Information on given collateral or blocked financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income**

As of the balance sheet date, there is given collateral financial assets amounting to TL 27,311,622 (31 December 2021: TL 11,410,139) at fair value through other comprehensive income

**1.4.2. Information on subject to repurchase agreement financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income**

As of the balance sheet date, there is a repurchase agreement financial assets amounting to TL 4,829 (31 December 2021: 6,495,474) at fair value through other comprehensive income.

**1.5 Explanations on financial assets measured at amortized cost**

**1.5.1 All types of loans and advances given to shareholders and employees of the Group**

	Current period		Prior period	
	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash
<b>Direct loans granted to shareholders</b>	<b>10,509</b>	<b>30,730</b>	<b>6,955</b>	<b>21,246</b>
Corporate shareholders	37	30,688	-	21,228
Real person shareholders	10,472	42	6,955	18
<b>Indirect loans granted to shareholders</b>	<b>2,895,500</b>	<b>4,149</b>	<b>64,316</b>	<b>2,297</b>
<b>Loans granted to employees</b>	<b>70,637</b>	<b>2,244</b>	<b>40,564</b>	<b>1,320</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,976,646</b>	<b>37,123</b>	<b>111,835</b>	<b>24,863</b>

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**1.5.2 Information on Standart Loans, Loans Underclose Monitoring and Restructured Loans Under Close Monitoring**

Current Period	Cash Loans	Standard Loans and Other Receivables	Loans and other receivables under close monitoring		
			Loans and Receivables Not Subject to Restructuring	Restructured Loans and Receivables	
				Loans and Receivables with Revised Contract Terms	Refinance
<b>Loans</b>		156,689,068	11,400,408	3,209,202	-
Export Loans		17,961,381	281,236	-	-
Import Loans		9,882,947	238,511	-	-
Corporation Loans		76,251,784	6,030,636	3,163,891	-
Consumer Loans		16,080,600	470,948	8,122	-
Credit Cards		7,221,499	426,881	4,304	-
Loans given to financial sector		8,722,018	-	-	-
Other		20,568,839	3,952,196	32,885	-
<b>Other Receivables</b>		<b>325</b>	<b>1,965</b>	-	-
<b>Total</b>		<b>156,689,393</b>	<b>11,402,373</b>	<b>3,209,202</b>	-

Prior Period	Cash Loans	Standard Loans and Other Receivables	Loans and other receivables under close monitoring		
			Loans and Receivables Not Subject to Restructuring	Restructured Loans and Receivables	
				Loans and Receivables with Revised Contract Terms	Refinance
<b>Loans</b>		<b>107,281,320</b>	<b>6,178,454</b>	<b>3,257,703</b>	-
Export Loans		10,658,321	167,651	-	-
Import Loans		4,064,392	238,568	-	-
Corporation Loans		49,455,992	3,419,753	3,176,331	-
Consumer Loans		14,385,713	356,836	17,082	-
Credit Cards		2,369,729	226,046	21,267	-
Loans given to financial sector		9,179,662	-	-	-
Other		17,167,511	1,769,600	43,023	-
<b>Other Receivables</b>		<b>339</b>	<b>983</b>	-	-
<b>Total</b>		<b>107,281,659</b>	<b>6,179,437</b>	<b>3,257,703</b>	-

Information on standard loans and loans under close monitoring and restructured loans under close monitoring regarding provision

	Standard Loans	Loans and other receivables under close monitoring	Standard Loans	Loans and other receivables under close monitoring
	Current Period	Current Period	Prior Period	Prior Period
12 Month Expected Credit Losses (*)	5,174,968	-	2,311,693	-
Significant Increase in Credit Risk	-	4,368,887	-	3,507,288
<b>Total</b>	<b>5,174,968</b>	<b>4,368,887</b>	<b>2,311,693</b>	<b>3,507,288</b>

(\*) Includes expected credit loss of other financial assets measured at amortized cost amounting TL 12,554 (31 December 2021 – TL 621)

**1.5.3 Distribution of cash loans and other receivables according to their maturities**

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**1.5.4 Information on consumer loans, retail credit cards, loans given to personnel and personnel credit cards**

Current Period	Short term	Medium and long term	Total
<b>Consumer Loans-TL</b>	<b>205,628</b>	<b>13,787,499</b>	<b>13,993,127</b>
Real Estate Loans	47,693	10,664,496	10,712,189
Vehicle Loans	62,068	2,306,145	2,368,213
Consumer Loans	57,326	383,910	441,236
Other	38,541	432,948	471,489
<b>Consumer Loans-FC Indexed</b>	-	-	-
Real Estate Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
<b>Consumer Loans-FC</b>	-	<b>2,539,401</b>	<b>2,539,401</b>
Real Estate Loans	-	2,368,218	2,368,218
Vehicle Loans	-	171,183	171,183
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
<b>Retail Credit Cards-TL</b>	<b>2,014,470</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>2,014,495</b>
With Installment	572,590	25	572,615
Without Installment	1,441,880	-	1,441,880
<b>Retail Credit Cards-FC</b>	<b>9,188</b>	-	<b>9,188</b>
With Installment	-	-	-
Without Installment	9,188	-	9,188
<b>Personnel Loans-TL</b>	<b>1,816</b>	<b>25,326</b>	<b>27,142</b>
Real Estate Loans	-	2,623	2,623
Vehicle Loans	805	12,274	13,079
Consumer Loans	971	10,429	11,400
Other	40	-	40
<b>Personnel Loans-FC Indexed</b>	-	-	-
Real Estate Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
<b>Personnel Loans-FC</b>	-	-	-
Real Estate Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
<b>Personnel Credit Cards-TL</b>	<b>54,315</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>54,317</b>
With Installment	25,129	2	25,131
Without Installment	29,186	-	29,186
<b>Personnel Credit Cards-FC</b>	-	-	-
Installment based	-	-	-
Without-installment	-	-	-
<b>Overdraft Account-TL (Real Person)</b>	-	-	-
<b>Overdraft Account-FC (Real Person)</b>	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,285,417</b>	<b>16,352,253</b>	<b>18,637,670</b>

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Prior Period	Short term	Medium and long term	Total
<b>Consumer Loans-TL</b>	<b>132,770</b>	<b>12,927,445</b>	<b>13,060,215</b>
Real Estate Loans	32,641	10,534,935	10,567,576
Vehicle Loans	42,993	1,845,143	1,888,136
Consumer Loans	32,401	235,966	268,367
Other	24,735	311,401	336,136
<b>Consumer Loans-FC Indexed</b>	-	-	-
Real Estate Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
<b>Consumer Loans-FC</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>1,658,257</b>	<b>1,658,345</b>
Real Estate Loans	-	1,563,957	1,563,957
Vehicle Loans	88	93,909	93,997
Consumer Loans	-	391	391
Other	-	-	-
<b>Retail Credit Cards-TL</b>	<b>936,138</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>936,208</b>
With Installment	247,995	70	248,065
Without Installment	688,143	-	688,143
<b>Retail Credit Cards-FC</b>	<b>6,916</b>	-	<b>6,916</b>
With Installment	-	-	-
Without Installment	6,916	-	6,916
<b>Personnel Loans-TL</b>	<b>2,100</b>	<b>38,971</b>	<b>41,071</b>
Real Estate Loans	49	3,730	3,779
Vehicle Loans	724	18,725	19,449
Consumer Loans	1,327	16,516	17,843
Other	-	-	-
<b>Personnel Loans-FC Indexed</b>	-	-	-
Real Estate Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
<b>Personnel Loans-FC</b>	-	-	-
Real Estate Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
<b>Personnel Credit Cards-TL</b>	<b>24,701</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>24,722</b>
With Installment	10,286	21	10,307
Without Installment	14,415	-	14,415
<b>Personnel Credit Cards-FC</b>	-	-	-
Installment based	-	-	-
Without-installment	-	-	-
<b>Overdraft Account-TL (Real Person)</b>	-	-	-
<b>Overdraft Account-FC (Real Person)</b>	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,102,713</b>	<b>14,624,764</b>	<b>15,727,477</b>

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**1.5.5 Information on commercial installment loans and corporate credit cards**

<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Short term</b>	<b>Medium and long term</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Commercial Installment Loans-TL</b>	<b>5,758,359</b>	<b>17,247,546</b>	<b>23,005,905</b>
Business Loans	136,073	1,938,142	2,074,215
Vehicle Loans	4,748,193	10,072,383	14,820,576
Consumer Loans	874,093	5,237,021	6,111,114
Other	-	-	-
<b>Commercial Installment Loans-FC Indexed</b>	<b>11,526</b>	<b>520,171</b>	<b>531,697</b>
Business Loans	11,526	3,449	14,975
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	516,722	516,722
Other	-	-	-
<b>Commercial Installment Loans-FC</b>	<b>2,420,326</b>	<b>7,982,169</b>	<b>10,402,495</b>
Business Loans	-	767,959	767,959
Vehicle Loans	38,069	1,241,865	1,279,934
Consumer Loans	-	15,372	15,372
Other	2,382,257	5,956,973	8,339,230
<b>Corporate Credit Cards-TL</b>	<b>5,543,078</b>	-	<b>5,543,078</b>
With Installment	2,975,571	-	2,975,571
Without Installment	2,567,507	-	2,567,507
<b>Corporate Credit Cards-FC</b>	<b>31,606</b>	-	<b>31,606</b>
With Installment	-	-	-
Without Installment	31,606	-	31,606
<b>Overdraft Account-TL (Legal Entity)</b>	-	-	-
<b>Overdraft Account-FC (Legal Entity)</b>	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>13,764,895</b>	<b>25,749,886</b>	<b>39,514,781</b>

<b>Prior Period</b>	<b>Short term</b>	<b>Medium and long term</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Commercial Installment Loans-TL</b>	<b>994,450</b>	<b>11,754,294</b>	<b>12,748,744</b>
Business Loans	32,149	1,793,796	1,825,945
Vehicle Loans	788,312	6,813,277	7,601,589
Consumer Loans	173,989	3,147,221	3,321,210
Other	-	-	-
<b>Commercial Installment Loans-FC Indexed</b>	<b>8,187</b>	<b>515,770</b>	<b>523,957</b>
Business Loans	8,187	17,567	25,754
Vehicle Loans	-	1,028	1,028
Consumer Loans	-	497,175	497,175
Other	-	-	-
<b>Commercial Installment Loans-FC</b>	<b>1,315,908</b>	<b>6,703,940</b>	<b>8,019,848</b>
Business Loans	-	741,402	741,402
Vehicle Loans	3,602	847,628	851,230
Consumer Loans	-	19,917	19,917
Other	1,312,306	5,094,993	6,407,299
<b>Corporate Credit Cards-TL</b>	<b>1,625,478</b>	-	<b>1,625,478</b>
With Installment	681,084	-	681,084
Without Installment	944,394	-	944,394
<b>Corporate Credit Cards-FC</b>	<b>23,717</b>	-	<b>23,717</b>
With Installment	-	-	-
Without Installment	23,717	-	23,717
<b>Overdraft Account-TL (Legal Entity)</b>	-	-	-
<b>Overdraft Account-FC (Legal Entity)</b>	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,967,740</b>	<b>18,974,004</b>	<b>22,941,744</b>

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**1.5.6 Breakdown of loans by user**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by the Banks.

**1.5.7 Breakdown of domestic and foreign loans**

	<b>Current period</b>	<b>Prior period</b>
Domestic loans	151,062,865	106,647,337
Foreign loans	20,238,103	10,071,462
<b>Total</b>	<b>171,300,968</b>	<b>116,718,799</b>

**1.5.8 Loans granted to subsidiaries and associates**

	<b>Current period</b>	<b>Prior period</b>
Loans granted directly to subsidiaries and associates	180	193
Loans granted indirectly to subsidiaries and associates	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>180</b>	<b>193</b>

**1.5.9 Specific provisions for loans or default (third stage) provisions**

	<b>Current period</b>	<b>Prior period</b>
Loans and receivables with limited collectability	169,106	145,268
Loans and receivables with doubtful collectability	88,297	99,920
Uncollectible loans and receivables	2,824,507	2,543,193
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,081,910</b>	<b>2,788,381</b>

**1.5.10 Information on non-performing loans (Net)**

**1.5.10.1 Information on loans and other receivables included in loans under follow-up account, which are restructured or rescheduled by the Bank**

	<b>III. Group</b>	<b>IV. Group</b>	<b>V. Group</b>
	<b>Loans and Receivables with Limited Collectability</b>	<b>Loans and Receivables with Doubtful Collectability</b>	<b>Uncollectible Loans and Receivables</b>
<b>Current Period:</b>			
(Gross Amount Before Specific Provisions)	32,960	-	713,564
Restructured Loans and Receivables	32,960	-	713,564
<b>Prior Period:</b>			
(Gross Amount Before Specific Provisions)	45,215	216	616,947
Restructured Loans and Receivables	45,215	216	616,947

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**1.5.10.2 Information on the movement of total non-performing loans**

	<b>Group III</b>	<b>Group IV</b>	<b>Group V</b>
	<b>Loans and receivables with limited collectability</b>	<b>Loans and receivables with doubtful collectability</b>	<b>Uncollectible loans and receivables</b>
<b>Ending balance of prior period 31.12.2021</b>	<b>187,858</b>	<b>165,272</b>	<b>2,729,385</b>
Additions in the current period (+)	251,790	101,917	1,274,946
Transfers from other categories of non-performing loans (+)	-	81,876	203,822
Transfers to other categories of non-performing loans (-)	81,876	203,822	-
Collections in the current period (-)	117,146	21,088	1,282,166
<b>Write offs (-)</b>	-	-	13
<b>Sold Portfolio (-)</b>	-	-	-
Corporate and commercial loans	-	-	-
Retail loans	-	-	-
Credit Cards	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
<b>Ending balance of the current period</b>	<b>240,626</b>	<b>124,155</b>	<b>2,925,974</b>
Specific provisions (-)	169,106	88,297	2,824,507
<b>Net balances on balance sheet</b>	<b>71,520</b>	<b>35,858</b>	<b>101,467</b>

	<b>Group III</b>	<b>Group IV</b>	<b>Group V</b>
	<b>Loans and receivables with limited collectability</b>	<b>Loans and receivables with doubtful collectability</b>	<b>Uncollectible loans and receivables</b>
<b>Prior Period</b>			
<b>Ending balance of prior period 31.12.2020</b>	<b>550,571</b>	<b>11,192</b>	<b>2,408,491</b>
Additions in the current period (+)	248,891	177,048	950,255
Transfers from other categories of non-performing loans (+)	2	534,984	542,619
Transfers to other categories of non-performing loans (-)	534,984	542,619	2
Collections in the current period (-)	60,392	20,395	775,099
<b>Write offs (-)</b>	-	8,818	399,229
<b>Sold Portfolio (-)(*)</b>	-	-	-
Corporate and commercial loans	-	-	-
Retail loans	-	-	-
Credit Cards	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
<b>Ending balance of the current period</b>	<b>204,088</b>	<b>151,392</b>	<b>2,727,035</b>
Specific provisions (-)	145,267	99,920	2,543,193
<b>Net balance at the balance sheet</b>	<b>58,821</b>	<b>51,472</b>	<b>183,842</b>

(\*) With the Parent Bank top management decision, it was decided to take the project/loan of the customers related to the cancellation accounts. The impact of these actions on the NPL rate is 31 basis points

**1.5.10.3 Information on non-performing loans granted as foreign currency**

	<b>Group III</b>	<b>Group IV</b>	<b>Group V</b>
<b>Current period:</b>			
Ending balance of the current period	7,840	71,679	578,818
Provision amount (-)	3,977	57,739	551,228
<b>Net balance at the balance sheet</b>	<b>3,863</b>	<b>13,940</b>	<b>27,590</b>
<b>Prior period</b>			
Ending balance of the current period	4,131	77,730	486,606
Provision amount (-)	2,711	42,863	444,856
<b>Net balance at the balance sheet</b>	<b>1,420</b>	<b>34,867</b>	<b>41,750</b>

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**1.5.10.4** Gross and net amounts of non-performing loans with respect to user groups

	<b>Group III</b>	<b>Group IV</b>	<b>Group V</b>
	<b>Loans and receivables with limited collectability</b>	<b>Loans and receivables with doubtful collectability</b>	<b>Uncollectible loans and receivables</b>
<b>Current period (Net)</b>	<b>240,626</b>	<b>124,155</b>	<b>2,925,974</b>
Loans granted to real persons and legal entities (Gross)	169,106	88,297	2,824,507
Specific provision (-)	71,520	35,858	101,467
<b>Loans to real persons and legal entities (Net)</b>	<b>240,626</b>	<b>124,155</b>	<b>2,925,974</b>
Banks (Gross)	-	-	-
Specific provision (-)	-	-	-
Banks (Net)	-	-	-
Other loans and receivables (Gross)	-	-	-
Specific provision (-)	-	-	-
Other loans and receivables (Net)	-	-	-
<b>Prior period (net) 31.12.2021</b>			
Loans to real persons and legal entities (Gross)	<b>58,821</b>	<b>51,472</b>	<b>183,842</b>
Specific provision (-)	204,088	151,392	2,727,035
<b>Loans to real persons and legal entities (Net)</b>	<b>145,267</b>	<b>99,920</b>	<b>2,543,193</b>
Banks (Gross)	<b>58,821</b>	<b>51,472</b>	<b>183,842</b>
Provision (-)	-	-	-
Banks (Net)	-	-	-
Other loans and receivables (Gross)	-	-	-
Provision (-)	-	-	-
Other loans and receivables (Net)	-	-	-

The Bank has collaterals such as cash, mortgages, pledges, and checks of customer issued for non-performing loans.

**1.5.10.5** In terms of financial instrument classes, the aging analysis of past due but not impaired financial assets is as follows

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by the Banks.

**1.5.10.6** Information on profit share accruals, rediscounts and valuation differences computed for non-performing loans and their provision

<b>The Parent Bank</b>	<b>III. Group</b>	<b>IV. Group</b>	<b>V. Group</b>
	<b>Loans and Other Receivables with Limited Collectability</b>	<b>Loans and Other Receivables with Doubtful Collectability</b>	<b>Uncollectible Loans and Other Receivables</b>
<b>Current Period (Net)</b>	<b>3,184</b>	<b>961</b>	<b>8,946</b>
Profit share accruals, rediscount and valuation differences	9,964	3,063	379,027
Provision (-)	6,780	2,102	370,081

<b>The Parent Bank</b>	<b>III. Group</b>	<b>IV. Group</b>	<b>V. Group</b>
	<b>Loans and Other Receivables with Limited Collectability</b>	<b>Loans and Other Receivables with Doubtful Collectability</b>	<b>Uncollectible Loans and Other Receivables</b>
<b>Prior Period (Net)</b>	<b>5,926</b>	<b>5,709</b>	<b>19,648</b>
Profit share accruals, rediscount and valuation differences	42,160	15,327	377,087
Provision (-)	36,234	9,618	357,439



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**1.5.10.7 Main guidelines for liquidation process of uncollectible loans and other receivables**

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**1.5.10.8 Information on the write-off policy**

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**1.6 Information on financial assets measured at amortised cost**

**1.6.1 Information on other financial assets measured at amortized cost**

	Current Period	Prior Period
<b>Debt Securities</b>	<b>17,049,511</b>	<b>5,935,549</b>
Quoted on a Stock Exchange	16,863,413	5,395,037
Not Quoted	186,098	540,512
<b>Expected Loss Provision (-)</b>	<b>12,557</b>	<b>621</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>17,036,954</b>	<b>5,934,928</b>

**1.6.2 Movements of other financial assets measured at amortized cost during the year**

	Current Period	Prior Period
<b>Opening Balance</b>	<b>5,935,549</b>	<b>6,499,810</b>
Foreign Exchange Gain/Loss	4,058,450	2,231,090
Purchases During the Year	13,396,788	979,285
Disposals Through Sales and Redemptions	6,341,276	3,774,636
<b>Expected Loss Provision (-)</b>	<b>12,557</b>	<b>621</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>17,036,954</b>	<b>5,934,928</b>

**1.7 Information on investment in associates (Net):**

**1.7.1** The 1.49% ownership of the shares of Kredi Garanti Fonu A.Ş. amounting to TL 7,659 (31 December 2021 – TL 7,659), 1.15% ownership of the shares of Islamic International Rating Agency amounting to TL 387 (31 December 2021 – TL 277), Swift shares amounting to TL 4,305 (31 December 2021 – TL 3,567) and 0.0035% ownership of the shares traded in Borsa Istanbul A.Ş amounting to TL 15 (31 December 2021 – TL 15), 2.86% ownership of the shares of JCR Avrasya Derecelendirme A.Ş. amounting to TL 2,755 (31 December 2021 – TL 2,755), 0.82% ownership of the share of İhracatı Geliştirme A.Ş. amounting to TL 30,420 (31 December 2021 – TL 0), VISA shares amounting to TL 17,529 (31 December 2021 – TL 12,555), are classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income since the Bank’s ownership in these entities is less than 10% and the Parent Bank does not have a significant influence on these entities.

**1.7.2** Information about investments in unconsolidated associates: None (31 December 2021 – None).

**1.7.3** Information related to consolidated associates: None (31 December 2021 – None).

**1.8 Information on subsidiaries (Net):**

**1.8.1** Although the Bank has control power over the management and capital of its non-financial subsidiaries, Körfez Tatil Beldesi Turistik Tesisler ve Devremülk İşletmeciliği San. Ve Tic. A.Ş and Architech Bilgi Sistemleri ve Pazarlama Tic A.Ş does not confirm to the definition of financial subsidiary in accordance with “Regulation related to the Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements by Banks” published in the Official Gazette No. 26340 dated 8 November 2006; hence this subsidiary has not been consolidated.

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**1.8.2 Information on subsidiaries**

	Title	Address (City/Country)	Bank's share percentage, if different-voting percentage (%)	Bank's risk group share percentage (%)
1	KT Bank AG (*)	Frankfurt/Germany	100	100
2	Neova Katılım Sigorta A.Ş. (***)	Istanbul/Turkey	100	100
3	KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	100	100
4	KT Sukuk Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	100	100
5	KT Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	100	100
6	Körfez Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	75	77,85
7	Architech Bilişim Sistemleri ve Pazarlama Tic A.Ş. (**)	Istanbul/Turkey	100	100
8	Körfez Tatil Beldesi Turistik Tesisler ve Devremülk İşletmeciliği San.ve Tic. A.Ş. (**)	Istanbul/Turkey	99,99	99,99

(\*) As of 30 September 2022, financial figures for this entity in the table above are based on the financial information prepared in accordance with the local regulations of the country in which this entity operates.

(\*\*) These are the amounts in the statutory financial statements dated September 30, 2022, regulated according to the Turkish Commercial Code.

(\*\*\*) According to Article 10 of the Regulation on the Measurement and Evaluation of Capital Adequacy of Insurance and Reinsurance and Pension Companies, Neova Katılım Sigorta A.Ş. calculates a minimum required equity capital twice a year, in September and December periods, and the capital deficiency on September 30, 2022, is TL 30,486 (December 31, 2021: Capital surplus TL 256,743). In order to comply with the regulations a complete and timely manner, the Company has considered that no capital deficit will occur as of the end of the period within the framework of the forecasts and expectations in the 2022 business plan. In addition, the Company's shareholder has the financial power and management understanding to eliminate any financial risk.

Information on subsidiaries in the order listed above

	Total assets	Equity	Total fixed assets	Profit share income	Income from marketable securities	Current period profit/loss	Prior period profit/loss	Fair value
1	14,996,748	1,975,669	183,233	-	-	(2,344)	6,741	-
2	6,071,029	862,370	48,320	-	-	333,970	137,627	-
3	2,580,456	466	-	-	-	107	27	-
4	741	719	-	-	-	47	9	-
5	69,989	58,084	5,854	-	-	26,694	7,562	-
6	198,932	163,766	64,636	-	-	19,417	7,629	-
7	151,987	107,298	9,153	675	3,017	19,155	34,662	-
8	61,635	56,343	6,215	-	-	2,612	2,252	-

Movement regarding the subsidiaries

	Current Period	Prior Period
<b>Balance at the beginning of the year</b>	<b>23,680</b>	<b>23,680</b>
<b>Movements during the year</b>		
Purchases	-	-
Transfers from subsidiaries	-	-
Bonus shares	-	-
Dividends from current year income	-	-
Sales	-	-
Revaluation increase	-	-
Impairment	-	-
Capital commitment payments	-	-
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>23,680</b>	<b>23,680</b>
Capital commitments	-	-
Share percentage at the end of the year (%)	-	-

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Sectoral information on consolidated subsidiaries and the related carrying amounts:

	Current period	Prior period
Banks	610,120	610,120
Insurance Companies	751,796	751,796
Factoring Companies	-	-
Leasing Companies	-	-
Finance Companies	-	-
Other Financial Subsidiaries	75,419	75,419
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,437,335</b>	<b>1,437,335</b>

Consolidated subsidiaries listed on the stock exchange:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Quoted in Domestic Stock Exchange	53,418	53,418
Quoted in Foreign Stock Exchange	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>53,418</b>	<b>53,418</b>

### 1.8.3 Information on capital adequacies of major subsidiaries:

The Partner Bank's equity of KT Bank AG, the bank's subsidiary in Germany, calculated as of September 30, 2022, is EUR 109,361,548 (Full EUR amount) and the capital adequacy ratio is 20.4%.

### 1.9 Information on joint ventures (business partnerships) (Net)

	Bank's share percentage	Total assets	Equity	Total fixed assets	Current period profit/loss	Prior period profit /loss
Katılım Emeklilik ve Hayat A.Ş. (*)	50%	9,389,318	279,430	36,535	89,040	41,976

(\*) In accordance with decision of the Bank's Board of Directors on 25 April 2013, Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. and Albaraka Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. decided to establish the Pension Company in line with main shares. Bank decided to establish that pension company with the equal share amounts with Albaraka Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. and that pension company is registered with the trade name "Katılım Emeklilik ve Hayat Anonim Şirketi", 895027 registry numbered dated 17 December 2013 by Istanbul Ticaret Sicil Müdürlüğü.

### 1.10 Information on finance lease receivables (Net)

#### 1.10.1 Presentation of remaining maturities of net finance leases

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	Gross	Net	Gross	Net
Less than 1 year	8,992,503	7,599,701	4,988,502	4,126,747
1 to 4 years	10,575,506	9,934,288	7,038,160	6,705,970
More than 4 years	1,204,400	1,175,404	1,125,718	1,093,218
<b>Total</b>	<b>20,772,409</b>	<b>18,709,393</b>	<b>13,152,380</b>	<b>11,925,935</b>

#### 1.10.2 Net investments in finance leases

	Current Period	Prior Period
Gross receivable from finance leases	20,772,409	13,152,380
Unearned finance lease income (-)	2,063,016	1,226,445
Unearned finance lease income (-)	-	-
<b>Net Leasing Investment</b>	<b>18,709,393</b>	<b>11,925,935</b>

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**1.10.3 Information on finance lease contracts**

The Parent Bank determines the settlements of the financial lease agreements in accordance with related legislations. Payment terms and amounts may be rearranged with additional agreements upon customers' requests. On the agreements, the Parent Bank gives the customer the option to buy the related property. According to the Financial Lease Law, if a customer does not fulfill its obligations until 60 days, the Bank sends a notice to the customer and the bank takes legal action against the customer if necessary. Non-performing finance lease receivables amounting to TL 69,664 are included in the non-performing loans in the balance sheet (31 December 2021 – TL 45,706).

**1.11 Information on derivative financial assets for hedging purposes**

None (31 December 2021 – None).

**1.12 Information on tangible asset:**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by the Banks.

**1.13 Explanations on intangible asset:**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by the Banks.

**1.14 Explanations on investment properties:**

	<b>Current period</b>	<b>Prior Period</b>
Opening Balance	63,598	77,457
Additions	2	11,128
Disposals (-), Net	-	24,987
Amortization Cost (-)	-	-
<b>Closing Net Book Value</b>	<b>63,600</b>	<b>63,598</b>

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**1.15 Information on deferred tax asset**

As of 30 September 2022, deferred tax is offset as TL 577,675 in the balance sheet. In accordance with the related regulations deferred tax asset calculated as TL 3,155,907 (31 December 2021 – TL 2,283,664) and deferred tax liability is TL 2,578,232 (31 December 2021 – TL 400,720 TL).

	<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Prior Period</b>
Reserve for employee benefits	252,235	80,393
Retirement pay liability	71,447	46,001
Deferred income	191,103	103,388
Impairment provision for subsidiaries, fixed assets and assets held for sale	-	79
Rediscounts for derivative instruments held for trading	561,168	58,624
TFRS 9 Provisions	1,602,157	781,020
Precious metals valuation difference	-	1,034,507
Transferred financial losses (*)	129,036	115,397
Difference in valuation of securities	141,388	26,545
Other	207,373	37,710
<b>Deferred tax asset</b>	<b>3,155,907</b>	<b>2,283,664</b>
Derivative Transactions Valuation Differences	(212,862)	(298,868)
Precious Metal Valuation Difference	(332,004)	(1,877)
The difference between the registered value of tangible assets and tax value	(22,592)	(16,375)
Revaluation difference of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(1,895,186)	(55,030)
Other	(115,589)	(28,570)
<b>Deferred tax liability</b>	<b>(2,578,233)</b>	<b>(400,720)</b>
<b>Deferred tax asset, (net)</b>	<b>577,674</b>	<b>1,882,944</b>

(\*) The Group has reflected a total of TL 129,036 of deferred tax assets (31 December 2021: TL 115,397) in its records as it plans to generate sufficient taxable income to offset the financial loss in the coming periods.

Table of deferred tax asset movement

	<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Prior Period</b>
As of January, 1	1,882,944	835,522
Deferred tax (expense)/income	281,073	381,098
Deferred tax accounted under equity	(1,586,343)	46,939
<b>Deferred tax asset</b>	<b>577,674</b>	<b>1,263,559</b>

**1.16 Explanations on assets held for sale and discontinued operations**

	<b>Current period</b>	<b>Prior period</b>
Opening Balance	240,891	519,087
Additions	85,187	61,085
Transfers from Tangible Asset	-	-
Disposals (-), Net	172,256	339,281
Transfer to Tangible Assets	-	-
Amortization Cost (-)	-	-
Provision for Impairment (-)	-	-
<b>Closing Net Book Value</b>	<b>153,822</b>	<b>240,891</b>

**1.17 Information on other assets**

As of balance sheet date, the Group's other assets amount to TL 7,801,486 (31 December 2021 – TL 5,005,382). Other assets balance does not exceed 10% of the total assets on the balance sheet excluding off balance sheet commitments.

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**2. Explanations and notes related to consolidated liabilities**

**2.1 Information on funds collected**

**2.1.1 Information on maturity structure of funds collected**

Current Period	Demand	Up to 1 months	Up to 3 months	Up to 6 months	Up to 9 months	Up to 1 year	1 year and over	Accumulated profit sharing accounts	Total
<b>I. Real persons current accounts-TL</b>	<b>19,962,837</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>19,962,837</b>
<b>II. Real persons profit sharing accounts TL</b>	-	<b>10,726,507</b>	<b>41,132,281</b>	<b>2,879,568</b>	-	<b>4,389,766</b>	<b>881,147</b>	<b>14,957</b>	<b>60,024,226</b>
<b>III. Other current accounts-TL</b>	<b>14,237,472</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>14,237,472</b>
Public sector	547,309	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	547,309
Commercial sector	13,429,756	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,429,756
Other institutions	142,108	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	142,108
Commercial and other institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Banks and participation banks</b>	<b>118,299</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>118,299</b>
Central Bank of Republic of Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Domestic banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign banks	118,276	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	118,276
Participation banks	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>IV. Profit sharing accounts-TL</b>	-	<b>863,154</b>	<b>5,437,621</b>	<b>2,559,593</b>	-	<b>2,299,757</b>	<b>194,895</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>11,355,046</b>
Public sector	-	425	1,770	-	-	47,704	-	-	49,899
Commercial sector	-	701,487	5,080,448	2,473,501	-	2,210,424	194,523	26	10,660,409
Other institutions	-	161,001	302,390	36,785	-	39,872	372	-	540,420
Commercial and other institutions	-	241	52,987	49,307	-	1,757	-	-	104,292
Banks and participation banks	-	-	26	-	-	-	-	-	26
<b>V. Real persons current accounts-FC</b>	<b>64,962,163</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>64,962,163</b>
<b>VI. Real persons profit sharing accounts-FC</b>	-	<b>17,453,846</b>	<b>20,074,224</b>	<b>2,292,285</b>	-	<b>4,142,621</b>	<b>4,397,132</b>	<b>13,121</b>	<b>48,373,229</b>
<b>VII. Other current accounts-FC</b>	<b>31,169,282</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>31,169,282</b>
Commercial residents in Turkey	23,654,031	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23,654,031
Commercial residents in Abroad	5,422,409	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,422,409
<b>Banks and participation banks</b>	<b>2,092,842</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>2,092,842</b>
Central Bank of Republic of Turkey	694,186	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	694,186
Domestic banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign banks	1,398,656	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,398,656
Participation banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>VIII. Profit sharing accounts- FC</b>	-	<b>1,113,756</b>	<b>1,906,332</b>	<b>757,824</b>	-	<b>313,648</b>	<b>202,755</b>	-	<b>4,294,315</b>
Public sector	-	94	-	-	-	-	-	-	94
Commercial sector	-	1,029,143	1,377,621	103,609	-	101,870	13,843	-	2,626,086
Other institutions	-	16,596	245,668	654,191	-	211,778	179,641	-	1,307,874
Commercial and other institutions	-	67,923	283,043	24	-	-	9,271	-	360,261
Banks and participation banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>IX. Precious metal funds</b>	<b>47,780,074</b>	<b>8,512,850</b>	<b>4,432,616</b>	<b>735,310</b>	-	<b>451,163</b>	<b>16,852</b>	-	<b>61,928,865</b>
<b>X. Profit sharing accounts special funds - TL</b>	-	-	<b>345,134</b>	<b>495,246</b>	-	<b>1,394,601</b>	<b>10,009</b>	-	<b>2,244,990</b>
Residents in Turkey	-	-	345,134	495,246	-	1,394,601	10,009	-	2,244,990
Residents Abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>XI. Profit sharing accounts special funds - FC</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents in Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents Abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total (**)</b>	<b>178,111,828</b>	<b>38,670,113</b>	<b>73,328,208</b>	<b>9,719,826</b>	-	<b>12,991,556</b>	<b>5,702,790</b>	<b>28,104</b>	<b>318,552,425</b>

(\*) There are no 7 days notification accounts of the Parent Bank.

(\*\*) As of 30 September 2022, the Parent Bank has a total of TL 25,683,257 (31 December 2021: TL 763,564) foreign exchange-protected deposit instrument of which TL 20,483,254 (31 December 2021; 1,815,341 TL) opened within the scope of the "Communiqué on Supporting the Conversion of Turkish Lira Deposit and Participation Accounts" published by the CBRT in the Official Gazette dated 21 December 2021 and numbered TL 46,166,511 (31 December 2021; TL 2,578,905) opened within the scope of the announcement of the Ministry of Treasury and Finance ("Treasury") dated 24 December 2021. Foreign exchange revaluation differences amounting to TL 617,917 (31 December 2021; TL 221,094) regarding the foreign exchange-protected deposit instrument calculated as of the balance sheet date are presented in other assets wider assets and included in deposits under liabilities.

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Prior period	Demand	Up to 1 months	Up to 3 months	Up to 6 months	Up to 9 months	Up to 1 year	1 year and over	Accumulated profit sharing accounts	Total
<b>I. Real persons current accounts-TL</b>	<b>20,546,940</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>20,546,940</b>
<b>II. Real persons profit sharing accounts-TL</b>	-	<b>10,745,047</b>	<b>12,876,588</b>	<b>762,988</b>	-	<b>731,611</b>	<b>784,511</b>	<b>19,753</b>	<b>25,920,498</b>
<b>III. Other current accounts-TL</b>	<b>8,099,967</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>8,099,967</b>
Public sector	266,234	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	266,234
Commercial sector	7,705,471	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,705,471
Other institutions	80,279	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	80,279
Commercial and other institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Banks and participation banks</b>	<b>47,983</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>47,983</b>
Central Bank of Republic of Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Domestic banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign banks	47,619	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	47,619
Participation banks	364	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	364
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>IV. Profit sharing accounts-TL</b>	-	<b>789,508</b>	<b>1,142,169</b>	<b>41,733</b>	-	<b>592,682</b>	<b>130,431</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>2,696,530</b>
Public sector	-	213	987	746	-	24,979	-	-	26,925
Commercial sector	-	669,267	941,873	15,144	-	552,592	129,951	7	2,308,834
Other institutions	-	119,807	199,286	25,843	-	14,993	452	-	360,381
Commercial and other institutions	-	221	-	-	-	118	28	-	367
Banks and participation banks	-	-	23	-	-	-	-	-	23
<b>V. Real persons current accounts-FC</b>	<b>46,298,760</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>46,298,760</b>
<b>VI. Real persons profit sharing accounts-FC</b>	-	<b>14,008,297</b>	<b>17,538,758</b>	<b>1,949,138</b>	-	<b>3,496,048</b>	<b>4,379,765</b>	<b>12,095</b>	<b>41,384,101</b>
<b>VII. Other current accounts-FC</b>	<b>22,674,121</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>22,674,121</b>
Commercial residents in Turkey	16,871,245	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,871,245
Commercial residents in Abroad	4,329,204	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,329,204
<b>Banks and participation banks</b>	<b>1,473,672</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>1,473,672</b>
Central Bank of Republic of Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Domestic banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign banks	1,471,529	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,471,529
Participation banks	2,143	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,143
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>VIII. Profit sharing accounts- FC</b>	-	<b>1,398,089</b>	<b>2,698,807</b>	<b>386,232</b>	-	<b>496,198</b>	<b>186,346</b>	-	<b>5,165,672</b>
Public sector	-	54	-	-	-	-	-	-	54
Commercial sector	-	1,295,745	2,182,976	99,152	-	73,526	73,564	-	3,724,963
Other institutions	-	46,632	232,733	287,060	-	422,672	112,782	-	1,101,879
Commercial and other institutions	-	55,658	283,098	20	-	-	-	-	338,776
Banks and participation banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>IX. Precious metal funds</b>	<b>36,383,140</b>	<b>7,765,461</b>	<b>3,919,840</b>	<b>667,511</b>	-	<b>419,769</b>	<b>15,572</b>	-	<b>49,171,293</b>
<b>X. Profit sharing accounts special funds - TL</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents in Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents Abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>XI. Profit sharing accounts special funds - FC</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents in Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents Abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>134,002,928</b>	<b>34,706,402</b>	<b>38,176,162</b>	<b>3,807,602</b>	-	<b>5,736,308</b>	<b>5,496,625</b>	<b>31,855</b>	<b>221,957,882</b>

(\*) There are no 7 days notification accounts of the Parent Bank.

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**2.1.2 Information's on current and profit share accounts that are in the scope of Saving Deposit/Saving Deposit Insurance Fund**

**2.1.2.1 Current and Participation Accounts Attributable to Real Entities/Persons under the Guarantee of Saving Deposit Insurance Fund Exceeding the Limit of the Deposit Insurance Fund**

	Under the guarantee of saving deposit insurance		Exceeding the limit of saving Deposit	
	Current period	Prior period	Current period	Prior period
Real persons current and profit-sharing accounts that are not subject to commercial activities				
TL accounts	40,775,537	24,964,865	67,144,668	21,500,880
FC accounts	55,695,842	39,675,693	143,531,265	86,313,956
Foreign branches' deposits under foreign authorities' insurance	-	-	-	-
Off-shore banking regions' under foreign authorities' insurance	-	-	-	-

Funds collected by Participation Banks (except for foreign branches) through current and profit share accounts which are opened by real persons and denominated in Turkish Lira or foreign currency with a limit of maximum of TL 200 (including both capital and profit shares) for each person is under the guarantee of Saving Deposit Insurance Fund in accordance with the Banking Law No. 5411 which issued in official gazette no. 25893 on 1 November 2005.

**2.1.2.2 If the headquarters of the Parent Bank's is abroad and the deposit account in its Turkish branch is in the scope of the insurance policy in the country of the headquarter of the Bank is founded, it should be explained**

The headquarters of the Parent Bank is in Turkey.

**2.1.2.3 Current and Profit Share Accounts of the real persons who are not in the scope of Saving Deposits Insurance Fund**

The Parent Bank has no current or profit-sharing accounts which are not under the guarantee of the Saving Deposit Insurance Fund except for the current and profit-sharing accounts of shareholders, member of Board of Directors, CEO, the Vice Presidents and their first-degree relatives.

	Current Period	Prior Period
Foreign branches' profit-sharing accounts and other accounts	-	-
Profit sharing accounts and other accounts of controlling shareholders and profit sharing accounts of their mother, father, spouse, children in care	-	-
Profit sharing account and other accounts of President and Members of Board of Directors, CEO and Vice Presidents and profit-sharing accounts of their mother, father, spouse and children in care	62,771	12,955
Profit sharing account and other accounts in scope of the property holdings derived from crime defined in article 282 of Turkish Criminal Law No:5237 dated 26 September 2004	-	-
Profit sharing accounts in participation banks which are established in Turkey in order to engage in offshore banking activities solely	-	-



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**2.2 Information on derivative financial liabilities held for trading**

Derivative financial liabilities held for trading

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Forward transactions	44,489	36,564	130,125	2,718
Swap transactions	75,284	99,464	62,773	62,148
Futures transactions	-	-	-	-
Options	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>119,773</b>	<b>136,028</b>	<b>192,898</b>	<b>64,866</b>

**2.3. Information on funds borrowed**

**2.3.1 Information on banks and other financial institutions**

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Loans from The Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey	-	-	-	-
From Domestic Banks and Institutions	284,421	718,681	194,154	132,958
From Foreign Banks, Institutions and Funds	-	6,091,389	10,000	3,286,870
<b>Total</b>	<b>284,421</b>	<b>6,810,070</b>	<b>204,154</b>	<b>3,419,828</b>

**2.3.2 Information on maturity structure of borrowings**

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Short-term	284,421	1,803,493	150,142	1,386,472
Medium and Long-Term	-	5,006,577	54,012	2,033,356
<b>Total</b>	<b>284,421</b>	<b>6,810,070</b>	<b>204,154</b>	<b>3,419,828</b>

**2.3.4 Explanations related to the concentrations of the Parent Bank's major liabilities**

There is no risk concentration of the Parent Bank's current and profit-sharing accounts.

**2.4. Information on securities issued**

The Group has issued sukuks, detailed below. The average return on securities issued is 19.54% for Turkish Lira. The maturity of sukuk issued in Turkish Lira is between October 2022 and December 2022.

Current Period	TL		FC	
	Short Term	Medium and Long-Term	Short Term	Medium and Long-Term
Nominal	2,527,500	-	-	-
Remaining Income Distribution	109,936	-	-	3,733,160
Book Value	2,271,041	-	-	-

Perior Period	TL		FC	
	Short Term	Medium and Long-Term	Short Term	Medium and Long-Term
Nominal	4,500,000	-	-	-
Remaining Income Distribution	142,248	-	-	3,124,255
Book Value	3,632,174	-	-	-

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**2.5 Information on other liabilities and miscellaneous payables**

As of 30 September 2022, other liabilities amount to TL 4,196,712 (31 December 2021 – TL 2,135,331), sundry creditors amount to TL 3,426,591 (31 December 2021 - TL 2,703,783), both of them do not exceed 10% of the balance sheet total.

**2.6 Information on finance lease payables (Net)**

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	Gross	Net	Gross	Net
Less than 1 year	34,277	32,739	22,595	21,162
1 to 4 years	54,908	53,121	102,929	96,326
More than 4 years	685,494	443,688	451,837	291,965
<b>Total</b>	<b>774,679</b>	<b>529,548</b>	<b>577,361</b>	<b>409,453</b>

The Group used FTP (Fund Transfer Pricing) rates as an alternative borrowing rate of profit on 1 January 2019. Relevant ratios are revised and revised in 2-week periods after 1 January 2019. The change in Participation Bank payments uses an unmodified discount rate unless the variable profit share rate is related. If the change in the lease payments results from variable profit share rates (LIBOR, EURIBOR), the lessee used a revised discount rate reflecting changes in the profit share rate.

**2.6.1. Explanations on contract changes and the new obligations these changes bring to the Group**

None (31 December 2021 – None).

**2.6.1.1. Explanations on financial leasing obligations**

None (31 December 2021 – None).

**2.6.1.2. Explanations on operating lease**

Leasing is classified as an operating lease in which the lessor holds all the risks and benefits of that asset. Such transactions include lease agreements belonging to branches, which can be cancelled with prior notice.

There are no significant obligations imposed by the changes in the contract related to the operating lease to the Group.

The group registers its lease payments based on operating lease agreements with equal amounts of expenses during the lease term.

**2.7 Information on hedging derivative financial liabilities**

None. (31 December 2021 - None).

**2.8 Information on provisions**

**2.8.1 Information on provisions related with foreign currency evaluation difference of foreign currency indexed loans:** As of 30 September 2022, the exchange rate difference equivalent of foreign currency indexed loans is TL 143. (December 31, 2021 – TL 50) and for loans and TL 447 for financial lease receivables (December 31, 2021 – TL 7) are offset from foreign currency depreciation of loans and leasing receivables.

**2.8.2 Information on other provisions**

	Current Period	Prior Period
Specific provisions for non-cash loans that are not indemnified converted into cash	598,040	522,425
General Provisions for non-cash loans	815,039	486,379
Provision for profits will be allocated to participation accounts	1,251,660	678,145
Credit cards of banking services applications	8,084	957
Other (*)	377,588	206,380
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,050,411</b>	<b>1,894,286</b>

(\*) The other item is mainly collected from customers in the current period in case of TL 214,190 (December 31, 2021 – TL 101,360) TL 11,490 (December 31, 2021 – TL 9,395) expense provision, TL 60,749 (31 December 2021 – TL 63,404) for the part of the delay penalty amounts collected from customers calculated as refundable within 5 years and the other equivalent of TL 91,159 (December 31, 2021 – TL 32,221).

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**2.8.3 Information on provisions for employee benefits**

Provisions for employee benefits consist of reserve for employee termination benefits amounting to TL 285,787 (31 December 2021 – TL 228,869), vacation pay liability amounting to TL 22,029 (31 December 2021 – TL 3,575), performance premium amounting to TL 669,377 (31 December 2021 – TL 213,920), retirement bonuses on payment of TL 273,002 (31 December 2021 – TL 130,241), committee fee amounting to TL 44,534 (31 December 2021 – TL 17,256) and other fees amounting to TL 9,367 (31 December 2021 – TL 4,554).

Under the Turkish Labor Law, the Parent Bank is required to pay termination benefits to each employee who has completed at least one year of service and whose employment is terminated without due cause, is called up for military service, dies or retires or earns the right to retire.

The compensation to be paid is up to one month's salary for each service year and this amount is limited to 15,371.40 TL (full TL amount) (31 December 2021 – TL 8,284.51 (full TL amount)). The liability is not funded, as there is no funding requirement.

The reserve has been calculated by estimating the present value of the future probable obligation of the Group arising from the retirement of its employees. TAS 19 requires actuarial valuation methods to be developed to estimate the enterprise's obligation for such benefits. Accordingly, the following actuarial assumptions were used in the calculation of the total liability.

	<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Prior Period</b>
Discount rate (%)	19.10	19.10
Inflation rate (%)	15.80	15.80
Salary increase rate (%)	25.00	25.00

Movements in the reserve for employment termination benefits during period are as follows:

	<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Prior Period</b>
Balance at the beginning of the period	228,869	189,033
Provisions recognized during the period	72,749	49,512
Paid during the period	(15,831)	(10,744)
Actuarial loss	-	1,068
<b>Balances at the end of the period</b>	<b>285,787</b>	<b>228,869</b>

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**2.9 Explanations on tax liability:**

**2.9.1 Explanations on current tax liability**

**2.9.1.1 Information on tax provisions:** TL 1,026,350 (31 December 2021 – TL 1,282,020).

**2.9.1.2 Information on taxes payable**

	<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Prior Period</b>
Taxation of marketable securities	36,726	30,189
Taxation of immovable property	3,210	2,347
Banking Insurance Transaction Tax (BITT)	102,903	54,819
Foreign Exchange Transaction Tax	33,759	103,722
Value Added Tax Payable	4,748	9,482
Income tax deducted from wages	35,779	17,938
Other	2,877	2,078
<b>Total</b>	<b>220,002</b>	<b>220,575</b>

**2.9.1.3 Information on premiums (\*)**

	<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Prior Period</b>
Social Insurance Premiums-Employee	21,989	10,527
Social Insurance Premiums-Employer	24,034	11,333
Unemployment insurance-Employee	1,570	751
Unemployment insurance-Employer	3,353	1,628
Other	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>50,946</b>	<b>24,239</b>

(\*) Included in Other Liabilities in the Balance Sheet.

**2.9.1.4 Informations on deferred tax liability**

Within the scope of the relevant regulations, as of 30 September 2022, the deferred tax was netted as TL 577,675 in the balance sheet. The deferred tax asset was calculated as TL 3,155,907 (31 December 2021 – None) and the deferred tax liability as TL 2,578,232 (31 December 2021 – None).

**2.10 Information on payables related to assets held for sale**

None (31 December 2021 – None).

**2.11 Information on subordinated loans**

It has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on Financial Statements to be Disclosed to the Public by Banks and on Disclosures and Footnotes Related to Them.

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**2.12 Information on shareholders' equity**

**2.12.1 Presentation of paid-in capital**

	<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Prior Period</b>
Common shares	4,600,000	4,600,000
Preference shares	-	-
Repurchased shares amount (*)	(4,869)	(4,869)
<b>Total</b>	<b>4,595,131</b>	<b>4,595,131</b>

(\*) It represents the Parent Bank's acquisition of its own shares as a result of the Bank's shareholders not using their right of preference according to the commitment made in the capital increase in the Bank.

**2.12.2 Amount of Paid-in Capital, Disclosure on whether the Bank Applies the Registered Share Capital System, and, if so, the Ceiling Amount of the Registered Share Capital**

Registered capital system is not applied in the Parent Bank.

**2.12.3 Information on the share capital increases during the period and their sources; other information on increased capital shares in the current period**

None

**2.12.4 Information on share capital increases from capital reserves during the current period**

None

**2.12.5 Possible effect of estimations made for the Group's revenues, profitability and liquidity on equity considering prior period indicators and uncertainties**

Based on the evaluation made considering the Group's prior and current period indicators related to net profit share and commission income, it is observed that the Bank continues its operations profitably.

**2.12.6 Summary of privileges given to shares representing the capital**

None (31 December 2021- None).

**2.12.7 Information on marketable securities value increase fund**

	<b>Current Period</b>		<b>Prior Period</b>	
	<b>TL</b>	<b>FC</b>	<b>TL</b>	<b>FC</b>
From Associates, Subsidiaries and Entities Under Common Control (Joint Vent.)	-	-	-	-
Valuation Difference (*)	5,424,525	(391,122)	57,132	(65,917)
Foreign Exchange Difference	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>5,424,525</b>	<b>(391,122)</b>	<b>57,132</b>	<b>(65,917)</b>

(\*) Valuation difference is calculated taking the tax effect of the rent certifications in the account, which are classified as "Government Debt Securities" and "Other Marketable Securities" under financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income in the balance sheet.

**2.13 Information on minority shares**

30 September 2022 – TL 40,941 (31 December 2021 – TL 36,019).

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**3. Explanations and notes related to consolidated off-balance sheet contingencies and commitments**

**3.1. Explanations on off-balance sheet accounts**

**3.1.1 Types and amounts of irrevocable commitments**

Commitment for credit card limits, as of 30 September 2022 amounts to TL 10,496,777 (31 December 2021 – TL 5,336,868); payment commitments for cheque books amounts to TL 2,253,545 (31 December 2021 – TL 1,750,116).

**3.1.2 Types and amounts of probable losses and obligations arising from off-balance sheet items including below items**

**3.1.2.1 Non-cash loans including guarantees, bank acceptances, collaterals and others that are accepted as financial commitments and other letter of credits**

As of 30 September 2022, the Group's has guarantees and surety ships constituting of TL 19,842,770 (31 December 2021 – TL 11,838,814) of letters of guarantee; TL 178,282 (31 December 2021 – TL 113,683) of acceptances and TL 5,003,802 (31 December 2021 – TL 4,521,120) of letters of credit. Also, the Parent Bank has other acceptances amounting to TL 1,685,018 (31 December 2021 – TL 912,257).

**3.1.2.2 Revocable, irrevocable guarantees and other similar commitments and contingencies**

There are no other than those explained in 2.i

**3.1.3 Total amount of non-cash loans**

	<b>Current period</b>	<b>Prior period</b>
Non-cash loans given against cash loans	92,925	74,766
With original maturity of 1 year or less	92,925	74,766
With original maturity of more than 1 year	-	-
Other non-cash loans	26,616,947	17,311,108
<b>Total</b>	<b>26,709,872</b>	<b>17,385,874</b>

**3.1.4. Information on sector-based risk concentration in non-cash loans**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by the Banks.

**3.1.5. Information on non-cash loans classified in Stage I and II**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by the Banks.

**3.2. Explanations on derivative transactions**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by the Banks.

**3.3. Explanations on credit derivatives and their risks**

None.

**3.4. Explanations on contingent liabilities and assets**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by the Banks.

**3.5. Explanations on services provided to other names and accounts**

None.

**3.6. Summary information on the rating of the Parent Bank to international rating agencies**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by the Banks.

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**4. Explanations and notes related to the consolidated statement of income**

**4.1 Information on profit share income**

**4.1.1 Information on profit share received from loans**

	Current period		Prior period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
<b>Profit share on loans</b>	<b>11,338,652</b>	<b>2,424,361</b>	<b>5,020,801</b>	<b>1,014,175</b>
Short term loans	5,315,908	980,523	1,504,994	250,292
Medium- and long-term loans	5,770,019	1,379,931	3,259,577	720,342
Profit share on non-performing loans	252,725	63,907	256,230	43,541
Premiums received from resource utilization support fund	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>11,338,652</b>	<b>2,424,361</b>	<b>5,020,801</b>	<b>1,014,175</b>

**4.1.2 Information on profit share received from banks**

	Current period		Prior period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
The Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey	2,519	-	-	-
Domestic Banks	442,582	-	91,533	8,435
Foreign Banks	-	90,619	5,214	67,213
Branches and head office abroad	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>445,101</b>	<b>90,619</b>	<b>96,747</b>	<b>75,648</b>

**4.1.3 Information on profit share income from securities portfolio**

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TP	YP	TP	YP
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	114,948	275,071	47,186	122,914
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	7,320,594	583,045	1,896,728	310,146
Financial Assets valued at Amortized Cost	937,248	451,712	70,314	81,577
<b>Total</b>	<b>8,372,790</b>	<b>1,309,828</b>	<b>2,014,228</b>	<b>514,637</b>

As stated in footnote 7.2 of Section Three, the Partner Bank's portfolio of financial assets securities whose fair value difference is reflected in other comprehensive income includes government sukuk indexed to CPI, whose real coupon rates for 6 months remain constant throughout the term. As of January 1, 2022, indices calculated considering the estimated inflation rate have been used as the inflation index on the balance sheet date used in the valuation of such assets. The estimated inflation rate used is updated when necessary during the year. As of September 30, 2022, the valuation of these assets was based on the annual inflation forecast of 80% (October 2021-October 2022). In 2021, the valuation of these assets was made according to the inflation rates realized. If the specified forecast change for these assets indexed to CPI had not been made, more profit share income of TL 2,161,537 would have been accounted for in the income statement.

**4.1.4 Information on profit share income received from associates and subsidiaries**

	Current Period	Prior Period
Profit share income received from associates and subsidiaries	341	180

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**4.2 Information on profit share expenses**

**4.2.1 Information on profit share given to loans used**

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Banks	34,757	133,879	20,256	94,324
The Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey	-	-	-	-
Domestic banks	32,614	4,770	16,514	1,931
Foreign banks	2,143	129,109	3,742	92,393
Branches and head office abroad	-	-	-	-
Other Institutions	-	595,218	1	179,410
<b>Total</b>	<b>34,757</b>	<b>729,097</b>	<b>20,257</b>	<b>273,734</b>

**4.2.2 Profit share expense given to associates and subsidiaries**

	Current Period	Prior Period
Profit share expenses given to associates and subsidiaries	3,555	876

**4.2.3 Profit share expense paid to securities issued**

A dividend of TL 352,447 was paid as of the period due to the issued securities in the Group's liabilities (1 January-30 September 2021 – TL 657,781).

**4.3 Information on dividend income**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by the Banks.



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**4.4 Distribution of profit share on funds based on maturity of funds**

<b>Current period</b>		<b>Profit Sharing Accounts</b>						<b>Accumulated profit-sharing accounts</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Account name</b>	<b>Up to 1 months</b>	<b>Up to 3 months</b>	<b>Up to 6 months</b>	<b>Up to 9 months</b>	<b>Up to 1 year</b>	<b>Above 1 year</b>			
<b>TL</b>									
Collected funds from banks through current and profit share accounts	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Real person's non-trading profit sharing account	1,246,187	3,556,943	302,442	-	274,951	95,163	1,587	5,477,273	
Public-sector profit-sharing account	38	154	34	-	189	-	-	415	
Commercial sector profit sharing account	78,256	287,839	458,743	-	44,246	1,597	-	870,681	
Other institutions profit sharing account	14,915	27,242	8,321	-	1,029	53	-	51,560	
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,339,396</b>	<b>3,872,181</b>	<b>769,540</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>320,415</b>	<b>96,813</b>	<b>1,587</b>	<b>6,399,932</b>	
<b>FC</b>									
Banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Real person's non-trading profit sharing account	131,116	167,961	15,274	-	26,002	25,761	124	366,238	
Public-sector profit-sharing account	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Commercial sector profit sharing account	6,722	12,906	672	-	218	56	-	20,574	
Other institutions profit sharing account	726	3,392	12	-	2	25	-	4,157	
Precious metal accounts	8,560	4,565	788	-	483	-	-	14,396	
<b>Total</b>	<b>147,124</b>	<b>188,824</b>	<b>16,746</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>26,705</b>	<b>25,842</b>	<b>124</b>	<b>405,365</b>	
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>1,486,520</b>	<b>4,061,005</b>	<b>786,286</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>347,120</b>	<b>122,655</b>	<b>1,711</b>	<b>6,805,297</b>	
<b>Prior period</b>									
<b>Prior period</b>		<b>Profit Sharing Accounts</b>						<b>Accumulated profit-sharing accounts</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Account name</b>	<b>Up to 1 months</b>	<b>Up to 3 months</b>	<b>Up to 6 months</b>	<b>Up to 9 months</b>	<b>Up to 1 year</b>	<b>Above 1 year</b>			
<b>TL</b>									
Collected funds from banks through current and profit share accounts	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	2	
Real person's non-trading profit sharing account	848,016	995,719	49,886	-	58,832	74,430	1,889	2,028,772	
Public-sector profit-sharing account	27	87	72	-	68	-	-	254	
Commercial sector profit sharing account	61,542	91,465	1,670	-	1,544	1,053	-	157,274	
Other institutions profit sharing account	11,639	17,598	1,633	-	430	51	-	31,351	
<b>Total</b>	<b>921,224</b>	<b>1,104,870</b>	<b>53,261</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>60,874</b>	<b>75,535</b>	<b>1,889</b>	<b>2,217,653</b>	
<b>FC</b>									
Banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Real person's non-trading profit sharing account	47,591	76,972	6,106	-	9,597	12,120	54	152,440	
Public-sector profit-sharing account	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Commercial sector profit sharing account	4,371	8,210	273	-	171	44	-	13,069	
Other institutions profit sharing account	325	1,460	4	-	5	-	-	1,794	
Precious metal accounts	5,910	2,776	396	-	302	-	-	9,384	
<b>Total</b>	<b>58,197</b>	<b>89,418</b>	<b>6,779</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>10,075</b>	<b>12,164</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>176,687</b>	
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>979,421</b>	<b>1,194,288</b>	<b>60,040</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>70,949</b>	<b>87,699</b>	<b>1,943</b>	<b>2,394,340</b>	

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**4.5 Information on trading income/loss (Net)**

	Current Period	Prior Period
<b>Trading profit / loss (net)</b>	<b>4,370,284</b>	<b>260,623</b>
<b>Profit</b>	<b>278,185,289</b>	<b>54,258,643</b>
Gain on capital market transactions	185,410	76,744
Gain on derivative financial instruments	9,072,620	5,975,099
Foreign exchange profit	268,927,259	48,206,800
<b>Losses (-)</b>	<b>(273,815,005)</b>	<b>(53,998,020)</b>
Losses on capital market transactions	(2,022)	(30,988)
Losses on derivative financial instruments	(4,718,202)	(4,822,907)
Foreign exchange losses	(269,094,781)	(49,144,125)

**4.6 Information on other operating income**

The details of other operating income are presented below. There are no unusual items in the other operating income which materially affect the income of the Group.

	Current Period	Prior Period
Reversal of prior period provisions	953,239	1,488,669
Income from sales of assets	330,100	239,237
Cancellations of Provisions from Profits to be Distributed to Participation Accounts	66,917	122,469
Rental income	2,491	5,634
Other Income	1,858,282	39,516
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,211,029</b>	<b>1,895,525</b>

(\* The other item mainly includes Neova Katılım Sigorta A.Ş.'s provision for unearned premiums of TL 1,108,789 (30 September 2021 – TL 722,662).

**4.7 Provisions for loan losses and other receivables of the Bank**

	Current Period (*)	Prior Period (*)
<b>Expected Credit Loss</b>	<b>5,382,535</b>	<b>2,488,826</b>
12 month expected credit loss (Stage 1)	3,376,341	604,474
Significant increase in credit risk (Stage 2)	945,576	1,238,824
Non-performing loans (Stage 3)	1,060,618	645,528
<b>Marketable Securities Impairment Expense</b>	<b>23,912</b>	<b>1,361</b>
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	23,912	1,361
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	-	-
Impairment losses from Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled Entities	-	-
Investments in Associates	-	-
Subsidiaries	-	-
Joint Ventures	-	-
Other (**)	530,529	38,254
<b>Total</b>	<b>5,936,976</b>	<b>2,528,441</b>

(\* Includes the provisions in the “Other Provision Expenses” line in the Income Statement.

(\*\*) Includes provisions that can be allocated from profit to be distributed to participation accounts according to provisions regulation.

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**4.8 Information on other operating expenses**

	<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Prior Period</b>
Provision for retirement pay liability (*)	56,918	41,388
Impairment expenses of tangible assets	-	-
Depreciation expenses of tangible assets	249,604	185,848
Impairment Expenses of intangible fixed assets	-	-
Depreciation expenses of intangible assets	82,329	50,242
Depreciation expenses of assets held for sale	-	-
Other operating expenses	951,540	371,743
Lease Expenses Regarding TFRS 16 Exemptions	6,302	10,878
Maintenance expenses	137,288	61,409
Advertisement expenses	65,537	21,671
Communication expenses	92,526	56,911
Heating, electricity and water expenses	77,943	21,481
Cleaning expenses	10,830	7,527
Vehicle expenses	28,473	9,822
Stationery expenses	79,424	7,597
Other expenses	453,217	174,447
Losses on sales of assets	4,397	3,515
Deposit insurance fund expenses	478,732	306,548
Other	2,506,735	1,110,667
<b>Total</b>	<b>4,330,255</b>	<b>2,069,951</b>

(\*) It refers to the item presented as "Personnel Expenses" in the Income Statement.

(\*\*) As of 30 September 2022, the "Promotional Application Expenses for Credit Cards" account of TL 157,313 (30 September 2021 – TL 27,947) and the "Pension Payments Promotional Application Expenses" account of TL 61,525 are shown here (30 September 2021 – TL 1,869).

**4.9 Information on profit/loss from continued and discontinued operations before taxes**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by the Banks.

**4.10 Information on tax provision for continued and discontinued operations**

The Group's, current period tax provision for the period amounting to TL 2,985,933 (1 January-30 September 2021 – TL 911,354), deferred tax income of TL, 1,621,879 (1 January-30 September 2021 – TL 420,611), deferred tax expense of TL 1,210,007 (1 January-30 September 2021 – TL 50,177).

**4.11 Information on net income/loss from continued and discontinued operations**

There is no profit/loss arising from discontinued operations within the operating profit/loss after tax.

**4.12 Information on net income/loss**

**4.12.1** The nature and amount of certain income and expense items from ordinary operations is disclosed if the disclosure for nature, amount and repetition rate of such items is required for a complete understanding of the Group's performance for the period

As of 30 September 2022, net profit share income is TL 17,153,371 (1 January-30 September 2021 – TL 5,499,911) net fees and commission income is TL 819,197 (1 January-30 September 2021 – TL 350,019).

**4.12.2** Effect of changes in accounting estimates on income statement for the current and, if any for subsequent periods

None (1 January - 30 September 2021 – None).

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**4.12.3 Profit/Loss attributable to minority interest:**

	Current Period	Prior Period
Profit / (Loss) of Minority Shares	4,854	21,554

**4.13 Details of sub accounts comprising at least 20% of other items in income statement, exceeding 10% of total income statement**

As of 30 September 2022, other fees and commissions received is TL 1,748,378 (1 January – 30 September 2021 – TL 758,853), TL 548,626 of this amount is related with credit card fees and commissions (1 January – 30 September 2021 – TL 208,167) and TL 305,400 of this amount is related with POS machine commissions (1 January – 30 September 2021 – TL 138,944).

As of 30 September 2022, other fees and commissions given is TL 1,082,146 (1 January – 30 September 2021 – TL 498,594), TL 372,785 (1 January – 30 September 2021 – TL 161,999) of this amount is related with POS clearing commissions and installation expenses, TL 115,907(1 January – 30 September 2021 – TL 47,820) of this amount is related with fees and commissions paid for credit cards.

**5. Explanations and notes related to the consolidated statement of shareholders' equity**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on The Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by the Banks.

**6. Explanations and notes related to consolidated statement of cash flows**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on The Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by the Banks.

**7. Explanations and notes related to risk group of the Group**

**7.1 The volume of transactions related to the risk group of the Group, the loans and funds collected which have not been completed at the end of the period and the income and expenses related to the period**

**Current period**

Risk group of the Group (*)	Investment in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures (business partnerships)		Direct and indirect shareholders of the Bank		Other real or legal persons included in the risk group	
	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash
<b>Loans and other receivables</b>						
Balance at beginning of period	193	28,603	6,955	21,246	64,315	2,297
Balance at end of period	180	39,586	10,509	30,730	2,895,501	4,149
Profit share and commission income	-	341	769	175	11,923	-

(\*) Defined in the Subsection 2, Article 49 of the Banking Law No. 5411.

**Prior period**

Risk group of the Group (*)	Investment in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures (business partnerships)		Direct and indirect shareholders of the Bank		Other real or legal persons included in the risk group	
	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash
<b>Loans and other receivables</b>						
Balance at beginning of period	169	16,291	4,695	6,709	54,992	6,632
Balance at end of period	193	28,603	6,955	21,246	64,315	2,297
Profit share and commission income	-	180	361	92	3,250	-

(\*) Defined in the Subsection 2, Article 49 of the Banking Law No. 5411.

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**7.2 Information on current and profit-sharing accounts of the Group's risk group:**

Risk group of the Group (*)	Investment in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures (business partnerships)		Direct and indirect shareholders of the Bank		Other real or legal persons included in the risk group	
	Current Period	Prior period	Current period	Prior Period	Current period	Prior period
<b>Current and profit-sharing accounts</b>						
Balance at beginning of period	28,489	24,405	104,748	58,677	348,052	203,570
Balance at end of period	68,968	28,489	231,924	104,748	427,466	348,052
Profit share expense	3,555	1,079	4,397	980	168	265

(\*) Defined in the Subsection 2, Article 49 of the Banking Law No. 5411

**7.3 Forward and option agreements and other similar agreements with the risk group of the Group:**

Risk group of the Group (*)	Investment in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures (business partnerships)		Direct and indirect shareholders of the Bank		Other real or legal persons included in the risk group	
	Current Period	Prior period	Current period	Prior Period	Current period	Prior period
<b>Transactions at Fair Value through Profit or Loss:</b>						
Balance at beginning of period	-	-	1,992,498	716,065	-	-
Balance at end of period	-	-	1,552,315	1,992,498	-	-
Total Profit / Loss	-	-	42,527	(2,476)	-	-
<b>Hedging Transactions:</b>						
Balance at beginning of period	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance at end of period	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Profit / Loss	-	-	-	-	-	-

**7.4 Information on loans received from the Group's risk group:**

Risk group of the Bank (*)	Investment in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures (business partnerships)		Direct and indirect shareholders of the Bank		Other real or legal persons included in the risk group	
	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period
<b>Borrowings</b>						
Balance at beginning of period	-	-	270,055	1,481,347	-	-
Balance at end of period	-	-	941,057	270,055	-	-
Profit share expense	-	-	14,749	2,182	-	-

**7.5 Information on subordinated loans used by the Parent Bank's from its risk group:**

The entire additional capital-like capital (Tier-I) sukuk of USD 200,000,000 (full amount) realized by the Parent Bank's on July 16, 2019, and the entire equity-like Tier-I sukuk of USD 50,000,000 (full amount) realized by the Parent Bank's on September 28, 2020, belong to Kuwait Finance House. Of the USD 350,000,000 (full amount) of the capital-like contribution capital (Tier-II) of USD 35,000,000 (full amount) realized by the Parent Bank's on 16 September 2021, Kuwait Finance House owns it.

**7.6 Information on remunerations provided to top management:**

As of 1 January - 30 September 2022, the Group has paid TL 113,752 to top management (1 January – 30 September 2021- TL 95,071).

**8. Information about the branches of the Group in domestic, foreign and coastal banking regions and their representative offices abroad**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on The Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by the Banks.

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**9. Significant events and matters arising subsequent to balance sheet date**

On October 5, 2022, the Parent Bank issued sukuk with a nominal value of TL 350,000 and a maturity of 63 days with a cost of 18.25% through KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.

On October 7, 2022, the Parent Bank issued sukuk with a nominal value of TL 170,000 and a maturity of 60 days with a cost of 18.25% through KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.

On October 11, 2022, the Parent Bank issued sukuk with a nominal value of TL 120,000 and a maturity of 77 days with a cost of 18.25% through KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.

On October 14, 2022, the Parent Bank issued sukuk with a nominal value of TL 200,000 and a maturity of 77 days with a cost of 18.15% through KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.

On October 24, 2022, the Parent Bank issued sukuk with a nominal value of TL 300,000 and a maturity of 73 days with a cost of 17.01% through KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.

On October 27, 2022, the Parent Bank issued sukuk with a nominal value of TL 250,000 and a maturity of 75 days with a cost of 17.01% through KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.

On October 27, 2022, the Parent Bank issued sukuk with a nominal value of TL 100,000 and a maturity of 69 days with a cost of 17.26% through KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.

On October 27, 2022, the Parent Bank issued sukuk with a nominal value of TL 150,000 and a maturity of 75 days with a cost of 17.01% through KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.

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**SECTION SIX**

**OTHER EXPLANATIONS**

- 1. Other matters which must be explained in terms of explicitness, interpretability and understandability of the balance sheet:** None.

**SECTION SEVEN**

**LIMITED REVIEW REPORT**

- 1. Explanations on the limited review report:**

The consolidated financial statements have been reviewed by Güney Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik A.Ş. (A Member Firm of Ernst & Young Global Limited) and the independent auditors' limited review report dated 9 November 2022 is presented preceding the financial statements.

- 2. Notes and disclosures prepared by the independent auditor:** None.

**SECTION EIGHT**

**INTERIM CONSOLIDATED ACTIVITY REPORT**

- 1. The Bank explanations on interim annual report including the evaluations of interim activities of the Chairman of the Board of Directors and General Manager**

- 1.1 About Kuveyt Türk**

Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. ("The Parent Bank") was incorporated with the approval of the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey (CBRT) on 28 February 1989 and commenced its operations on 31 March 1989, with the name of Kuveyt Türk Evkaf Finans Kurumu A.Ş. To comply with the Banking Act 5411, the title of the Parent Bank's has been changed to Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. with a change in the Articles of Association which was approved in the annual general meeting dated 26 April 2006. Main field of operation is, in addition to the Parent Bank's equity, to collect funds from domestic and foreign customers through "Current Accounts" and "Profit/ Loss Sharing Accounts" and allocate such funds to the economy, to perform all kinds of financing activities in accordance with the regulations, to encourage the investments of all individuals and legal entities operating in agricultural, industrial, trading and service industries, participating into the operations of these entities or individuals and to form joint business partnerships and to perform all these activities in a non-interest environment.

As of 30 September 2022, 62.24% of the Parent Bank shares are owned by Kuwait Finance House located in Kuwait, 18.72% by Vakıflar Genel Müdürlüğü Mazbut Vakıfları, 9.00% by Wafra International Investment Company in Kuwait and 9.00% by Islamic Development Bank whereas the remaining 1.04% of the shares are owned by other real persons and legal entities.

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**1.2 Financial informations summary**

<b>CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET</b>	<b>30.09.2022</b>	<b>31.12.2021</b>
CASH BALANCES AND CENTRAL BANK	75,048,450	66,974,279
BANKS	29,558,468	16,104,368
SECURITIES	86,395,717	50,947,412
LOANS AND RECEIVABLES	174,591,723	119,801,314
FINANCE LEASE RECEIVABLES (Net)	18,709,393	11,925,935
EXPECTED LOSS PROVISIONS (-)	12,625,765	8,607,362
TANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)	1,341,105	1,084,542
OTHER ASSETS	10,377,480	9,063,706
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>383,396,571</b>	<b>267,294,194</b>
FUND COLLECTED	318,552,425	221,957,882
FUNDS BORROWED	7,094,491	3,623,982
MARKETABLE SECURITIES ISSUED (Net)	2,271,041	3,632,174
FINANCE LEASE PAYABLES (Net)	529,548	409,453
SUBORDINATED LOANS	11,300,231	8,100,496
OTHER LIABILITIES	17,463,309	18,081,366
EQUITY	26,185,526	11,488,841
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	<b>383,396,571</b>	<b>267,294,194</b>
<b>CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS</b>	<b>30.09.2022</b>	<b>30.09.2021</b>
PROFIT SHARE INCOME	25,230,798	9,324,621
PROFIT SHARE EXPENSE	8,077,427	3,824,710
NET PROFIT SHARE INCOME/EXPENSE	17,153,371	5,499,911
NET FEES AND COMMISSION INCOME/EXPENSE	819,197	350,019
PERSONNEL EXPENSES	2,815,740	1,167,915
DIVIDEND INCOME	2,830	5,843
NET TRADING INCOME / LOSS	4,370,284	260,623
OTHER OPERATING INCOME	3,211,029	1,895,525
EXPECTED CREDIT LOSS (-)	5,382,535	2,488,826
OTHER PROVISION EXPENSES (-)	554,441	39,615
OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (-)	4,330,255	2,069,951
PROFIT / LOSS FROM INVESTMENTS UNDER EQUITY ACCOUNTING	44,520	20,988
INCOME/ LOSS BEFORE TAX	12,518,260	2,266,602
TAX CHARGE	2,714,918	540,920
<b>CURRENT PERIOD INCOME/LOSSES</b>	<b>9,803,342</b>	<b>1,725,682</b>
	<b>30.09.2022</b>	<b>31.12.2021</b>
Total Loans/Total Assets*	50.42%	49.28%
Total Loans/Fund Collected*	60.68%	59.35%
Average Equity Profit **	69.39%	34.38%
Average Assets Profit **	5.02%	1.58%
Capital Adequacy Ratio	24.92%	22.34%

\* Finance Lease Receivables is included in total loans.

\*\* Related ratios calculated by included in interim periods' profit amounts to year-end balances.



# KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ

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### 1.3 Message from the Chairman

Dear Shareholders,

While the global economy was able to partially overcome the devastating effects of the pandemic, the shocks of 2022 brought a series of new crises back to the agenda of developed and developing economies. Designing and implementing optimal fiscal and monetary policies forced policymakers in many countries to make difficult and sharp decisions during this period, when energy and food crises and historically high inflation were experienced, and markets were quite fragile. While the possible recession agendas that may arise from the monetary tightening steps implemented by the major central banks are being discussed, the possibility of new food and energy shocks maintain due to the effects of the war continues.

While the Fed, which has started interest rate hikes later than expected, is expected to continue the trend of aggressive interest rate increases of 75 basis points. The appreciation of the US dollar as a result of the policies implemented especially confronts developing countries with additional risks. The appreciated American Dollar, which has reached its highest value since the beginning of the 2000s, is increasing the cost of imported products in developing countries, while rising interest rates and ongoing global risks are causing capital flows to turn from these countries to developed countries. These additional cost increases and outward capital flows in developing countries reveal the possibility of the risks of balance of payments crises. Although the food crisis caused by the Russia-Ukraine War eased somewhat after the Black Sea grain initiative, record high inflation rates caused by the energy crisis in the European Region, which is most severely affected by aforementioned global risks, the serious price increases in the natural gas prices and the billions of Euros spent by the government to protect consumers and companies, is expected to continue until the end of next year. Moreover, it is expected that the European Central Bank (ECB) will continue to increase monetary tightening in order to reach its 2% inflation target.

While the Russia-Ukraine War, global inflationary pressure and the slowdown in the Chinese economy changed its year-end global economic growth forecasts, The International Monetary Fund (IMF) revised its forecasts negatively in the October Economic Outlook Report due to there was a slowdown in economic activity that was higher than expected. It stated that the global economic growth forecast for the end of 2022 is 3.2% and the global economic growth forecast for 2023 is 2.7%, reducing by 0.2 percentage points compared to the July forecast. Revising its inflation forecasts upwards, the IMF stated that price increase of natural gas will be more severe in the European Region, where gas prices have increased fourfold since 2021, and revised its year-end global inflation forecast to 8.8% by increasing its year-end global inflation forecast by 0.5 points compared to the July forecast, and to 6.5% for 2023.

The Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), stated in its September Interim Period Economic Report that policy makers are faced with difficult decisions in the axis of slowing economic growth, inflationary pressure, risks in the energy markets caused by the Ukraine War and increasing uncertainties, , reminding that the world's economies last applied such monetary tightening 20 years ago. And the report points out that additional tightening measures must be taken in order to reduce inflation. While the strong recovery after the pandemic created strong projections for 2022 and 2023, a series of shocks caused by the Russia -Ukraine War and strict shutdown measures by China caused revisions in the OECD growth forecasts to be more radical in the European Region. The OECD stated that they forecasted the real global income for 2023 to be 2.8 trillion USD lower than the pre-war estimates, and they revised their global economic growth forecasts 3.0% for 2022 and 2.25% for 2023, The OECD stated that many economies reached the peak in inflation in the last thanks to monetary tightening measures and it revised inflation forecast by 8.2% in 2022 and by 6.5% in 2023 for the G20 economies.

In the current 2022 period, our expert, well-educated, devoted, young and dynamic employees are the carriers of our success. I would like to thank all our employees who contributed to our success and our shareholders who have never withhold their support.

Regards,

Hamad Abdulmohsen ALMARZOUQ  
Head of the BOD  
Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası

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**1.4 Message from the General Manager**

Dear Shareholders,

While global risks continue to increase in intensity, global growth forecasts continued to be revised downwards by all authorities and recession became an inevitable risk for many developed and developing economies. The Russia-Ukraine war, which we hope to end as soon as possible, has disrupted the post-epidemic normalization agendas of the countries, and policy makers have faced a series of new risks. Especially as a result of rising energy prices and geopolitical risks, global inflation is expected to last longer than predicted, and monetary tightening policies are waited to continue at an increasing rate.

The Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey (CBRT) reduced the one-week repo rate, which is the policy rate, to 10.5%, taking into account growth, employment and sustainable current account balance. The CBRT announced that ending the interest rate reduction cycle was put on the agenda after one last reduction decision was made.

Kuveyt Türk, Turkey's leading participation financial institution, has continued to offer innovative products and services to its customers as of the third quarter of 2022 by focusing on customer satisfaction and experience. It has solved the financial needs of its customers quickly and reliably through digital channels thanks to its strong technological infrastructure.

Kuveyt Türk, which has been providing interest-free financial services to its customers for 33 years with the products and services it has developed in line with the principles of participation finance, continued its steady growth by increasing its profitability in the third quarter of 2022 and increased its net profit by 548% compared to the same period last year to TL 9 billion 124 million. Kuveyt Türk's collected fund size increased by 45% YoY to TL 307 billion 956 million compared to 2021, while the size of funds disbursed increased by 48 percent to TL 182 billion 615 million. Having increased its shareholders' equity to TL 24 billion 351 million and its asset size to TL 365 billion, Kuveyt Türk maintained its 10th place in the banking sector while consolidating its first place among participation financial institutions in terms of asset size.

With its strong capital and liquidity structure, high asset quality, dynamic corporate governance approach, continuous development-oriented customer service model, ongoing investments in the field of technology, accelerated digital transformation efforts and overseas expansion, Kuveyt Türk aims to continue to be the leading institution of the participation finance sector in Turkey in the coming period.

Regards,

Ufuk UYAN  
Member of the BOD and General Manager  
Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası

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**1.5 Financial Position, Performance and Assessment of the Prospects for the Future**

As of 30 September 2022, consolidated financial statements asset size is TL 383 billion 397 million, amount of the utilization of funds is TL 193 billion 301 million and funds collected amount is TL 318 billion 552 million. Due to the effect of the first nine months' profit of TL 9 billion 803 million, the ratio of shareholder equity increased 127.92% by reaching TL 26 billion 186 million. As of 30 September 2022, consolidated capital adequacy ratio has been realized as 24.92%.

**1.6 Significant Events and Transactions Occurring During the Three Months Period**

The Group, KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş. has issued sukuk with a total nominal value of 2 billion 682 million TL, with a minimum 17.26% and a maximum 22.68% cost in different maturity brackets in seventeen separate transactions.

Our expectation that our Parent Bank will continue to develop in line with its growth and profitability targets continues.

**1.7 Assessment of the expectations related to the subsequent interim period**

The realization of price increases above the expected inflation rates caused by the Russia-Ukraine War has caused us to enter a period in which both developed and developing central banks have increased their appetite for interest rate hikes. While the expansionary monetary policies of the epidemic period, the economic embargoes imposed on Russia, the disruptions in the supply chain and the high volatility in the commodity and energy markets deepen the inflation risk, the decisions of policy makers against the risk of a possible recession in the fight against inflation and the effects of these risks on our country and global markets will continue to be closely monitored.